11+ Vocabulary Word List - Full Word Bank (2,000+ words)

Every word in our 11+ word bank, from the easiest to the hardest.

These lists are designed for general 11+ vocabulary preparation. Pick the size that fits your routine - smaller lists are easier to work through consistently; larger lists offer wider exposure. Each larger PDF includes everything in the smaller ones, plus more words.

Disclaimer: This is a general study aid for 11+ vocabulary practice. It is not affiliated with any exam board or school and does not guarantee coverage of words tested in your area. 11+ preparation and admissions vary by region and school.

Words run from easier to harder, so start at the top and work down at your own pace. The numbers make it easy to pick up where you left off.

How to use this sheet

For children
Use this sheet to learn and revise all the words. Keep it handy for quick refreshers.

For parents
Use this sheet to quiz your child: ask for the meaning of a word, or for an example sentence.

For the full online experience - word sets, learn, rounds, and review to help retention, visit 11plusvocabquest.co.uk. Keep this sheet handy for offline checks.

Word list

Words are listed from easier to harder, in three sections (easier, medium and harder words), with numbers for easy reference (for example assigning ranges by week). Meanings are short guides for revision - encourage your child to put each word into their own sentence.

Easier words

1. calm
free from excitement or anger
Example: The lake was calm, reflecting the clear sky above.

2. score
to get points in a game
Example: To win the match, the team must score more goals than their opponents.

3. shoulder

the joint connecting the arm to the body

Example: She carried the heavy bag over her shoulder as she walked home.

4. stomach

an organ that digests food

Example: After the feast, Emily's stomach felt quite full.

5. fact

a true statement or reality

Example: It is a fact that the Earth orbits the Sun.

6. soldier

a person who serves in the military

Example: The soldier bravely defended his country during the conflict.

7. neat

clean, tidy, and well-organised

Example: The neat arrangement of books on the shelf impressed the teacher.

8. dictionary

a book of words and meanings

Example: To improve her vocabulary, Emily often consulted her dictionary.

9. exciting

causing great enthusiasm or joy

Example: The thrilling roller coaster ride was truly exciting for everyone.

10. recycle

to process waste for reuse

Example: It is important to recycle materials to protect the environment.

11. competition

an event where people compete

Example: The competition for the science award was intense this year.

12. swallow

to cause food or drink to pass down the throat

Example: Ella had to swallow quickly to avoid choking on her meal.

13. queue

a line of people waiting

Example: The children stood in a queue to board the bus.

14. guard

to protect or defend someone

Example: The watchful guard stood at the entrance, ensuring everyone remained safe.

15. shrink

to become smaller in size

Example: When exposed to heat, the plastic will shrink considerably.

16. stretched

made longer or wider

Example: She stretched the rubber band until it almost snapped.

17. flatten

make something smooth and even

Example: We used a roller to flatten the dough.

18. thrilled
feeling intense excitement or pleasure
Example: She was thrilled to receive the award for her hard work.

19. lean
to bend towards something
Example: She decided to lean against the wall while waiting.

20. hilarious
extremely funny and entertaining
Example: The comedian's hilarious jokes had the entire audience laughing.

21. melody
a sequence of musical notes
Example: The melody of the song lingered in her mind long after it finished.

22. episode
a part of a series of shows
Example: We watched the latest episode of our favourite show.

23. receive
to get or accept something
Example: When she was called to the stage, Ella was excited to receive her award.

24. amusing
entertaining or funny
Example: The comedian's jokes were so amusing that everyone laughed out loud.

25. bruise
an injury causing discolouration
Example: After the fall, she had a deep bruise on her leg.

26. unbelievable
too strange or amazing to believe
Example: The magician's trick was unbelievable.

27. hoof
the hard foot of an animal like a horse
Example: The horse carefully stepped over the rocky path, each hoof striking the ground steadily.

28. foal
a young horse
Example: The foal trotted happily alongside its mother in the sunlit pasture.

29. dim
not bright or clear
Example: The room was so dim that I could barely see the books on the shelves.

30. enormous
very large in size or amount
Example: The enormous elephant wandered across the savannah, captivating the nearby tourists.

31. panic
sudden uncontrollable fear or anxiety
Example: In the face of danger, she felt a surge of panic and froze in place.

32. curious
eager to learn or know something

Example: The curious child asked many questions about the stars.

33. ancient
very old or from a long time ago
Example: The ancient tree had been there for centuries.

34. argument
a disagreement or debate
Example: The argument between the teams was intense but respectful.

35. disappointed
feeling sad due to unmet expectations
Example: She was disappointed when her favourite band cancelled the concert.

36. vanish
to disappear suddenly or completely
Example: As the sun set over the horizon, the light began to vanish from the sky.

37. foreign
from another country or place
Example: The foreign student quickly adapted to life in the UK.

38. interrupt
to stop someone while speaking
Example: It's rude to interrupt someone during a presentation.

39. symbol
a mark or character representing something
Example: The dove is a powerful symbol of peace in many cultures.

40. contest
a competition for a prize
Example: The school held a contest to find the best essay writer.

41. avoid
to keep away from or prevent
Example: To achieve her goals, she tried to avoid distractions during her studies.

42. organise
arrange things in a neat order
Example: We need to organise the books by size.

43. limit
a point beyond which something cannot go
Example: The teacher set a limit on the number of pages for the assignment.

44. wander
move around without a specific goal
Example: He likes to wander through the forest.

45. release
to allow something to be free
Example: The artist decided to release her new album to the public.

46. chameleon
a lizard that changes colour
Example: The chameleon sat on the branch, perfectly blending in with the leaves.

47. rare
not common or frequently found
Example: The rare bird was spotted only once in the park.

48. joyous
full of joy and happiness
Example: The joyous celebration brought the community together in harmony.

49. delightful
causing great pleasure or joy
Example: The delightful aroma of freshly baked cookies filled the room.

50. distant
far away in space or time
Example: The distant mountains were shrouded in mist and mystery.

51. predator
an animal that hunts other animals
Example: The tiger is a powerful predator in the jungle.

52. just
only or simply; nothing more
Example: She wanted just a moment of your time to explain.

53. description
a detailed account of something
Example: The description of the painting captivated everyone in the gallery.

54. company
a business or organisation
Example: The new company will provide jobs for many local residents.

55. terrify
to cause someone to feel very scared
Example: The loud thunderstorm can terrify dogs.

56. mysterious
difficult to understand or explain
Example: The dark figure in the shadows was utterly mysterious, leaving everyone curious about its identity.

57. thoughtful
showing consideration for others
Example: She wrote a thoughtful note to her friend, showing she cared.

58. attempt
to try to do something
Example: She made an attempt to solve the complex puzzle, showing great perseverance.

59. refuse
to indicate that one will not accept
Example: Despite the tempting offer, she chose to refuse the invitation to the party.

60. programme
a planned series of events or activities
Example: The school will implement a new programme to enhance student learning.

61. loneliness
the state of being alone

Example: Her loneliness was palpable in the crowded room.

62. appearance

the way someone or something looks

Example: The appearance of the painting captivated all the visitors in the gallery.

63. wasteful

using more than necessary

Example: Her wasteful spending on luxury items raised concerns among her friends.

64. outstanding

very good or impressive

Example: Her painting was outstanding and won first prize.

65. embarrass

to cause someone to feel awkward

Example: The unexpected question from the teacher began to embarrass Lucy in front of her classmates.

66. cemetery

a place for burying the dead

Example: The old cemetery was filled with ancient stones and whispered stories.

67. expert

a person with specialised knowledge

Example: The chef is an expert in French cuisine, preparing meals with precision.

68. harbour

a place where ships dock safely

Example: The fisherman returned to the harbour after a long day at sea.

69. habitat

natural home of an organism

Example: The rainforest provides a unique habitat for countless species.

70. whining

making a high-pitched complaining sound

Example: The dog's whining became unbearable during the storm.

71. heroic

showing great courage and bravery

Example: The heroic actions of the firefighters saved many lives during the blaze.

72. limb

an arm or a leg of a person

Example: The athlete injured his limb during the competition.

73. stubborn

unwilling to change one's mind

Example: Despite the teacher's advice, Emma remained stubborn about her decision.

74. fragile

easily broken or damaged

Example: The fragile vase broke when it fell.

75. average

the typical amount or value

Example: The average score on the test was surprisingly high.

76. pride
a feeling of deep satisfaction
Example: She felt pride after finishing her project.

77. pronounce
to say a word correctly
Example: Teachers often ask students to pronounce difficult words clearly.

78. embrace
to hold someone closely
Example: At the reunion, Sarah couldn't wait to embrace her long-lost friend.

79. community
a group sharing common interests
Example: The community came together to support local businesses during the crisis.

80. magnetic
having the power to attract iron
Example: The magnetic charm of the city drew many visitors to its historic sites.

81. adore
to love deeply and cherish
Example: Many young readers adore the magical stories of fantasy.

82. halt
to stop or cease movement
Example: The teacher asked the class to halt their chatter during the lesson.

83. develop
to grow or cause to grow
Example: As students study, they begin to develop critical thinking skills.

84. plump
having a round and full shape
Example: The plump little bird perched happily on the branch.

85. loyal
faithful to someone or something
Example: The loyal dog stayed by its owner's side through all challenges.

86. mischief
playful misbehaviour or troublemaking
Example: Despite his mischief, the teacher couldn't help but smile at Jake's antics.

87. pleasing
giving satisfaction or enjoyment
Example: The pleasing aroma of freshly baked bread filled the kitchen.

88. uncaring
not showing concern or kindness
Example: The uncaring attitude of the staff baffled the concerned parents.

89. sculpture
a three-dimensional artwork
Example: The museum displayed an impressive sculpture made of marble.

90. stupidity
lack of intelligence or common sense

Example: His decision to dive into the freezing water was pure stupidity.

91. approve
to agree or accept something
Example: The teacher chose to approve the new school policy after careful consideration.

92. whirl
move quickly around in a circle
Example: The leaves began to whirl in the wind.

93. fable
a short story teaching a lesson
Example: The fable of the tortoise and the hare teaches patience.

94. hinge
a joint allowing movement of a door
Example: The old door creaked as it swung on its rusty hinge.

95. opportunity
a chance to do something beneficial
Example: The competition provided a great opportunity for the students to showcase their talents.

96. imaginative
full of new and creative ideas
Example: Her imaginative story won the writing contest.

97. weep
to cry or shed tears
Example: She began to weep when she lost her toy.

98. reveal
to make something known or visible
Example: The magician will reveal his greatest trick at the end of the show.

99. abandon
to leave something behind
Example: The family had to abandon their home due to the flood.

100. flee
to run away from danger
Example: In the face of danger, the villagers had to flee their homes for safety.

101. gloomy
dark or sad in atmosphere
Example: The weather was so gloomy that we decided to stay indoors.

102. charming
delightful or pleasing personality
Example: The charming village attracted visitors from all over the country.

103. sturdy
strong and solid in structure
Example: The sturdy table withstood the weight of the heavy books.

104. confess
to admit doing something wrong
Example: She had to confess that she broke the vase.

105. sensible
showing good judgement and understanding
Example: Choosing to wear a coat on a cold day is sensible.

106. investigate
to examine or study closely
Example: The detective was assigned to investigate the mysterious disappearance.

107. faint
to almost lose consciousness
Example: After sprinting up the hill, Liam felt so faint he had to sit down.

108. awkward
causing or feeling embarrassment or inconvenience
Example: She felt awkward when she dropped her lunch tray.

109. responsibility
an obligation to take care of something
Example: She felt a strong sense of responsibility towards her younger siblings.

110. device
a tool or instrument for a specific purpose
Example: The scientist used a sophisticated device to conduct the experiment.

111. amphibian
creature living both on land and water
Example: The frog is a well-known amphibian that thrives in wet environments.

112. compliment
a polite expression of praise
Example: She received a lovely compliment on her artwork during the exhibition.

113. estimate
to judge the value or amount of something
Example: To get a better understanding, we need to estimate the cost of the project.

114. creek
a small stream of water
Example: The children played by the creek, enjoying the gentle sounds of nature.

115. legal
about the rules or laws
Example: She wants to be a legal expert when she grows up.

116. government
the group in power for a country
Example: The government introduced new policies to improve education.

117. absence
the state of being away or not present
Example: The absence of evidence made it hard to convict him.

118. convince
to make someone believe or agree
Example: The teacher tried to convince the students of the importance of studying.

119. brief
lasting for a short time

Example: The teacher gave a brief explanation before the test.

120. sly
clever and sneaky to trick others
Example: The sly fox tricked the other animals.

121. environment
the surrounding conditions affecting life
Example: The environment plays a crucial role in our health and wellbeing.

122. extreme
very great or severe
Example: The extreme heat made it hard to play outside.

123. article
a piece of writing in a publication
Example: The article provided a thorough analysis of climate change.

124. catapult
a device for launching objects
Example: The catapult launched the rock over the wall.

125. gravity
the force attracting objects to Earth
Example: Scientists study gravity to understand how planets move in space.

126. alert
watchful and ready for danger
Example: The teacher remained alert during the test to prevent cheating.

127. sow
to put seeds into the ground
Example: Farmers sow seeds in spring for a good harvest.

128. satisfying
causing pleasure or contentment
Example: The well-prepared meal was truly satisfying to everyone at the table.

129. deserted
empty and without people
Example: The old house looked deserted and lonely.

130. comforting
providing a sense of relief or solace
Example: The comforting words from her friend eased her worries during the challenging times.

131. errand
a short journey to complete a task
Example: Mia had to run an errand to buy milk for dinner.

132. pester
annoy someone repeatedly
Example: My little brother likes to pester me during homework.

133. combination
a joining or merging of different things
Example: The combination of colours in her painting was stunning and unique.

134. chaos
a state of complete disorder
Example: The chaos in the classroom made it difficult to focus on the lesson.

135. storey
a level or floor in a building
Example: Our house has two storeys.

136. texture
the feel or appearance of a surface
Example: The artist paid careful attention to the texture of the canvas.

137. scamper
to run quickly with small steps
Example: The rabbit scampered across the field.

138. clutter
a messy or disorganised collection
Example: The clutter in her room made it hard to find anything.

139. veil
a piece of cloth worn over the face
Example: The bride wore a beautiful veil on her wedding day.

140. imitate
to copy someone or something
Example: To excel in art, one must learn to imitate the great masters.

141. assistance
help or support provided to someone
Example: The teacher offered her assistance to students struggling with their work.

142. elect
to choose someone for a position
Example: The committee decided to elect a new chairperson for the upcoming year.

143. rowdy
noisy and causing disorder
Example: The rowdy crowd cheered loudly at the game.

144. caution
care taken to avoid danger
Example: She approached the hazardous area with great caution.

145. debate
a formal discussion on a topic
Example: The students engaged in a lively debate about climate change.

146. forbid
to refuse to allow something
Example: The teacher decided to forbid the use of mobile phones during the exam.

147. fashionable
popular and in style right now
Example: Her new shoes are very fashionable.

148. restless
unable to rest or relax

Example: The restless child couldn't sit still during the long lecture.

149. collide
to crash into each other
Example: The two cars will collide if they don't brake soon enough.

150. bargain
an agreement for a good deal
Example: She managed to bargain effectively for a lower price on the new phone.

151. plunge
to fall or jump suddenly
Example: With a splash, the children decided to plunge into the cool water.

152. traitor
a person who betrays trust
Example: The king labelled him a traitor for revealing the plans.

153. forecast
predict future weather conditions
Example: The meteorologist provided an accurate forecast for the upcoming week.

154. system
a set of connected parts or elements
Example: The solar system is a vast and intricate arrangement of celestial bodies.

155. courageous
being brave in difficult situations
Example: The courageous firefighter saved the child from the blazing building.

156. erasable
able to be removed or deleted
Example: The erasable markers are perfect for drawings that need adjusting.

157. humorous
funny or entertaining
Example: The comedian's humorous remarks kept the audience laughing throughout the show.

158. drift
to move slowly or aimlessly
Example: As the boat began to drift, they realised they were far from shore.

159. empire
a group of countries under one authority
Example: The Roman empire was once one of the largest in history.

160. inhale
to breathe in air or gas
Example: Before diving into the pool, she took a moment to inhale deeply and steady herself.

161. deny
to refuse to accept or admit something
Example: Despite the evidence, she chose to deny the accusations against her.

162. anxious
feeling worried or nervous
Example: She felt anxious about the upcoming exam results.

163. irritate
make someone feel annoyed or upset
Example: Loud noises can irritate some people.

164. suspect
to believe something is true without proof
Example: The detective began to suspect that the alibi was false.

165. boastful
showing pride in oneself
Example: His boastful nature often alienated his friends.

166. accuse
to say someone did something wrong
Example: The teacher decided to accuse the student of cheating after catching him with answers.

167. glimpse
a brief look or view
Example: As she walked by, he caught a glimpse of her radiant smile.

168. daring
willing to take risks
Example: Her daring decision to climb the mountain impressed everyone.

169. aggressive
ready to attack or confront
Example: The aggressive dog barked loudly at the strangers approaching.

170. roam
move around without a specific plan
Example: The dog likes to roam the fields freely.

171. grate
to reduce to small shreds
Example: To prepare the salad, she decided to grate the carrots finely.

172. exclaim
to cry out suddenly or loudly
Example: She couldn't help but exclaim in surprise when she saw the gift.

173. extraordinary
very unusual or remarkable
Example: The magician's extraordinary performance left the audience in awe.

174. temper
a person's emotional state or mood
Example: Despite her warm smile, her temper could flare up unexpectedly.

175. lukewarm
a little warm, not hot or cold
Example: The bathwater was lukewarm, so I added more hot water.

176. assemble
to gather things together
Example: In science class, we will assemble the model to understand its structure.

177. audition
a trial performance to assess talent

Example: The actress prepared diligently for her audition to impress the casting directors.

178. drought
a prolonged period of abnormally low rainfall
Example: The severe drought left the once lush fields barren and cracked.

179. transfer
to move something from one place to another
Example: She will transfer the books to the new shelf.

180. auditorium
large room for events or performances
Example: The school held a play in the auditorium.

181. rural
related to the countryside or farms
Example: The rural landscape was dotted with charming cottages and fields.

182. dependable
able to be trusted or relied on
Example: My dog is very dependable and always listens.

183. frequent
occurring often or regularly
Example: The frequent rain caused the match to be postponed.

184. heartless
lacking compassion or sympathy
Example: The heartless decision shocked everyone in the community.

185. singular
referring to one person or thing
Example: Her singular talent in music set her apart from her peers.

186. justice
fair treatment and judgement
Example: The court aims to ensure that justice is served in every case.

187. keen
having a strong interest or enthusiasm
Example: Maria was keen to explore the ancient ruins during her trip.

188. exploration
travelling through a new place to learn
Example: The explorers went on an exploration of the jungle.

189. digest
to break down food for absorption
Example: After eating a large meal, it takes time for the body to digest the food properly.

190. savoury
pleasantly salty or spicy flavour
Example: The savoury aroma from the kitchen made everyone hungry.

191. ferocious
savagely fierce or cruel
Example: The ferocious storm caused extensive damage to the coastal town.

192. pronunciation
the way a word is spoken
Example: Her pronunciation of the foreign words impressed her teachers greatly.

193. remainder
what is left after part is taken
Example: After the party, the remainder of the cake was stored for later.

194. overpower
to defeat or control completely
Example: The knight managed to overpower the dragon.

195. gratitude
the quality of being thankful
Example: Her gratitude for the help was evident in her smile.

196. benefit
an advantage or profit gained.
Example: Receiving a scholarship can greatly benefit a student's education.

197. vast
extremely large in size or amount
Example: The vast desert stretched endlessly towards the horizon.

198. dazzling
extremely bright or impressive
Example: The dazzling performance left the audience in awe.

199. distraction
something that pulls attention away
Example: The loud noise became a major distraction during the test.

200. secure
to make safe or protected
Example: She worked hard to secure her place in the competition.

201. companion
a person who shares experiences with another
Example: Having a loyal companion made her adventures all the more enjoyable.

202. inspire
to fill with the urge to do something
Example: The teacher aimed to inspire her students to reach their full potential.

203. offend
to cause someone to feel upset
Example: His thoughtless comments may offend those who are sensitive.

204. nuisance
a person or thing causing inconvenience
Example: The construction noise was a constant nuisance during exam preparation.

205. stray
to wander away from a group or path
Example: The puppy strayed from the backyard.

206. contagious
able to be spread from person to person

Example: The contagious disease spread rapidly through the school.

207. desperate

feeling hopeless or in urgent need

Example: In a desperate attempt to save his team, Mark called for reinforcements.

208. citizen

a member of a country

Example: As a responsible citizen, Maria actively participated in community service.

209. attentive

paying close attention

Example: The attentive student listened carefully to the teacher's instructions.

210. cautious

being very careful to avoid danger or problems

Example: The cautious cat slowly approached the new toy.

211. advance

to move forward in position or progress

Example: To succeed in life, one must advance their skills continuously.

212. resist

to fight against or oppose

Example: She had to resist the temptation to cheat during the exam.

213. affectionate

showing warm feelings or love

Example: The affectionate puppy warmed everyone's hearts with its playful nature.

214. rummage

to search through something actively

Example: She decided to rummage through the attic in search of old photographs.

215. cunning

having clever tricks or skills

Example: The cunning fox managed to outsmart the farmer's traps.

216. exaggerate

to overstate or make something seem larger

Example: She tended to exaggerate her achievements during conversations.

217. resort

a place for relaxation or recreation

Example: During the summer, the family often visits their favourite resort by the sea.

218. optional

not required, available to choose

Example: Students can choose optional subjects based on their interests.

219. homophone

words that sound alike but differ in meaning

Example: In English, 'sea' and 'see' are examples of homophones.

220. summit

the highest point of a mountain

Example: The climbers reached the summit after a long journey.

221. disastrous
causing great damage or harm
Example: The disastrous flood left the town in ruins, prompting an urgent rescue effort.

222. extended
made larger or longer in time
Example: The project had an extended deadline to ensure quality work.

223. persuade
to convince someone to do something
Example: The teacher tried to persuade her students to read more books.

224. insane
mentally ill or unhinged
Example: The plot of the book was so insane that it kept readers on the edge of their seats.

225. extinction
the end of a species or group
Example: The extinction of the dinosaurs remains a fascinating topic for scientists.

226. convenient
suitable or easy to use
Example: The new bus route is convenient for students and saves time.

227. frightful
causing fear or dread
Example: The frightful storm kept everyone awake at night.

228. interfere
to meddle in someone else's affairs
Example: It is important not to interfere in others' personal matters without invitation.

229. edible
suitable for eating
Example: The chef assured us that the wild mushrooms were completely edible and safe to eat.

230. mercy
compassion shown towards offenders
Example: The judge showed mercy to the defendant by giving a lighter sentence.

231. enchant
to attract and delight someone
Example: The magician's performance did not merely entertain; it seemed to enchant the entire audience.

232. profit
financial gain from business activities
Example: The company reported a significant profit this quarter, boosting investor confidence.

233. merchant
a person who buys and sells goods
Example: The merchant displayed his finest wares at the market.

234. criticise
say something is wrong or bad
Example: She will criticise his messy room.

235. evacuate
to leave a place for safety

Example: During the fire drill, the teacher instructed the students to evacuate the building calmly.

236. comical

funny or amusing in a ridiculous way

Example: The comical antics of the clown had everyone in stitches.

237. inaccurate

not correct or precise

Example: The data was deemed inaccurate, leading to flawed conclusions.

238. retreat

to withdraw from a difficult situation

Example: When faced with overwhelming odds, the army had to retreat to safety.

239. anagram

a word formed by rearranging letters

Example: Creating an anagram can be a fun word puzzle challenge.

240. flimsy

easily broken or damaged

Example: The flimsy tent couldn't withstand the strong winds overnight.

241. retrieve

to get something back

Example: She was determined to retrieve her lost book from the library.

242. demolished

to completely destroy or tear down

Example: The old factory was demolished to make way for new homes.

243. secretive

tending to keep secrets or be hidden

Example: The secretive nature of the project made everyone curious.

244. contrast

the difference between two things

Example: The contrast between the dark clouds and the blue sky was striking.

245. idol

a person admired greatly

Example: Many teenagers look up to their favourite sports stars as idols.

246. conceal

to hide or keep something secret

Example: She tried to conceal her excitement before the surprise party.

247. skim

read quickly to understand main ideas

Example: I skim the book to find the main points.

248. sacred

connected to religion or worship

Example: The ancient trees in the forest were considered sacred by the villagers.

249. depressing

causing a feeling of sadness

Example: The news was so depressing that it affected everyone's mood.

250. recite
to repeat aloud from memory
Example: In class, she was asked to recite a poem she had learned.

251. jittery
nervous or anxious
Example: She felt jittery before giving her presentation in front of the class.

252. definite
clearly defined or determined
Example: The teacher gave a definite deadline for the project submission.

253. twilight
the soft light before nightfall
Example: The stars began to twinkle in the twilight sky, creating a magical atmosphere.

254. desire
a strong feeling of wanting something
Example: Her desire to excel in her studies motivated her to work hard.

255. declare
to announce something officially
Example: The student decided to declare her intention to apply for the scholarship.

256. commotion
a noisy disturbance or confusion
Example: The commotion in the hallway distracted everyone during the exam.

257. practical
useful and applicable in real situations
Example: In her project, Emily proposed a practical solution to the problem.

258. deposit
to place money in a bank account
Example: In order to secure the house, Sarah made a substantial deposit.

259. deceive
to make someone believe something false
Example: It is never right to deceive others for personal gain.

260. exclude
to keep someone or something out
Example: They decided to exclude him from the game.

261. parallel
extending in the same direction and distance apart
Example: The two roads run parallel to each other for miles.

262. interior
the inside part of something
Example: The interior of the house was cosy and warm.

263. gesture
a movement to show an idea or feeling
Example: She waved her hand as a friendly gesture.

264. nimble
quick and light in movement

Example: The nimble dancer moved gracefully across the stage.

265. dehydrated
having lost water or moisture
Example: After playing outside, he felt dehydrated.

266. simile
a figure of speech comparing two things
Example: The author used a simile to vividly describe the storm.

267. corpse
a dead body
Example: The detective discovered a corpse hidden in the abandoned house.

268. severe
very serious or extreme in nature
Example: The severe weather conditions caused many delays in travel.

269. stern
strict and serious in manner
Example: The teacher had a stern expression as she addressed the class.

270. monarch
a king or queen who rules a country
Example: The monarch waved to the crowd from the balcony.

271. parliament
the supreme legislative body in the UK
Example: The parliament debated several important issues last week.

272. betray
to be disloyal or reveal secrets
Example: It was the greatest disappointment when she chose to betray her friend's trust.

273. reserve
to keep something for future use
Example: The school decided to reserve a special room for the science fair.

274. majestic
having grandeur and beauty
Example: The view from the mountain was so majestic that it took my breath away.

275. fleet
a group of ships or vehicles
Example: The fleet of ships sailed smoothly across the ocean.

276. peculiar
strange or unusual in behaviour
Example: The peculiar painting caught everyone's attention at the gallery.

277. poultry
domestic birds raised for food
Example: The farmer decided to expand his poultry operations to include ducks and turkeys.

278. artificial
made by humans, not natural
Example: The artificial flowers looked so realistic that no one could tell they weren't real.

279. punctual
arriving or happening on time
Example: Being punctual is important for maintaining a good reputation at school.

280. indestructible
impossible to break or destroy
Example: The superhero's shield is indestructible.

281. sincerely
in a genuine and honest way
Example: She sincerely thanked her teacher for the help.

282. guarantee
a promise that something will happen
Example: The company offered a guarantee of quality for their products.

283. clench
to tighten or squeeze firmly
Example: She would clench her fists in frustration during the argument.

284. vapour
a gas that is visible in the air
Example: The vapour rising from the tea created a warm atmosphere in the room.

285. eclipse
the obscuring of one celestial body by another
Example: During the solar eclipse, the moon obscured the sun's light remarkably.

286. conflict
a serious disagreement or argument
Example: The conflict between the two teams was intense.

287. blissful
extremely happy and full of joy
Example: The family enjoyed a blissful day at the beach, filled with laughter and sunshine.

288. recline
lean or lie back comfortably
Example: She likes to recline in her chair after school.

289. weary
feeling tired or exhausted
Example: After studying for hours, Emily felt weary and needed a break.

290. tender
showing kindness and care
Example: The tender nurse comforted the crying child.

291. rigid
not flexible or adaptable
Example: The rigid rules of the competition frustrated many participants.

292. lame
weak and unconvincing
Example: Tom's lame excuse for being late didn't fool anyone.

293. sacrifice
to give up something valuable for others

Example: Many heroes make a sacrifice for their community's safety.

294. flawless

without any mistakes or imperfections

Example: The artist created a flawless sculpture that amazed everyone.

295. foe

an enemy or opponent

Example: The knight faced his foe bravely.

296. quarantine

to isolate to prevent disease spread

Example: During the pandemic, many were placed in quarantine to ensure safety.

297. transparent

able to see through

Example: The classroom's windows were so transparent that sunlight flooded in.

298. disturbing

causing anxiety or worry

Example: The disturbing news left everyone feeling anxious and uncertain.

299. frantic

wildly excited or anxious

Example: In a frantic rush to catch the bus, Emily forgot her backpack at home.

300. editor

a person who revises written content

Example: The editor worked diligently to improve the manuscript before publication.

301. devour

to eat something eagerly or greedily

Example: After the long hike, she could hardly wait to devour her meal.

302. outrageous

shockingly bad or excessive

Example: The prices at the event were absolutely outrageous, leaving everyone speechless.

303. conclude

to bring something to an end

Example: After careful consideration, the committee decided to conclude the meeting early.

304. unforgiving

not willing to forgive mistakes

Example: The unforgiving terrain made it difficult for hikers to navigate.

305. regretful

feeling sad about a past decision

Example: She felt regretful after missing the opportunity to join her friends on the trip.

306. scenic

having pleasing views or landscapes

Example: The scenic route through the mountains was breathtakingly beautiful.

307. expose

to show something hidden or secret

Example: The magician exposed the secret behind the trick.

308. fatal
resulting in death or disaster
Example: The detective was aware that a fatal error could endanger lives.

309. triumphant
feeling or expressing joy after a victory
Example: The team was triumphant, celebrating their hard-earned victory.

310. encounter
to meet someone by surprise
Example: I encountered a deer while hiking.

311. bulky
large and difficult to handle
Example: The bulky package was hard to carry up the stairs.

312. odour
a distinctive smell
Example: The odour of freshly baked bread filled the kitchen.

313. proverb
a short, well-known saying
Example: The proverb teaches us that honesty is the best policy.

314. stoop
to bend your body forward or down
Example: He had to stoop to pick up the ball.

315. slogan
a catchy phrase promoting an idea
Example: The new advertising campaign featured a memorable slogan that resonated with the audience.

316. crisis
a time of great trouble or danger
Example: The flood caused a crisis in the town.

317. feeble
lacking physical strength or force
Example: The feeble attempt to lift the box was met with laughter.

318. contribute
to give or add something helpful
Example: Every student is encouraged to contribute their ideas during group discussions.

319. expel
to force someone to leave
Example: The school decided to expel the student for repeated misconduct.

320. ambition
a strong desire to succeed
Example: Her ambition to become a doctor inspired her studies.

321. vow
a serious promise or commitment
Example: She made a vow to help others throughout her life.

322. fragrant
having a pleasant smell

Example: The fragrant flowers filled the garden with a lovely aroma.

323. worthy
having value or merit
Example: The charity made a worthy contribution to the community.

324. bickering
arguing about petty matters
Example: The siblings were bickering over who would use the computer first.

325. cherished
deeply valued and loved
Example: She held her cherished memories close to her heart.

326. intense
having strong force or feelings
Example: The intense heat of the sun made the day feel exhausting.

327. fund
to provide money for a purpose
Example: The school decided to fund new educational programmes to enhance learning.

328. astonishment
a feeling of great surprise
Example: The audience watched in astonishment as the magician performed his final trick.

329. commercial
related to business or trade
Example: The commercial success of the film surprised everyone involved.

330. remedy
a cure or treatment for a problem
Example: The doctor prescribed a remedy for her persistent cough.

331. restore
to bring something back to its original condition
Example: The community worked together to restore the old library to its former glory.

332. replica
a copy or reproduction of something
Example: The museum displayed a stunning replica of the ancient artefact.

333. brittle
easily broken or fragile
Example: The brittle twig snapped under my foot.

334. bustling
lively and full of activity
Example: The bustling market was filled with cheerful shoppers and vibrant vendors.

335. reputation
the beliefs or opinions about someone
Example: Her reputation for kindness made her popular among her peers.

336. constant
not changing or varying
Example: The constant hum of the machines was distracting during the exam.

337. idle
not active or not working
Example: The idle machine in the corner has not been used for weeks.

338. catastrophe
a sudden disaster or event causing great damage
Example: The unexpected flood was a catastrophe for the town, leaving many families homeless.

339. fragment
a small part broken off something
Example: The teacher asked us to piece together the fragment of the ancient text.

340. rant
to speak or shout in a loud way
Example: During the meeting, she began to rant about the new policy changes.

341. wither
to become dry and shrivelled
Example: Without water, the plants began to wither under the hot sun.

342. permit
to allow someone to do something
Example: The school will permit students to use calculators in the exam.

343. banish
to send someone away permanently
Example: The ruler decided to banish the traitor from the kingdom forever.

344. stammer
speak with pauses or repeats
Example: He began to stammer when he was nervous.

345. pamper
to treat with excessive care and attention
Example: She decided to pamper herself with a spa day after a long week.

346. conserve
to protect or save resources
Example: It is important to conserve water during a drought.

347. candidate
a person being considered for a position
Example: The candidate presented a strong argument for her proposal during the debate.

348. canopy
an overhead covering of foliage
Example: The forest's canopy filtered the sunlight, creating a tranquil atmosphere.

349. temptation
a desire to do something wrong
Example: The temptation to skip homework was strong, but she resisted.

350. dawdle
to waste time doing nothing
Example: While others finished their assignments, Sarah chose to dawdle instead.

351. barbarian
a person from a primitive culture

Example: In ancient times, the Romans often viewed the barbarian tribes as threats to their empire.

352. obnoxious

extremely unpleasant or offensive

Example: The obnoxious behaviour of the crowd made the event unenjoyable.

353. assortment

a collection of different things

Example: The bakery offered an assortment of pastries for the event.

354. appreciate

to recognise the full worth of

Example: She truly appreciates the hard work of her teammates on the project.

355. excursion

a short trip or outing

Example: Our class went on an excursion to the zoo.

356. grotto

a small cave or cavern

Example: The children discovered a hidden grotto filled with sparkling water.

357. seize

to take hold of suddenly

Example: The detective hoped to seize the important evidence before it was destroyed.

358. conveyor

a machine that moves items

Example: The conveyor carried boxes efficiently across the factory.

359. equality

state of being the same or fair

Example: The teacher ensured equality in the classroom.

360. quiver

to shake slightly from fear or cold

Example: She began to quiver when she heard the thunder.

361. uproar

a loud and confused noise

Example: The crowd's uproar could be heard from far away.

362. analyse

look closely at something to understand it

Example: We need to analyse the data carefully.

363. taunt

to make fun of someone meanly

Example: During the match, the rival team began to taunt our players, trying to provoke them.

364. hasty

done quickly without careful thinking

Example: She made a hasty decision without thinking.

365. willpower

the ability to control oneself

Example: With strong willpower, she managed to resist the dessert temptation.

366. rank
a position in a hierarchy
Example: In the army, his rank determined his responsibilities and authority.

367. determine
to figure out or establish
Example: The scientists needed to determine the cause of the anomaly.

368. bland
lacking strong flavour or character
Example: The soup was so bland that I added spices to enhance its taste.

369. accompany
to go along with someone or something
Example: The teacher will accompany the students on their trip to the museum.

370. pleasurable
giving enjoyment or satisfaction
Example: The warm sun and gentle breeze made the afternoon truly pleasurable.

371. vague
not clear or definite
Example: Her explanation was so vague that I couldn't understand the details.

372. archaeology
the study of ancient cultures through artefacts
Example: In archaeology class, we learned about the ancient Egyptians by studying their pottery.

373. sociable
enjoying company and interaction with others
Example: Emma was always sociable at parties, making new friends easily.

374. revive
to bring back to life or consciousness
Example: The medical team worked diligently to revive the injured athlete.

375. enrage
to make someone very angry
Example: The constant noise from the construction site began to enrage the residents nearby.

376. emerge
to come into view or existence
Example: As the fog lifted, the mountains began to emerge in the distance.

377. equip
to provide with necessary items
Example: It is essential to equip every student with the tools for success.

378. nauseous
feeling sick or inclined to vomit
Example: After eating the spoiled food, Maria felt nauseous and had to lie down.

379. significant
important and worthy of notice
Example: The significant changes in the environment prompted a public outcry.

380. pledge
a serious promise to do something

Example: She made a pledge to help her friend.

381. strut
to walk with a proud, stiff gait
Example: The peacock began to strut around the garden, showing off its feathers.

382. hurdle
a problem or challenge to overcome
Example: She faced a big hurdle in finishing her project.

383. bolt
to run away quickly and suddenly
Example: The rabbit bolted into the bushes when it heard a noise.

384. humble
low in status or importance
Example: Despite her achievements, she remained humble and approachable.

385. sympathise
feel or show understanding for someone
Example: She sympathised with her friend who was sad.

386. renewable
able to be replaced naturally
Example: Solar power is a renewable source of energy that benefits the environment.

387. eliminate
to remove something completely
Example: We need to eliminate all the mistakes.

388. festivity
a cheerful celebration or event
Example: The town's annual festivity brought everyone together in joy.

389. craving
intense desire for something
Example: She had a craving for chocolate after school.

390. profession
a paid occupation or career
Example: Sarah chose teaching as her profession because she loves helping others learn.

391. committee
a group of people designated for a task
Example: The committee met to discuss the upcoming changes to the school policy.

392. legible
clear enough to read
Example: The teacher's handwriting was legible on the board.

393. congested
blocked or overloaded with traffic
Example: The roads were so congested that we arrived late to the event.

394. eavesdrop
secretly listen to someone else's talk
Example: He tried to eavesdrop on their conversation.

395. origin
the point where something begins
Example: The origin of the river can be traced back to the mountains.

396. loot
steal things during a chaotic event
Example: The pirates looted the village after the storm.

397. radiant
shining very brightly
Example: The sun looked radiant in the clear sky.

398. populated
having a large number of people living in it
Example: The town is densely populated during the summer months.

399. pioneer
a person who explores or develops new areas
Example: As a pioneer in renewable energy, she transformed the way we think about power.

400. depot
a place for storing vehicles or goods
Example: The bus depot was bustling with activity early in the morning.

401. appetising
appealing to the taste or smell
Example: The chef's new dish was so appetising that everyone wanted to try it.

402. measly
very small or inadequate amount
Example: The measly portion of food left everyone still hungry after dinner.

403. content
satisfied or pleased
Example: She felt content after completing her homework early.

404. satin
a glossy fabric often used in clothing
Example: The dress was beautifully made of satin, making it shimmer in the light.

405. evolve
to develop gradually over time
Example: As society continues to evolve, new ideas emerge.

406. amateur
a person who engages in a hobby
Example: Despite being an amateur, Clara painted with remarkable skill.

407. vacant
not occupied or filled
Example: The vacant house stood silently at the end of the street.

408. recount
to tell a story or describe events
Example: In her essay, she chose to recount the events of the summer camp.

409. avenge
to get back at someone for a wrong

Example: She wanted to avenge her friend's hurt feelings.

410. convert

to change something into a different form

Example: The engineer needed to convert the original design into a digital format.

411. sane

mentally healthy and reasonable

Example: Despite the chaos around him, he remained calm and sane.

412. altitude

height above sea level

Example: The aeroplane reached a high altitude as it flew over the mountains.

413. burden

a heavy load or responsibility

Example: The burden of his responsibilities weighed heavily on him.

414. reel

to wind something onto a spool

Example: As the fisherman caught a big fish, he had to reel it in quickly.

415. labour

work, especially physical effort

Example: The team put in a great deal of labour to complete the project on time.

416. apprentice

a person learning a trade or skill

Example: As an apprentice, Sarah eagerly absorbed all the skills from her mentor.

417. protagonist

the main character in a story

Example: In the novel, the protagonist struggles against overwhelming odds to achieve his dreams.

418. hoard

to collect and store valuable items

Example: The dragon was known to hoard gold and treasures in its cave.

419. confront

to face a problem or challenge bravely

Example: She decided to confront her fear of heights.

420. adopt

to take up or start to use

Example: The school decided to adopt a new policy to improve learning.

421. leisure

time for relaxation or enjoyment

Example: During the summer holidays, Emma enjoyed her leisure time by reading books in the park.

422. superior

higher in quality or status

Example: Her superior skills in mathematics helped her excel in the exam.

423. intention

a plan or purpose to do something

Example: Her intention was to help her friend with the project.

424. wince
to make a face when in pain
Example: She winced when the doctor gave her a shot.

425. sluggish
lacking energy or alertness
Example: The sluggish weather kept the children indoors all day.

426. substance
a particular kind of material or matter
Example: The scientist studied the substance to identify its properties.

427. charred
burned and blackened on the outside
Example: The toast was charred and inedible.

428. era
a period of time in history
Example: The Victorian era was marked by significant social changes.

429. sarcastic
using irony to mock or convey contempt
Example: Her sarcastic comment left everyone in the room unsure whether to laugh or be offended.

430. thrive
to grow or develop successfully
Example: With proper care, the plants will thrive in the garden.

431. collaborate
to work together on a project
Example: To complete the assignment successfully, the students chose to collaborate effectively.

432. ponder
to think carefully about something
Example: Before making a decision, Mia decided to ponder all her options carefully.

433. flurry
a sudden burst or commotion
Example: There was a flurry of activity in the room.

434. irresistible
too attractive to be refused
Example: The dessert looked so irresistible that everyone wanted a piece.

435. equipped
fitted with necessary items or tools
Example: The hikers were well equipped for their challenging journey through the mountains.

436. portal
a doorway or entrance to another place
Example: The ancient archway served as a mysterious portal to another world.

437. grudge
a persistent feeling of ill will
Example: Despite their history, she chose not to hold a grudge against him.

438. awe
a feeling of respect and wonder

Example: Standing at the edge of the Grand Canyon, she felt a deep sense of awe.

439. isolation
being separated from others
Example: Her isolation during the school year made her feel lonely.

440. haste
quickness or urgency in movement
Example: In her haste to leave, Emily forgot her umbrella.

441. accessory
an extra item that adds style or function
Example: She added a bright scarf as an accessory.

442. custom
a traditional practice or habit
Example: Every year, the village celebrates the custom of lighting lanterns.

443. despair
the feeling of hopelessness
Example: In times of great despair, it is essential to find support from friends.

444. distress
a feeling of great worry or sorrow
Example: The sudden news of the accident caused her immense distress.

445. objection
a reason against something
Example: The lawyer raised an objection to the evidence presented in court.

446. trivia
insignificant or little-known facts
Example: During the quiz night, we answered various trivia questions.

447. horrendous
extremely unpleasant or terrible
Example: The conditions in the abandoned building were horrendous and unsafe.

448. charitable
generous in giving to others
Example: Her charitable donations helped provide food for the needy.

449. incurable
not able to be cured or healed
Example: Despite her optimism, the doctors declared her illness incurable.

450. famine
severe shortage of food
Example: During the drought, the region faced a devastating famine that affected thousands.

451. moral
good or right in behaviour
Example: It's important to make moral choices.

452. conscience
the sense of right and wrong
Example: Her conscience pricked her when she considered lying to her friend.

453. conservation
protection of the environment and wildlife
Example: The conservation of natural habitats is essential for biodiversity.

454. persuasive
good at making others believe or agree
Example: Her persuasive speech convinced everyone.

455. facility
a place for a specific purpose
Example: The school has a new sports facility.

456. spiteful
intentionally hurtful or malicious
Example: Her spiteful remarks during the discussion upset everyone in the room.

457. exterior
the outer surface or part of something
Example: The exterior of the house is painted blue.

458. frail
physically weak or fragile
Example: The frail old man struggled to carry his groceries.

459. combat
to fight against an enemy or opponent
Example: The soldiers trained rigorously to prepare for combat in the upcoming mission.

460. insignificant
not important or worth considering
Example: The changes to the project were so insignificant that they barely affected the outcome.

461. complex
made up of many parts; complicated
Example: The complex puzzle took hours to solve, challenging everyone involved.

462. accelerate
to make something go faster
Example: The car began to accelerate down the hill.

463. gullible
easily deceived or tricked
Example: Since Tim is so gullible, he believed the tall tale about the giant rabbit.

464. duration
the length of time something lasts
Example: The duration of the storm caught everyone by surprise.

465. mayhem
violent disorder or chaos
Example: The storm caused mayhem in the town.

466. torment
to cause severe physical or mental suffering
Example: The cruel prank caused her to torment her friends with guilt.

Medium words

467. ignorant
lacking knowledge or awareness
Example: Despite her opportunities, she remained ignorant of the latest developments.

468. emphasise
to give special importance
Example: The teacher decided to emphasise the importance of punctuation in writing.

469. rivalry
competition between two or more parties
Example: The rivalry between the two teams intensified leading up to the championship.

470. antiseptic
substance that stops germs and infection
Example: She used an antiseptic on her cut to keep it clean.

471. meddle
to interfere in someone's affairs
Example: It is unwise to meddle in matters that do not concern you.

472. segment
a part or section of something
Example: The teacher asked the students to segment the text into meaningful parts.

473. defy
to resist authority or challenge
Example: Despite the warnings, she chose to defy the storm and go sailing.

474. barricade
a structure used to block passage
Example: The protesters built a barricade to prevent traffic from passing.

475. yonder
over there; at a distance but within sight
Example: The mountains yonder are covered in snow during winter.

476. vivid
producing powerful feelings or strong images
Example: The artist used vivid colours to bring the painting to life.

477. inattentive
not paying attention
Example: The teacher noticed that many students were inattentive during the lecture.

478. tyrant
a ruler who uses power unjustly
Example: The tyrant ruled with fear, stifling any dissent.

479. modernise
to make something more modern
Example: The school decided to modernise its facilities to better serve the students.

480. unworthy
not deserving respect or attention
Example: She felt unworthy of the prestigious award she received.

481. possessive
wanting to control or own something

Example: She was possessive of her favourite toy.

482. continuation
the act of keeping something going
Example: The continuation of the story kept us excited.

483. reluctant
unwilling or hesitant to do something
Example: She was reluctant to speak in front of the large audience.

484. transformation
a complete change in form or appearance
Example: The transformation of the old factory into apartments amazed everyone in the neighbourhood.

485. surge
a sudden powerful forward or upward movement
Example: The surge of excitement in the crowd was palpable when the band took the stage.

486. neglect
fail to take proper care of something
Example: He neglected to water the plants, and they wilted.

487. acronym
a word formed from initials
Example: NASA is a well-known acronym for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

488. naval
related to ships or the navy
Example: The naval fleet sailed across the ocean.

489. sanctuary
a place of safety or refuge
Example: The wildlife sanctuary provided a safe home for endangered species.

490. primitive
from an early stage of development
Example: The tools they used were very primitive.

491. inhabitant
a person living in a place
Example: The inhabitant of the ancient castle has many stories to tell.

492. submit
to present for approval or judgement
Example: Students must submit their essays by Friday to receive feedback.

493. residence
a place where someone lives
Example: The historic residence was once home to a famous author.

494. pathetic
arousing pity or sadness
Example: The abandoned puppy looked so pathetic that it broke her heart.

495. composition
the act of creating written work
Example: The composition she submitted for the contest was both insightful and engaging.

496. accessible
able to be reached or entered
Example: The library is accessible to all students after school hours.

497. despicable
deserving strong dislike or contempt
Example: The despicable behaviour shown by the character shocked everyone in the story.

498. oppose
to disagree with or resist something
Example: Many students chose to oppose the school's new policy on mobile phones.

499. emblem
a picture or design that stands for something
Example: The emblem on the flag represents freedom.

500. quarry
a place to extract stone or minerals
Example: The workers at the quarry carefully extracted the heavy stone.

501. pedestal
a base or support for something
Example: The statue stood on a tall pedestal.

502. vain
having an excessively high opinion of oneself
Example: Despite his many achievements, his vain attitude alienated his friends.

503. havoc
widespread destruction or damage
Example: The storm caused havoc in the town, leaving many homes damaged.

504. treaty
a formal agreement between countries
Example: The two nations signed a treaty to ensure lasting peace.

505. ally
a person or group joined with another
Example: During the project, she proved to be a loyal ally in all discussions.

506. reap
to gather a harvest
Example: Farmers work hard all year to reap a rewarding harvest in the autumn.

507. hysterical
wildly emotional or out of control
Example: The crowd grew hysterical as the fire alarm blared.

508. gorge
a narrow valley between hills.
Example: The hikers carefully descended into the gorge to explore its hidden beauty.

509. architecture
the design and construction of buildings
Example: The architecture of the new library blends modernity with tradition.

510. antidote
a remedy to counteract a poison

Example: The scientist discovered an antidote to the deadly venom.

511. fertile
capable of producing abundant crops
Example: The farmer was pleased with the fertile soil, which yielded a bountiful harvest.

512. forge
to create or shape metal
Example: The blacksmith decided to forge a new sword for the king.

513. donor
a person who gives money or blood
Example: The donor gave blood to help sick people.

514. cease
to stop doing something
Example: As the rain began to fall, the outdoor event had to cease.

515. sleek
smooth and shiny surface
Example: The cat's fur was sleek and shiny.

516. interpret
to explain the meaning of something
Example: In literature class, we must interpret the author's intent in the poem.

517. bewildered
confused and unable to think clearly
Example: She felt bewildered by the sudden change in plans.

518. imbalance
lack of proportion or equality
Example: The team's poor performance was due to an imbalance in skill levels among players.

519. concentrated
focussed on a specific subject
Example: In the library, she had to remain concentrated on her studies despite the noise.

520. unrestricted
not limited or controlled
Example: The unrestricted access to the library allowed all students to explore various subjects.

521. negotiate
to discuss options to reach an agreement
Example: The students had to negotiate the terms of their group project.

522. acquire
to gain or obtain something
Example: Through hard work and dedication, she hoped to acquire new skills.

523. influence
to affect someone's thoughts or actions
Example: His speech had the power to influence the audience significantly.

524. brisk
quick and energetic in movement
Example: The brisk wind made the autumn leaves dance in the air.

525. solitary
being alone; without companions
Example: The solitary bird perched on the branch, singing to itself.

526. crucial
extremely important or essential
Example: The scientist emphasised that the research findings were crucial for future developments.

527. agreeable
pleasant and easy to agree with
Example: The plan for the project was quite agreeable to all members of the team.

528. perish
to die or be completely destroyed
Example: Many plants perish in the cold winter.

529. meek
quiet and submissive in nature
Example: Despite her meek appearance, she had a strong will.

530. credit
recognition for achievement or quality
Example: The artist received credit for her innovative design in the exhibition.

531. seldom
not often; rarely
Example: She seldom visits the bookstore since she prefers online shopping.

532. devote
to give time or attention to something
Example: She decided to devote her summer to studying for the exams.

533. infuriated
very angry or enraged
Example: She was infuriated by the unfair treatment she received.

534. coarse
rough or not fine in texture
Example: The fabric was coarse, making it uncomfortable to wear.

535. genre
a category of artistic composition
Example: The novel belongs to the fantasy genre, filled with magic and adventure.

536. injustice
lack of fairness or justice
Example: The community protested against the injustice they faced in the legal system.

537. indecision
trouble choosing between options
Example: Her indecision made it hard to pick a game.

538. savour
to enjoy a taste or smell
Example: As she took a bite of the chocolate cake, she closed her eyes to savour its rich flavour.

539. menacing
threatening or suggesting danger

Example: The menacing storm clouds loomed overhead, prompting everyone to seek shelter.

540. optimist
a person who expects positive outcomes
Example: Despite the challenges ahead, the optimist believed they would succeed.

541. mutate
change in form or nature
Example: The caterpillar will mutate into a butterfly.

542. repel
to drive away or keep off
Example: The strong smell of the medicine was enough to repel the children from taking it.

543. restrain
to hold back or limit something
Example: The teacher had to restrain her excitement when the class won the competition.

544. hygienic
clean and sanitary for health
Example: Practising hygienic habits prevents the spread of illness.

545. ravine
a deep, narrow valley
Example: We hiked along the edge of the ravine.

546. admirable
deserving respect or approval
Example: Her admirable effort in the competition earned her many praises.

547. stupendous
extremely impressive or amazing
Example: The magician's stupendous trick left the audience in awe.

548. dedication
strong commitment to a task or goal
Example: Her dedication to the project was inspiring.

549. nauseating
causing a feeling of sickness
Example: The nauseating smell from the dumpster made everyone feel ill.

550. mournful
expressing sorrow or sadness
Example: The mournful tune played at the funeral brought tears to everyone's eyes.

551. gracious
kind and courteous in manner
Example: The gracious host welcomed all her guests with warmth and hospitality.

552. anticipation
looking forward to something happening
Example: She waited in anticipation for her birthday party.

553. infest
to take over in large numbers
Example: The ants began to infest the kitchen.

554. admission
the process of being allowed entry
Example: Her admission to the prestigious school was a proud moment for her family.

555. liberty
the state of being free
Example: The citizens fought bravely for their liberty during the revolution.

556. petty
of little importance or significance
Example: He was frustrated by the petty disputes among his classmates.

557. consume
to eat, drink, or use up
Example: To maintain energy, athletes need to consume the right foods.

558. establish
to set up or create something new
Example: They decided to establish a new club at school.

559. ramble
to talk or walk in a confused way
Example: During our hike, we tended to ramble off the main path.

560. hue
a shade or colour
Example: The artist chose a vibrant hue for the sunset painting.

561. levitate
to rise or float in the air
Example: The magician seemed to levitate above the stage, leaving the audience in awe.

562. provoke
to stimulate a reaction or emotion
Example: The teacher's questions were designed to provoke thoughtful discussion among the students.

563. chronicle
a detailed account of events
Example: The historian decided to chronicle the events of the past century.

564. thrust
to push something with force
Example: He thrust the door open with all his strength.

565. fulfilled
to make something happen as planned
Example: She felt fulfilled after completing her ambitious project.

566. detest
to strongly dislike something or someone
Example: I detest broccoli because of its taste.

567. debris
scattered pieces of waste or remains
Example: The storm left behind a trail of debris, making the roads impassable.

568. devious
showing a skilful use of underhanded tactics

Example: The devious plan caught everyone by surprise, revealing his true intentions.

569. illuminate

to light up or make clear

Example: The teacher used diagrams to illuminate complex concepts during the lesson.

570. inedible

not safe or suitable to eat

Example: The mushrooms in the forest were so toxic that they were completely inedible.

571. contaminate

make dirty or impure

Example: Don't contaminate the water with chemicals.

572. derail

to stop a plan or process from going as intended

Example: The unexpected snowstorm could derail the entire school trip planned for next week.

573. confiscate

to take something away, usually by authority

Example: The teacher had to confiscate the phone from the student during class.

574. conscious

aware of and responding to surroundings

Example: She remained conscious throughout the entire examination, demonstrating her focus.

575. foundation

the base or groundwork of something

Example: The foundation of the building was carefully designed to ensure stability.

576. authentic

genuine and true to its origin

Example: The museum displayed an authentic artefact from the ancient civilisation.

577. idiom

a phrase with a figurative meaning

Example: The idiom 'break the ice' means to start a conversation.

578. diagnose

to identify a problem or illness

Example: The doctor will diagnose the illness after careful examination.

579. relay

to pass on information or signals

Example: During the race, the team must relay the baton smoothly.

580. flawed

having imperfections or faults

Example: The scientist discovered that the results were flawed due to a calculation error.

581. consent

agreement to something proposed

Example: The teacher asked for the students' consent before starting the project.

582. stout

strong and thick

Example: The stout walls protected the castle.

583. despise
to strongly dislike or hate
Example: She could not understand why anyone would despise such a kind teacher.

584. darn
to mend a hole in clothing
Example: She decided to darn the sweater to make it last longer.

585. deduct
take away an amount from a total
Example: You need to deduct 5 from 20.

586. omen
a sign of future events
Example: The dark clouds were seen as an omen of the coming storm.

587. hostile
unfriendly and opposed to something
Example: The hostile environment made exploration extremely dangerous.

588. tolerance
accepting differences or opinions
Example: In a diverse society, tolerance is essential for harmony.

589. grieve
to feel deep sorrow
Example: She had to grieve the loss of her beloved pet.

590. abominable
causing moral disgust or hatred
Example: The abominable behaviour of the villain shocked everyone involved.

591. privilege
a special right or advantage
Example: Having access to the library is a privilege for all students.

592. suspend
to temporarily stop something
Example: The school decided to suspend classes due to the severe weather conditions.

593. garment
an item of clothing
Example: The tailor crafted a beautiful garment for the wedding.

594. verify
to confirm the truth of something
Example: The scientist managed to verify her research findings through extensive testing.

595. epic
a lengthy narrative poem or story
Example: The movie was an epic tale of adventure and bravery.

596. dismal
gloomy or dreary in appearance
Example: The weather was dismal, casting a shadow over the picnic.

597. stealthy
behaving in a secretive manner

Example: The stealthy fox crept silently through the tall grass.

598. employ

to give someone a job

Example: The company decided to employ more staff to meet demand.

599. dwelling

a place where people live

Example: The ancient dwelling was uncovered during the archaeological dig.

600. arrogance

exaggerated sense of one's own importance

Example: Her arrogance prevented her from accepting help from others.

601. plunder

to steal goods forcefully

Example: The pirates would often plunder ships on the high seas.

602. heist

a planned robbery or theft

Example: The jewel heist was planned for months.

603. bleak

cold and lacking in warmth or comfort

Example: The bleak landscape made her feel lonely and isolated.

604. epidemic

a disease that spreads quickly

Example: The flu epidemic affected many people in the city.

605. vigorously

with great energy and strength

Example: The team worked vigorously to complete the project ahead of schedule.

606. artefact

an object made by humans, often historic

Example: The museum displayed an ancient artefact that amazed all the visitors.

607. ingenious

very clever and inventive

Example: The engineer's ingenious design solved the complex problem efficiently.

608. decipher

to interpret or make sense of something

Example: To solve the mystery, she had to decipher the ancient map.

609. decline

to decrease or become less

Example: The school's enrolment began to decline as families moved away.

610. vessel

a container for holding liquids

Example: The artist filled the glass vessel with vibrant paint.

611. amnesia

loss of memory

Example: After the accident, he suffered from amnesia.

612. inhabit
to live or dwell in a place
Example: Many species inhabit the lush rainforests of Amazonia.

613. reflective
capable of reflecting light or thoughts
Example: The student's reflective nature helped him understand complex problems.

614. retaliate
to respond to an attack with a counterattack
Example: After being insulted, she decided to retaliate with a clever comeback.

615. resign
to voluntarily leave a job or position
Example: Despite her dedication, she decided to resign from the committee.

616. deliberate
done intentionally and consciously
Example: The group made a deliberate choice to change their strategy.

617. apparent
easy to see or understand
Example: The mistake was apparent to everyone.

618. plume
a feather or a feather-like shape
Example: The bird's vibrant plume shimmered in the sunlight.

619. probability
likelihood of something happening
Example: The probability of winning the game was low, but Sarah remained hopeful.

620. quench
to satisfy thirst or extinguish
Example: He tried to quench his thirst with cold water after the long run.

621. dismantle
to take apart or remove components
Example: The team decided to dismantle the old playground equipment for safety reasons.

622. gallant
brave and heroic in action
Example: The gallant knight rode forth to rescue the trapped villagers.

623. relish
to enjoy greatly or take pleasure in
Example: She took great relish in sharing her stories with friends.

624. specify
to state something clearly and exactly
Example: In the report, the researcher had to specify the variables that influenced the outcome.

625. tapestry
a woven picture or design fabric
Example: The intricate tapestry depicted scenes from history, captivating all who saw it.

626. sufficient
enough to meet needs or requirements

Example: The scientist concluded that the data was sufficient for her research.

627. vandalism
deliberate damage to property
Example: The graffiti on the walls was an act of vandalism.

628. purify
remove dirt or impurities
Example: We use a filter to purify the water.

629. boisterous
noisy, energetic, and cheerful
Example: The boisterous crowd cheered enthusiastically at the concert.

630. jubilant
feeling or expressing great happiness
Example: The jubilant crowd cheered loudly as the team won the championship.

631. discontinued
not made or sold anymore
Example: The toy was discontinued last year.

632. consideration
the act of thinking carefully about something
Example: The committee gave a great deal of consideration to the proposal before making their decision.

633. offspring
a person's child or children
Example: The parents were proud of their offspring.

634. linger
to stay in a place longer than necessary
Example: Though the rain had stopped, the clouds continued to linger in the sky.

635. ransack
to search thoroughly and destroy
Example: The thieves decided to ransack the old mansion for valuable items.

636. feline
related to or like a cat
Example: The kitten's feline grace was captivating.

637. repulsive
causing strong dislike or disgust
Example: The repulsive smell of the garbage made everyone turn away.

638. domestic
related to home or family life
Example: The domestic chores kept the family busy during the weekend.

639. extravagant
spending too much money
Example: The extravagant party had gold decorations everywhere.

640. durable
able to last a long time
Example: The durable materials used in the furniture ensure it can withstand daily use.

641. expense
a cost incurred for goods or services
Example: The unexpected expense left her financial plans in disarray.

642. obsession
an idea or thought that preoccupies someone
Example: Her obsession with perfecting her painting consumed her every thought.

643. absorbed
deeply engaged or interested in something
Example: She was so absorbed in her book that she lost track of time.

644. dilemma
a tough choice between two options
Example: Choosing between ice cream or cake was a dilemma.

645. unravel
to untangle or solve something
Example: The detective worked tirelessly to unravel the mystery behind the missing jewels.

646. dispute
a disagreement or argument
Example: The two friends could not resolve their dispute over the game rules.

647. divine
relating to God or a deity
Example: The painting captured a divine beauty that left the audience in awe.

648. address
to speak to someone formally
Example: The teacher decided to address the class about their upcoming project.

649. enthusiast
a person with great interest
Example: She is an enthusiast for environmental conservation, always participating in local clean-up events.

650. flattering
making someone look good or attractive
Example: Her flattering remarks about his painting made him proud.

651. convey
to communicate or express something
Example: The teacher tried to convey the importance of studying to her students.

652. heritage
traditions or customs passed down
Example: Our family heritage includes making special foods.

653. interrogate
to ask questions thoroughly
Example: The detective had to interrogate the suspect to find the truth.

654. contract
a formal agreement between parties
Example: The company signed a contract to ensure job security.

655. mere
nothing more than; only

Example: The mere thought of failing the exam filled her with anxiety.

656. meditate
to think deeply and quietly
Example: She likes to meditate before bed.

657. import
bring goods into a country
Example: Many countries import fruits from abroad.

658. diverse
varied or different from one another
Example: The school celebrated its diverse student population with a multicultural festival.

659. contradict
to state the opposite of something
Example: The witness's statement seemed to contradict the evidence presented in court.

660. reside
to live in a place permanently
Example: Many artists choose to reside in vibrant cities to inspire their work.

661. abundant
existing in large quantities
Example: The garden was abundant with flowers of every colour.

662. telepathy
sending thoughts without speaking
Example: They used telepathy to talk without words.

663. nourishment
substance that provides essentials for growth
Example: A balanced diet is essential for proper nourishment during childhood.

664. ecstatic
extremely happy or excited
Example: She was ecstatic when she won the prize.

665. extract
to remove something from a larger whole
Example: The scientist will extract the DNA from the sample for analysis.

666. ventilation
the process of supplying fresh air
Example: Good ventilation is essential in crowded rooms to maintain comfort.

667. labyrinth
a complex maze or puzzle
Example: The ancient ruin was a vast labyrinth that confused many explorers.

668. secluded
hidden away from sight or people
Example: The cabin was secluded in the woods.

669. comrade
a companion or friend in work or activity
Example: The soldier fought bravely alongside his comrade during the battle.

670. universal
applicable to all cases or groups
Example: The universal appeal of the story captivated readers worldwide.

671. ravenous
extremely hungry or famished
Example: After a long hike, the group felt ravenous and devoured their lunch.

672. compulsory
required by law or rule
Example: In the UK, education is compulsory for children until they turn 16.

673. diluted
weakened by mixing with liquid
Example: The diluted solution was safe enough for the science experiment.

674. pigment
a substance that gives colour
Example: The artist mixed various pigments to create a vibrant masterpiece.

675. wholesome
promoting health or moral well-being
Example: The wholesome meal made everyone feel energised and happy.

676. immaculate
perfectly clean or free from flaws
Example: The immaculate presentation impressed all the judges at the competition.

677. strive
to make great efforts to achieve something
Example: To excel in her studies, Maria must strive for excellence every day.

678. absolute
not limited or restricted
Example: The judge made an absolute decision that would affect the entire community.

679. abduct
to take someone away illegally
Example: The detective was determined to prevent anyone from attempting to abduct the child.

680. coax
to gently persuade or influence
Example: She tried to coax the shy cat out from under the bed.

681. oath
a serious promise to do something
Example: She made an oath to always help her friends.

682. inferior
lower in quality or status
Example: Despite having an inferior design, the gadget proved to be quite effective.

683. accommodate
provide space for something or someone
Example: The hotel can accommodate 100 guests.

684. distinct
clearly different or separate

Example: The distinct sound of the violin resonated throughout the concert hall.

685. intact

not damaged or altered

Example: Despite the storm, the ancient monument remained intact and proud.

686. pursue

to follow or chase something or someone

Example: She decided to pursue her dream of becoming a doctor.

687. homograph

words spelled the same but with different meanings

Example: The word 'lead' is a homograph with two distinct meanings.

688. endure

to suffer something painful or difficult

Example: Despite the harsh weather, the hikers managed to endure the long journey.

689. meander

to wander aimlessly or casually

Example: As they meandered through the park, they discovered hidden gardens and quiet benches.

690. ablest

most skilled or capable

Example: Among the candidates, she was the ablest and most qualified for the job.

691. promote

to encourage or support something

Example: Teachers often promote good behaviour in their classrooms.

692. minority

the smaller part of a group, less than half

Example: Only a minority of the students wanted to change the school uniform.

693. glutton

a person who eats excessively

Example: The glutton finished three large helpings at dinner, much to everyone's surprise.

694. partial

incomplete or not whole

Example: The report provided only a partial overview of the findings.

695. disintegrate

to break apart into smaller pieces

Example: Over time, the ancient artefact began to disintegrate due to exposure to air.

696. forgery

a fake copy made to deceive

Example: The painting was a clever forgery.

697. insistent

demanding attention or attention

Example: Her insistent requests made it clear she really wanted to go.

698. intimidate

to frighten someone to make them do something

Example: The coach did not intend to intimidate his players, but his intense demeanour had that effect.

699. predicament
a difficult or unpleasant situation
Example: Tom found himself in a tricky predicament when he lost his homework.

700. prompt
to cause someone to take action
Example: The teacher used a timer to prompt the students to start their exams.

701. emphasis
special importance or significance
Example: In her speech, the teacher placed great emphasis on the importance of kindness.

702. proportion
a part in relation to a whole
Example: In mathematics, understanding proportion is essential for solving problems involving parts and wholes.

703. mortal
subject to death; human
Example: The story explored the struggles of mortal beings striving for greatness.

704. dissect
to carefully cut apart to study
Example: In science class, we dissect a frog to learn about its organs.

705. alliance
a group formed to help each other
Example: The countries formed an alliance to protect each other.

706. consistent
staying the same over time
Example: Her handwriting is consistent and neat.

707. fatigue
a state of extreme tiredness
Example: After studying late into the night, Sarah felt an overwhelming fatigue the next day.

708. sermon
a religious speech or lecture
Example: The priest delivered a powerful sermon that inspired the congregation.

709. repent
to feel regret for a wrongdoing
Example: After realising his mistake, he decided to repent and seek forgiveness.

710. incense
a substance that produces a fragrant smoke
Example: The incense filled the room, creating a calming atmosphere during meditation.

711. arid
extremely dry or lacking moisture
Example: The arid climate made it difficult for plants to grow.

712. dynasty
a series of rulers from the same family
Example: The Tudor dynasty ruled England for over a century.

713. ascent
the act of rising to a higher place

Example: The climbers celebrated their ascent to the mountain's peak.

714. novice
a person who is new at something
Example: As a novice, she needed help learning to paint.

715. sabotage
deliberately destroy or damage something
Example: The team worked hard, but one member attempted to sabotage their efforts.

716. illogical
not making sense or being reasonable
Example: It was illogical to wear a coat in summer.

717. biodiversity
variety of life in a habitat
Example: The rainforest's biodiversity is crucial for maintaining ecological balance.

718. immeasurable
too big or extreme to measure
Example: The universe is an immeasurable space.

719. hospitality
being welcoming and kind to guests
Example: The family showed great hospitality by offering us dinner.

720. union
the act of joining together
Example: The union of the two teams created a stronger force in the competition.

721. excavate
to dig out earth or soil
Example: The archaeologists excavate the ancient ruins.

722. campaign
a planned series of activities
Example: The local community organised a campaign to improve the environment.

723. comprehend
to understand or grasp fully
Example: It took several explanations for the students to fully comprehend the complex topic.

724. calamity
a disaster causing great damage
Example: The flood was a calamity that affected many families in the town.

725. perseverance
steadfastness in doing something despite difficulty
Example: Her perseverance in studying for the exam paid off with excellent results.

726. compile
to gather and assemble information
Example: The teacher asked us to compile our notes for revision.

727. valid
legally or logically acceptable
Example: The contract was deemed valid after thorough review by the lawyer.

728. flourish
to grow or develop vigorously
Example: In the right conditions, the garden will flourish and bloom beautifully.

729. celestial
related to the sky or outer space
Example: The celestial bodies twinkled brightly against the night sky.

730. melodious
having a pleasant sound
Example: The melodious sound of the songbird resonated through the garden.

731. commence
to begin or start something
Example: The ceremony will commence at noon, welcoming all attendees.

732. tenant
a person who rents property
Example: The tenant was always prompt with rent payments.

733. dormant
inactive or sleeping state
Example: The dormant volcano had not erupted for centuries, making it seem harmless.

734. adequate
sufficient or suitable for a purpose
Example: The resources provided were adequate for the project's needs.

735. hoax
a trick meant to deceive people
Example: The elaborate hoax fooled many unsuspecting citizens.

736. nomadic
related to wandering or moving around
Example: The nomadic lifestyle of the tribe allowed them to adapt to various environments.

737. abolish
to formally put an end to something
Example: The government decided to abolish the outdated law to improve equality.

738. absurd
ridiculously unreasonable or illogical
Example: The idea of jumping from a plane without a parachute seemed utterly absurd.

739. wary
cautious about potential dangers
Example: She was wary of strangers approaching her in the park.

740. astounding
causing great surprise or wonder
Example: The magician's astounding tricks left the audience in awe.

741. deflect
make something change direction
Example: The shield helped deflect the arrows.

742. ordeal
a painful or difficult experience

Example: The hikers faced a gruelling ordeal during the storm.

743. scuttle
move quickly with short steps
Example: The mouse scuttled across the kitchen floor.

744. prohibit
to formally forbid something
Example: The school decided to prohibit mobile phones during class hours.

745. loiter
to stand or wait around aimlessly
Example: Teenagers often loiter near the shops after school.

746. tedious
too long and tiresome
Example: The tedious lecture made it hard for the students to stay focused.

747. venture
a risky journey or project
Example: They went on a venture to explore the jungle.

748. meagre
lacking in quantity or quality
Example: The meagre supplies left the villagers struggling to survive through winter.

749. static
lacking in movement or change
Example: The static nature of the sculpture made it an awe-inspiring focal point in the gallery.

750. component
a part or element of something
Example: Each component of the machine must function properly for it to work.

751. prominent
important or well-known
Example: Her prominent role in the play earned her much praise.

752. fellowship
friendship or being together with others
Example: The club was a place of fellowship for the members.

753. acquaintance
a person you know a little bit but not very well
Example: I met an old acquaintance at the park yesterday.

754. hardy
able to withstand difficult conditions
Example: The hardy plants thrived even in harsh weather.

755. zestful
full of energy and enthusiasm
Example: Her zestful approach to learning inspired her classmates.

756. elated
filled with joy and happiness
Example: Winning the championship left Emma feeling elated and proud of her team.

757. rogue
a dishonest or unprincipled person
Example: The rogue stood out among the honest merchants at the market.

758. eccentric
Unusual and different from the norm
Example: Her eccentric habits made her stand out in the crowd.

759. luminous
emitting or reflecting light
Example: The luminous stars illuminated the night sky beautifully.

760. inquisitive
curious and eager to learn
Example: The inquisitive student asked many questions during the lesson.

761. prosper
to be successful or thrive
Example: With hard work and dedication, many students hope to prosper in their studies.

762. grapple
to struggle or fight with something
Example: She had to grapple with her fears before the big race.

763. harmonious
forming a pleasing or consistent whole
Example: The harmonious colours in her painting created a serene atmosphere.

764. intricate
having many detailed parts or patterns
Example: The artist's intricate design captivated everyone at the exhibition.

765. robust
strong and healthy
Example: The robust structure of the bridge ensured it could withstand heavy storms.

766. prejudice
an unfair opinion about someone
Example: Prejudice can lead to discrimination and social injustice.

767. pact
a formal agreement between parties
Example: The two countries signed a pact to promote peace and cooperation.

768. swindled
cheated or tricked out of money
Example: The investor felt swindled after the scam was revealed.

769. commemorate
to honour the memory of someone
Example: Every year, the community gather to commemorate the fallen heroes.

770. confine
to restrict within limits
Example: The teacher decided to confine the students to the classroom during the storm.

771. dispense
to distribute or provide something

Example: The teacher decided to dispense the materials evenly to all students.

772. barren
unable to produce crops or fruit
Example: The barren landscape stretched endlessly, devoid of life.

773. lofty
very tall or high in position
Example: The lofty mountains were shrouded in clouds, creating a majestic scene.

774. simultaneous
occurring at the same time
Example: The two events were simultaneous, surprising everyone present.

775. inaudible
unable to be heard
Example: The teacher's voice became inaudible as the students talked loudly.

776. disused
no longer used or active
Example: The disused railway line has become a popular walking path.

777. unanimous
in complete agreement
Example: The committee made a unanimous decision to close the park for renovations.

778. existence
the state of being real or alive
Example: The existence of life on other planets fascinates scientists.

779. deceit
the act of deceiving someone
Example: The deceit in his words led to a deep mistrust among his friends.

780. confidential
meant to be kept secret
Example: The letter was marked confidential, so only the manager could read it.

781. manoeuvre
a skilled or careful movement
Example: The pilot performed a tricky manoeuvre to land safely.

782. concoct
to make by combining ingredients
Example: She decided to concoct a new recipe for dinner using leftover ingredients.

783. hound
to chase or bother someone constantly
Example: The reporter hounded the celebrity for answers.

784. thrifty
using money and resources wisely
Example: Her thrifty habits allowed her to save for a new bike.

785. reprimand
to scold someone for a mistake
Example: The teacher had to reprimand the student for being late.

786. lulled
to calm or soothe someone
Example: The gentle music lulled the baby to sleep.

787. remorse
deep regret for a wrongdoing
Example: Feeling a strong sense of remorse, Hannah apologised for her harsh words.

788. tranquillity
a state of calm and peace
Example: The park offered a moment of tranquillity away from the noise of the city.

789. grimace
a face showing dislike or pain
Example: She made a grimace when tasting the sour lemon.

790. lavish
extravagant or luxurious
Example: The lavish banquet included gourmet dishes and exquisite decorations.

791. infer
to deduce information from evidence
Example: From the clues given, the detective could infer the suspect's motive.

792. resilience
the ability to recover quickly
Example: Her resilience allowed her to overcome numerous challenges during the exam.

793. convict
to find someone guilty of a crime
Example: The jury decided to convict the defendant after a lengthy trial.

794. erect
to stand upright or raised
Example: The gardener decided to erect a beautiful trellis in the backyard.

795. oblivious
not aware of or concerned about something
Example: She was oblivious to the commotion around her as she read her book.

796. omit
to leave out or exclude
Example: In order to improve the essay, Sarah decided to omit unnecessary details.

797. perilous
full of danger or risk
Example: The hikers took a perilous route through the mountains.

798. perceive
to become aware of something.
Example: As the sun set, Maria could clearly perceive the changing colours of the sky.

799. monumental
of great importance or size
Example: The monumental statue stood proudly in the centre of the square.

800. replenish
fill something up again

Example: We need to replenish the water bottles.

801. aggravate
to make something worse
Example: Scratching a mosquito bite can aggravate it.

802. parable
a simple story with a moral lesson
Example: The teacher used a parable to illustrate the importance of honesty.

803. harass
to disturb or trouble persistently
Example: The student felt anxious after being harassed by classmates daily.

804. passive
not actively taking part or responding
Example: In the argument, she remained passive, choosing not to voice her opinion.

805. milestone
an important stage in progress
Example: Reaching the age of sixteen is a significant milestone in a teenager's life.

806. commit
to pledge or dedicate oneself to something
Example: She decided to commit to her studies for the upcoming exams.

807. stockpile
to accumulate a large quantity
Example: During the winter, the family decided to stockpile food in preparation for storms.

808. confide
to share secrets or private matters
Example: Feeling reassured by her friend, Sarah decided to confide her fears about the exam.

809. empathy
understanding others' feelings and emotions
Example: Her ability to show empathy helped resolve the conflict among her friends.

810. ornate
decorated with complex patterns or details
Example: The ornate vase was covered in intricate designs.

811. proclaim
to announce officially or publicly
Example: The mayor will proclaim the new law at the ceremony.

812. distasteful
causing dislike or disgust
Example: The distasteful comments made during the meeting shocked everyone.

813. relentless
unceasingly intense or harsh
Example: Her relentless pursuit of excellence inspired everyone around her.

814. bountiful
giving or having a lot of something
Example: The bountiful harvest filled the barn.

815. dismay
a feeling of shock or disappointment
Example: The news of the cancellation filled her with dismay.

816. foresight
the ability to predict future events
Example: Her foresight enabled the team to avoid potential pitfalls in the project.

817. wield
to hold and use something well
Example: He could wield a sword with great skill.

818. aromatic
having a nice smell
Example: The aromatic flowers filled the room with a sweet scent.

819. hearth
the floor of a fireplace
Example: The family gathered around the hearth to enjoy their evening together.

820. demote
to lower in rank or position
Example: The manager had to demote the employee for repeated mistakes.

821. virtue
a good moral quality or trait
Example: Her kindness and honesty are true virtues that inspire others.

822. contorted
twisted or bent out of shape
Example: The contorted branches of the tree created a haunting silhouette against the sunset.

823. composed
calm and in control of emotions
Example: Despite the chaos around her, Sarah remained composed during the presentation.

824. dale
a valley, usually in rural areas
Example: The family enjoyed picnics in the lush dale every summer.

825. meticulous
showing great attention to detail
Example: Her meticulous approach to studying ensured she never missed any important details.

826. corrupt
dishonest or morally bad
Example: The corrupt official took bribes to change the law.

827. cultivate
to grow plants or improve skills
Example: In order to succeed, she must cultivate her talents through practice.

828. reinforce
make something stronger or more effective
Example: They used bricks to reinforce the wall.

829. lodge
to provide temporary accommodation

Example: While travelling, they decided to lodge at a quaint countryside inn.

830. miserly

unwilling to spend or share money

Example: Despite his wealth, the miserly man refused to donate to any charities.

831. engrossed

fully absorbed or focused on something

Example: She was so engrossed in her book that she lost track of time.

832. sanitary

relating to health and cleanliness

Example: The school ensured all toilets were kept sanitary for the students.

833. counterargument

an opposing argument or reasoning

Example: In the debate, Sarah presented a strong counterargument to challenge the initial claims.

834. utter

to say something out loud

Example: He tried to utter a word but couldn't.

835. malicious

intending to cause harm or injury

Example: The malicious rumours spread quickly across the school, hurting many feelings.

836. mesmerise

to capture someone's attention entirely

Example: The magician's performance seemed to mesmerise the entire audience.

837. ancestral

related to family ancestors

Example: The ancestral home was filled with treasures from generations past.

838. hinder

to obstruct or delay progress

Example: The heavy rain may hinder our plans for a picnic.

839. rarity

something uncommon or rare

Example: The discovery of the ancient coin was a rarity in the archaeological field.

840. cryptic

having a hidden meaning

Example: The cryptic message left by the artist intrigued everyone in the gallery.

841. jovial

cheerful and full of good humour

Example: The jovial host made everyone feel welcome at the party.

842. grotesque

strange or ugly in a shocking way

Example: The grotesque sculpture in the gallery captivated the visitors with its bizarre features.

843. irrelevant

not related to the current topic

Example: The teacher said my comments were irrelevant to the lesson.

844. imply
to suggest something without saying it directly
Example: She didn't say it, but her smile implied she agreed.

845. intrepid
fearless and adventurous
Example: The intrepid explorer ventured into the uncharted wilderness.

846. testify
give evidence in court
Example: The witness had to testify in court.

847. decency
moral, proper behaviour or actions
Example: In a world where decency seems rare, she always treated others with kindness.

848. sophisticated
refined and knowledgeable
Example: The sophisticated technology made the project much easier to complete.

849. sequential
arranged in a logical order
Example: The events were listed in sequential order.

850. decisive
able to make decisions quickly
Example: Her decisive actions during the crisis saved many lives.

851. evaluation
the process of assessing something
Example: The evaluation of the project revealed significant improvements were needed.

852. inconsolable
unable to be comforted or consoled
Example: After the loss of her pet, Emma was inconsolable for days.

853. stability
the condition of being steady
Example: The stability of the bridge was crucial for safe travel.

854. sceptical
not easily convinced
Example: Despite the evidence presented, Jessica remained sceptical about their claims.

855. latter
the second of two mentioned items
Example: In the debate, I preferred the latter argument over the former.

856. plummet
to fall suddenly and steeply
Example: The temperature began to plummet as night fell.

857. retort
a sharp or witty reply
Example: Her clever retort made everyone laugh during the debate.

858. buoyant
able to float on water

Example: The buoyant boat stayed on top of the waves.

859. abode
a place of residence
Example: After years of travel, she finally returned to her childhood abode.

860. prosperous
successful and wealthy
Example: The prosperous town boasted a vibrant economy and thriving businesses.

861. dishevelled
untidy or messy in appearance
Example: After the storm, the garden looked dishevelled and needed care.

862. competent
having the skill or ability to do something well
Example: She is a competent swimmer and can swim very fast.

863. tardy
being late or delayed
Example: The student was tardy to class and missed important instructions.

864. span
the time something continues or exists
Example: The movie's span is two hours.

865. propel
to drive or push forward
Example: The engineers designed a rocket to propel astronauts into space.

866. initiate
to begin or start something
Example: The teacher decided to initiate a new project for the class.

867. mandatory
required by law or rules
Example: Wearing a seatbelt is mandatory in cars.

868. ruthless
showing no mercy or compassion
Example: The ruthless businessman destroyed his rivals without a second thought.

869. opt
to make a choice or decision
Example: Students can opt for additional classes to improve their skills.

870. irrational
not based on reason or logic
Example: Her decision to jump into the river was quite irrational, given the strong current.

871. literary
related to books or writing
Example: She joined a literary club to discuss novels.

872. rational
based on reason or clear thinking
Example: Making a rational decision can help solve problems.

873. inclusive
not excluding any group or individual
Example: The school adopted an inclusive policy to support all students.

874. studious
devoted to studying and learning
Example: Her studious nature helped her excel in her exams.

875. atrocious
extremely bad or unpleasant
Example: The weather was atrocious, making it hard to enjoy the hike.

876. termination
the end or conclusion of something
Example: The termination of the project caused disappointment among the team members.

877. quaint
charmingly unusual or old-fashioned
Example: The quaint cottage stood at the end of a narrow lane, surrounded by blooming flowers.

878. figurative
not literal; symbolic meaning
Example: The poet's use of figurative language enriched the imagery of the poem.

879. squadron
group of military aircraft
Example: The squadron flew over the ocean on a mission.

880. deface
to ruin the look of something
Example: Someone defaced the poster with graffiti.

881. integrity
the quality of being honest and moral
Example: Her integrity was evident in the way she handled the situation with fairness.

882. dominance
having control or power over others
Example: The lion showed its dominance in the pride.

883. ridicule
to make fun of someone or something
Example: The student's attempt to answer was met with ridicule from his peers.

884. apprehensive
worried about something that might happen
Example: Maria felt apprehensive about the upcoming exam, fearing she might not perform well.

885. plagiarise
to copy someone else's work dishonestly
Example: In her report, she was warned not to plagiarise from online sources.

886. immerse
to fully involve or engage in something
Example: To understand the culture, she decided to immerse herself in local traditions.

887. disgruntled
unhappy or dissatisfied with something

Example: She felt disgruntled when her toy broke.

888. accumulate
to gather or collect over time
Example: Over the years, she managed to accumulate a vast collection of stamps.

889. substantial
of considerable importance or value
Example: The report provided substantial evidence to support their claims.

890. immoral
not conforming to accepted standards of morality
Example: His immoral actions contradicted everything he stood for.

891. deduce
to reach a conclusion based on evidence
Example: From the clues given, she was able to deduce the answer to the mystery.

892. pining
longing intensely for someone or something
Example: She was pining for her hometown after moving away.

893. forfeit
lose or give up something
Example: If you break the rules, you might forfeit your turn.

894. concur
to agree or have the same opinion
Example: The committee members concur on the new policy proposal.

895. evident
clearly seen or understood
Example: It was evident that she had worked hard on her project.

896. flora
the plants of a particular region
Example: The diverse flora in the rainforest supports many species.

897. disperse
to spread or scatter in different directions
Example: The crowd began to disperse after the concert ended.

898. monochrome
having one colour or shades of one colour
Example: The artist chose a monochrome palette to evoke a sombre mood.

899. genetic
related to genes or heredity
Example: Some diseases are genetic and run in families.

900. sober
serious and calm in manner
Example: Despite the chaos around him, Mark remained sober and focused on solving the problem.

901. anatomy
the study of body parts and structure
Example: In science class, we learned about human anatomy.

902. subtropical
relating to regions just outside the tropics
Example: The subtropical climate supports diverse plant life.

903. influential
having a significant effect on others
Example: The influential leader inspired many to change their views.

904. resolve
to make a firm decision
Example: She resolved to finish her homework before dinner.

905. compensate
to make up for something missing
Example: She gave him a toy to compensate for missing his birthday.

906. depict
to represent in art or literature
Example: The artist aimed to depict the beauty of nature in her paintings.

907. trivial
of little value or importance
Example: During the meeting, she focused on trivial matters rather than the main issue.

908. metropolis
a large, important city
Example: London is a bustling metropolis filled with diverse cultures.

909. dutiful
showing a sense of duty
Example: The dutiful student always completed her assignments on time.

910. pacify
to calm someone or something down
Example: The teacher tried to pacify the upset students after the incident.

911. delirious
in a disturbed state of mind
Example: After the exhausting race, Sarah was delirious with joy and relief.

912. commendable
worthy of praise or approval
Example: Her commendable efforts in volunteering inspired her peers to join.

913. adjacent
next to or adjoining something else
Example: The two houses were adjacent, sharing a common wall.

914. furnish
to provide furniture or equipment
Example: The committee decided to furnish the new community centre with modern furniture.

915. ferocity
the state of being fierce or savage
Example: The ferocity of the storm caught everyone by surprise.

916. sullen
bad-tempered and sulky

Example: The sullen boy sat alone in the corner, refusing to speak.

917. appeal

a request to change a decision

Example: The student's appeal to the teacher was met with understanding.

918. dire

extremely bad or serious

Example: The village faced dire consequences after the flood.

919. indulge

to allow oneself to enjoy something

Example: She decided to indulge in her favourite dessert after finishing her homework.

920. incline

a slope or angle of a surface

Example: The car slowly made its way up the steep incline of the hill.

921. heeding

paying attention to advice or warnings

Example: Heeding the teacher's advice, she studied hard for the exam.

922. biased

unfairly supporting one side

Example: The article appeared biased, as it only presented one viewpoint.

923. amend

to change or improve something

Example: The committee decided to amend the proposal for clarity.

924. concise

expressing much in few words

Example: The teacher appreciated the student's concise explanation of the topic.

925. distinguished

recognised for excellence or achievement

Example: The distinguished scholar delivered an inspiring lecture on history.

926. hostility

unfriendliness or opposition

Example: The hostility between the two groups was evident during the debate.

927. innovation

a new idea or method

Example: The school's focus on innovation helped students develop creative solutions.

928. detain

to keep someone in custody

Example: The police decided to detain the suspect for further questioning.

929. treachery

betrayal or breaking someone's trust

Example: His treachery hurt his best friend deeply.

930. inadequate

not enough or sufficient

Example: The resources provided were inadequate for the project requirements.

931. defensible
able to be protected or defended
Example: The castle was built in a defensible location.

932. devise
to come up with a plan or idea
Example: The students worked together to devise a solution for the community project.

933. contemplate
to think deeply about something
Example: Before making a decision, it is wise to contemplate the possible outcomes.

934. skirmish
a small, brief fight or dispute
Example: The two rival teams had a skirmish on the field during the match.

935. tempest
a violent storm with strong winds
Example: The tempest raged outside, shaking the windows and rattling the doors.

936. outcry
a strong public protest
Example: There was an outcry when the park was closed.

937. assertive
confidently expressing one’s opinions
Example: In the meeting, Sarah was assertive, clearly stating her thoughts on the project.

938. corrosive
capable of causing damage or destruction
Example: The corrosive substance slowly ate through the metal canister.

939. solitude
the state of being alone
Example: In her solitude, she discovered new interests and passions.

940. opaque
not able to be seen through
Example: The glass was so opaque that light could not pass through it.

941. gruelling
extremely tiring and demanding
Example: The gruelling marathon tested the limits of the runners' endurance.

942. retain
to keep possession of something
Example: To succeed in her studies, she must retain the information given in class.

943. nemesis
an opponent or rival
Example: In the thrilling novel, the hero faced his nemesis in a final showdown.

944. whimsical
playfully quaint or fanciful
Example: The whimsical decorations in her room made it feel like a fairy tale.

945. condense
make something smaller or more focused

Example: We need to condense the story to fit the page.

946. exhilarating

making one feel very happy and animated

Example: The exhilarating ride at the amusement park left everyone breathless with joy.

947. diabolical

extremely bad or wicked

Example: The villain had a diabolical plan that shocked everyone.

948. desolate

dismal and devoid of life

Example: The desolate landscape stretched out as far as the eye could see.

949. controversy

a disagreement or dispute

Example: The controversy surrounding the new policy sparked a heated debate among students.

950. surveillance

close observation for security purposes

Example: The surveillance cameras helped the police solve the crime quickly.

951. defiance

open resistance or bold disobedience

Example: Her defiance during the debate caught everyone off guard.

952. nobility

the quality of being noble or aristocratic

Example: The nobility of her actions was admired by all.

953. moderate

average in amount, intensity, or degree

Example: The teacher suggested a moderate approach to managing homework.

954. habitable

suitable for living in

Example: In the vast universe, scientists search for habitable planets.

955. prodigy

a young person with exceptional abilities

Example: The child prodigy amazed everyone with his musical talent.

956. economical

using resources efficiently

Example: The economical choice in travel would save money without sacrificing comfort.

957. jargon

specialised language of a profession

Example: The lawyer's jargon made the contract difficult to understand.

958. cosmos

the universe as an orderly whole

Example: Scientists study the cosmos to learn about stars.

959. temperamental

easily changes mood or behaviour

Example: The temperamental cat hissed for no reason.

960. paraphrase
to restate in different words
Example: In her essay, Sophie had to paraphrase the author's main points clearly.

961. cumbersome
large and difficult to handle
Example: The cumbersome package was hard for her to lift onto the shelf.

962. escapade
a fun and exciting adventure
Example: The kids planned an escapade in the woods.

963. stereotype
a widely held but oversimplified idea
Example: The stereotype of the lazy teenager is not always accurate.

964. pessimist
a person who expects the worst outcome
Example: As a pessimist, Sarah often feared that things would go wrong.

965. dilapidated
in a state of disrepair or ruin
Example: The dilapidated house at the end of the street creaked ominously in the wind.

966. brawn
physical strength or muscular power
Example: His brawn was evident as he easily lifted the heavy weights.

967. recede
to move back or withdraw
Example: As the tide began to recede, shells were revealed on the sandy beach.

968. exquisite
extremely beautiful and delicate
Example: The exquisite painting captivated everyone at the gallery.

969. mystify
to confuse or bewilder someone
Example: The complex puzzle seemed to mystify the entire class.

970. feral
wild and untamed, especially animals
Example: The feral cat cautiously approached the food bowl.

971. muted
Softened or subdued in tone
Example: The artist chose muted colours to create a calming effect in the painting.

972. ethical
about doing the right thing
Example: Helping others is an ethical choice.

973. subdued
calm and restrained in manner
Example: The party was enjoyable, but the music was subdued and relaxing.

974. formidable
inspiring fear or respect through size

Example: The formidable mountain range was a challenge for the climbers.

975. grisly
causing horror or disgust
Example: The movie had a grisly scene that made me cover my eyes.

976. naive
lacking experience or sophistication
Example: Her naive belief in fairy tales made her an easy target for tricksters.

977. woeful
expressing strong distress or regret
Example: The woeful state of the old building saddened many onlookers.

978. yearn
to desire strongly or intensely
Example: She would often yearn for the days spent by the seaside.

979. grandeur
the quality of being grand or impressive
Example: The grandeur of the ancient castle left the visitors in awe.

980. serenity
the state of being calm and peaceful
Example: The garden was a place of serenity, where she could relax and think.

981. residue
remaining substance after processing
Example: After the experiment, a thick residue was left in the beaker.

982. flamboyant
excessively showy or colourful
Example: The flamboyant decorations at the festival caught everyone's attention.

983. garbled
mixed up and hard to understand
Example: The garbled message left everyone confused about the instructions.

984. acquaint
to make someone aware of something
Example: Before the trip, the teacher will acquaint the students with the itinerary.

985. entangle
to get someone involved in trouble
Example: He got entangled in a big argument.

986. vicinity
the area near a particular place
Example: The park is located in the vicinity of my house.

987. problematic
causing difficulties or problems
Example: The new policy was deemed problematic by many teachers.

988. infamous
known for bad deeds or actions
Example: The infamous criminal evaded capture for years.

989. decree
an official order or decision
Example: The king issued a decree that changed the laws of the land.

990. entice
to attract or tempt someone
Example: The bright lights of the fair seemed to entice the children into the fun.

991. preposterous
absurd and contrary to reason
Example: The idea that cats can fly is preposterous and makes no sense.

992. rupture
a sudden break or burst
Example: The balloon made a loud sound when it ruptured.

993. ironic
expressing an opposite meaning
Example: It was ironic that the fire station burned down.

994. modest
not boastful about your abilities or achievements; humble
Example: Despite her talents, she remained modest about her achievements.

995. refine
make something better by small changes
Example: She refined her drawing by adding details.

996. hospitable
welcoming guests warmly
Example: The hospitable family offered their home to travellers in need.

997. gauge
to measure or assess something
Example: The engineer had to gauge the pressure in the pipes carefully.

998. breadth
the distance or extent of something
Example: The breadth of knowledge required for the exam was impressive.

999. pedigree
family history or background
Example: She was proud of her royal pedigree.

1000. fickle
changing frequently without reason
Example: Her fickle nature made it hard for her friends to rely on her decisions.

1001. kindle
to ignite or inspire
Example: The teacher aimed to kindle a love for reading in her students.

1002. justification
a valid reason or explanation
Example: The justification for her decision was clearly outlined in the report.

1003. porous
allowing passage of fluids or gases

Example: The porous material helped the plant roots receive water easily.

1004. grave

serious or solemn in manner

Example: The grave situation demanded immediate attention from the team.

1005. humane

showing compassion and kindness

Example: The humane treatment of animals is essential for a just society.

1006. tactful

showing sensitivity in dealing with others

Example: Being tactful, Maria addressed the issue without hurting anyone's feelings.

1007. adhere

to stick firmly to a surface

Example: To ensure safety, all students must adhere to the school's guidelines.

1008. monopoly

complete control over a market

Example: The company had a monopoly on video games.

1009. yield

to produce or provide something

Example: Farmers hope their crops will yield a bountiful harvest this year.

1010. prim

formal and precise in manners

Example: The prim young lady corrected her friends on their attire.

1011. industrious

hardworking and diligent in tasks

Example: The industrious student completed all assignments ahead of time.

1012. versatile

able to adapt to many functions

Example: The versatile tool was perfect for every task in the workshop.

1013. incomprehensible

impossible to understand

Example: The instructions were incomprehensible to me.

1014. turmoil

a state of great confusion or disturbance

Example: The country was in turmoil after the sudden political changes.

1015. parasitic

living by harming another organism

Example: The parasitic plant grew on the tree, taking its nutrients.

1016. prioritise

to arrange in order of importance

Example: To succeed, students must prioritise their studies effectively.

1017. monologue

a long speech by one person

Example: In the play, the character's monologue revealed their deepest fears.

1018. intervene
to involve oneself in a situation
Example: The teacher decided to intervene when the argument escalated between the students.

1019. congregate
to come together in a group
Example: The students congregate in the playground during recess.

1020. conspire
to plan secretly to do something harmful
Example: The students decided to conspire to surprise their teacher on her birthday.

1021. anecdote
a short, amusing story
Example: During the dinner party, she shared an anecdote that had everyone laughing.

1022. simulate
to imitate a situation or process
Example: The scientists used a computer program to simulate climate change effects.

1023. anguish
severe mental or physical pain
Example: The news of her departure brought him great anguish.

1024. caricature
a comic exaggeration of a person
Example: The artist's caricature made the politician look ridiculous yet funny.

1025. frugal
using resources carefully and sparingly
Example: The frugal family saved money by buying only necessary items.

1026. ample
more than enough in size or amount
Example: The garden provided ample space for the children to play.

1027. perplex
to confuse or make uncertain
Example: The complex puzzle seemed to perplex the entire class.

1028. articulate
able to express thoughts clearly
Example: During the debate, Sarah was articulate, making her arguments clear and persuasive.

1029. ultimatum
a final demand or statement of terms
Example: The negotiation ended when she issued an ultimatum to the opposing team.

1030. prevail
to triumph over difficulties or challenges
Example: Despite the challenges, the team managed to prevail in the final match.

1031. overbearing
domineering and arrogant in behaviour
Example: The overbearing manager often made her team feel inadequate.

1032. insight
the ability to understand clearly

Example: Her insight into the problem helped the team find a solution.

1033. painstaking
done very carefully and thoroughly
Example: She made a painstaking effort to paint every detail.

1034. invalid
not valid or acceptable
Example: His argument was declared invalid due to lack of evidence.

1035. obscure
not well-known or hard to understand
Example: The author's meaning was obscure, leaving readers confused about the message.

1036. earnest
serious in intention or effort
Example: Charlotte approached her studies with an earnest desire to learn.

1037. deteriorate
to become worse over time
Example: If the conditions do not change, the building may continue to deteriorate.

1038. shrewd
having sharp judgement and understanding
Example: Her shrewd decisions in business led to significant success.

1039. stagnant
not flowing or moving
Example: The stagnant water in the pond was teeming with algae.

1040. scholastic
relating to schools or education
Example: The scholastic achievements of the students were celebrated at the award ceremony.

1041. asset
a valuable person or thing
Example: The new software proved to be a valuable asset for the company.

1042. righteous
morally right or justifiable
Example: The righteous actions of the hero inspired the townspeople.

1043. guffaw
a loud and boisterous laugh
Example: The comedian's joke made the entire audience guffaw with delight.

1044. vigilant
keeping careful watch for danger
Example: The vigilant lifeguard noticed the swimmer in trouble and quickly reacted.

1045. temperate
mild and moderate in climate
Example: The temperate weather in spring is ideal for outdoor activities.

1046. foreseeable
able to be predicted
Example: The weather for tomorrow is foreseeable.

1047. erratic
not regular or stable
Example: The erratic weather made it difficult to plan the outdoor event.

1048. dishearten
to cause a loss of confidence
Example: The constant setbacks began to dishearten the team as they worked towards their goal.

1049. recollection
the act of remembering something
Example: Her recollection of the events helped solve the mystery.

1050. surpass
to exceed or go beyond
Example: With hard work and dedication, she aimed to surpass her previous achievements.

1051. subside
to become less intense or severe
Example: As the storm passed, the winds began to subside, bringing a sense of calm.

1052. instructive
providing useful information or education
Example: The documentary was both entertaining and instructive, offering insights into wildlife conservation.

1053. prologue
an introduction to a story or play
Example: The prologue of the novel set the stage for an intriguing tale.

1054. revolutionise
to completely change something
Example: The new technology aims to revolutionise the way we communicate.

1055. recur
to happen again
Example: The dream seemed to recur every night.

1056. picturesque
visually attractive and charming
Example: The quaint village was full of picturesque landscapes that delighted every visitor.

1057. hyperbole
exaggerated statements not meant literally
Example: The poet used hyperbole to emphasise the vastness of the ocean.

1058. habitually
done regularly or repeatedly
Example: She habitually checks her emails first thing in the morning.

1059. deranged
mentally disturbed or insane
Example: The character in the novel was portrayed as completely deranged, leading to shocking decisions.

1060. cliché
a phrase or idea used too often
Example: The teacher warned us against using cliché responses in our essays.

1061. rift
a crack or split in something

Example: The rift between the two friends grew wider after the argument.

1062. delectable
delicious and highly enjoyable
Example: The chef presented a delectable dessert that left everyone wanting more.

1063. hypocritical
claiming to have morals one does not
Example: The politician's hypocritical actions contradicted his promises to the public.

1064. supple
able to bend and move easily
Example: The dancer's supple movements captivated the audience during the performance.

1065. ludicrous
so absurd it's laughable
Example: The idea of a cat flying a plane is ludicrous and made everyone laugh.

1066. eloquent
fluent or persuasive in speaking
Example: The speaker was so eloquent that the audience was captivated.

1067. gripe
to complain about something persistently
Example: Despite the improvements, Mark continued to gripe about the service.

1068. implore
to beg earnestly for something
Example: She had to implore her parents to let her attend the concert.

1069. inevitably
certain to happen; unavoidable
Example: If you don't study, you will inevitably fail the test.

1070. wretch
a miserable or unfortunate person
Example: Despite his wealth, he often felt like a wretch when alone.

1071. institution
a large organisation or foundation
Example: The school is a respected institution in the city.

1072. onslaught
a fierce or destructive attack
Example: The village faced an onslaught of invaders during the night.

1073. eligible
allowed to be chosen or selected
Example: She is eligible to join the team.

1074. obsolete
no longer in use or relevant
Example: In the digital age, handwritten letters seem almost obsolete.

1075. haphazard
lacking a plan or order
Example: The haphazard arrangement of books made it hard to find anything.

1076. intuition
the ability to understand something instinctively
Example: Her intuition told her that something was wrong.

1077. fiasco
a complete failure or disaster
Example: The play was a fiasco, leaving the audience confused and disappointed.

1078. insomnia
inability to sleep at night
Example: Despite feeling tired all day, Jane suffered from insomnia every night.

1079. restraint
control over one's emotions or behaviour
Example: Despite feeling angry, Maria showed great restraint and remained calm.

1080. diligent
showing careful and persistent effort
Example: The diligent student always completes her homework on time.

1081. linguist
a person who knows many languages
Example: The linguist could speak five different languages.

1082. ominous
giving a sign of bad things to come
Example: The dark clouds in the sky had an ominous look, signalling a storm was near.

1083. extrovert
a person who is outgoing and sociable
Example: As an extrovert, Mia thrives in social situations and enjoys meeting new people.

1084. delusion
a false belief or idea
Example: He had the delusion that he could fly.

1085. imprecise
not accurate or exact
Example: The imprecise instructions led to confusion during the project.

1086. discontent
a feeling of dissatisfaction
Example: The discontent among the workers led to protests seeking fair wages.

1087. threadbare
worn out and shabby in appearance
Example: The threadbare sofa was uncomfortable, yet it held many fond memories.

1088. foolhardy
recklessly bold or daring
Example: His foolhardy decision to climb without gear worried his friends.

1089. embellish
to make something more attractive
Example: To make her story more interesting, Clara decided to embellish the details.

1090. hybrid
a mixture of different elements

Example: The car is a hybrid, using both petrol and electricity.

1091. aggressor

a person who attacks others

Example: The aggressor in the conflict refused to back down, escalating the situation further.

1092. lament

to express sorrow or regret

Example: The community came together to lament the loss of their beloved leader.

1093. lenient

not strict or harsh in judgement

Example: The teacher was lenient with late assignments during the hectic exam period.

1094. aura

a special feeling or mood around something

Example: The room had a warm and welcoming aura.

1095. pompous

self-important or arrogant in manner

Example: The pompous speaker dominated the event with grandiose statements.

1096. foster

to encourage growth or development

Example: The school aims to foster creativity among its students.

1097. analogy

a comparison between two things

Example: The teacher used an analogy to explain the concept more clearly.

1098. disband

to break up an organised group

Example: The committee decided to disband after achieving its goals.

1099. morale

the feeling of confidence in a group

Example: The team's morale was high after their win.

1100. lethargic

feeling sluggish or lacking energy

Example: On a warm afternoon, the students felt lethargic and struggled to concentrate.

1101. turbulent

characterised by disturbance or disorder

Example: The turbulent sea made sailing a challenging task for the crew.

1102. stance

a position or attitude on an issue

Example: Her stance on climate change highlighted her commitment to the environment.

1103. garnish

to decorate food to make it look nice

Example: She used parsley to garnish the soup.

1104. elusive

difficult to find or catch

Example: The elusive fox darted through the underbrush and vanished from sight.

1105. makeshift
temporary and made from whatever is available
Example: We used a box as a makeshift table.

1106. taxing
demanding a lot of effort or energy
Example: The exam was so taxing that many students felt overwhelmed.

1107. anarchy
no government or rules, chaos
Example: Without rules, the classroom fell into anarchy.

1108. coincide
to occur at the same time
Example: The festival will coincide with the start of summer holidays.

1109. misspent
used time or resources poorly
Example: She regretted the misspent hours that could have been used for study.

1110. ramshackle
in a state of severe disrepair
Example: The ramshackle house seemed ready to collapse at any moment.

1111. perceptive
able to notice or understand things easily
Example: She is very perceptive and notices small details.

1112. obliterate
to destroy completely or utterly
Example: The heavy storm threatened to obliterate the town's historic landmarks.

1113. accusatory
suggesting someone is guilty
Example: The accusatory tone in her voice made everyone uneasy.

1114. fortification
a strong wall built for protection
Example: The castle's fortification kept it safe from invaders.

1115. invaluable
extremely useful or important
Example: Her invaluable advice helped me make the right decision.

1116. endeavour
to try hard to achieve something
Example: She decided to endeavour to improve her grades this term.

1117. premonition
a strong feeling something will happen
Example: She had a premonition it would rain today.

1118. chasm
a deep narrow gap or fissure
Example: The hikers stood awestruck at the edge of the chasm, marvelling at its vast depth.

1119. pitfall
a hidden danger or difficulty

Example: Understanding the pitfalls of decision-making is essential for success.

1120. nonchalant
feeling or appearing calm and relaxed
Example: Despite the chaos around him, Jake remained nonchalant and collected.

1121. conventional
based on accepted standards or practices
Example: The students preferred a conventional approach to studying for their exams.

1122. detached
separated or aloof from others
Example: The artist maintained a detached view of society, observing without judgement.

1123. uniformity
the quality of being the same
Example: The uniformity of the student uniforms made the school look organised.

1124. regulate
to control or manage something
Example: Governments often regulate industries to ensure fairness.

1125. potent
having great power or influence
Example: The potion was so potent that it could cure any ailment.

1126. vigour
physical strength and good health
Example: The athlete trained with great vigour to prepare for the competition.

1127. consistency
the quality of being uniform or reliable
Example: Her consistency in practice led to remarkable improvements in her performance.

1128. aspire
to have a strong desire to achieve
Example: She wants to aspire to be a successful scientist in the future.

1129. thwart
to prevent someone from doing something
Example: The heavy rain threatened to thwart their plans for a picnic.

1130. phenomena
observable events or occurrences
Example: The northern lights are one of the most stunning phenomena in nature.

1131. recluse
a person who lives in solitude
Example: The recluse rarely left his house, enjoying solitude and silence.

1132. advent
the start or arrival of something
Example: The advent of spring brings flowers and sunshine.

1133. proficient
skilled and competent in a task
Example: She became proficient in maths after many hours of practice.

1134. condemn
to express strong disapproval of something
Example: The teacher had to condemn the student's reckless behaviour in class.

1135. foremost
most important or prominent
Example: In the race to finish first, Sarah was foremost among her peers.

1136. haggard
looking very tired and unwell
Example: After the long journey, she looked haggard.

1137. choreograph
to plan and direct dance movements
Example: She will choreograph the school play's dance.

1138. introvert
a person who prefers solitude and reflection
Example: As an introvert, Emma found comfort in quiet reading over loud gatherings.

1139. accountable
being responsible for something
Example: She is accountable for feeding the cat.

1140. terrestrial
related to the earth or land
Example: The terrestrial habitats of the planet are home to diverse wildlife.

1141. urbanisation
the process of cities developing
Example: Urbanisation has led to significant changes in local environments.

1142. retract
to withdraw or take back something
Example: The politician had to retract his statement after new evidence emerged.

1143. berth
a bed on a ship or train
Example: She slept in her berth on the train.

1144. hierarchy
a system of ranked levels or authority
Example: The company's hierarchy determines how decisions are made.

1145. impeccable
faultless; having no flaws
Example: Her impeccable manners impressed everyone at the event.

1146. jeopardise
to put in danger or risk
Example: Failing to prepare properly could jeopardise your chances of success.

1147. reconcile
to restore friendly relations
Example: It took time for them to reconcile after the argument.

1148. customary
usual or traditional for a group

Example: It was customary for the villagers to gather every Friday for a meeting.

1149. profound
having deep meaning or significance
Example: Her profound insights into the topic impressed the entire class.

1150. itinerary
a planned route for a journey
Example: The travel agent provided an itinerary detailing each stop of our trip.

1151. indifferent
having no preference or concern
Example: Despite the heated discussion, Maria remained indifferent to the opinions of others.

1152. acute
sharp or severe in effect
Example: The doctor noted the acute pain in her side.

1153. strenuous
requiring great effort or energy
Example: The strenuous hike left the group exhausted but proud.

1154. seclusion
the state of being away from others
Example: The writer sought seclusion to find inspiration for her novel.

1155. hamper
to hinder or obstruct progress
Example: The sudden rainstorm did not hamper the team's efforts to complete the project.

1156. clamour
a loud and confused noise
Example: The clamour of the crowd made it hard to concentrate on my task.

1157. braggart
a person who boasts excessively
Example: The braggart couldn't resist showing off his latest achievements.

1158. curb
to restrain or limit something
Example: The new regulations aim to curb excessive spending in the government.

1159. remnant
a small remaining part
Example: The remnant of the cake was left uneaten on the table.

1160. interject
interrupt with a short comment
Example: She interjected during the meeting to ask a question.

1161. haughty
arrogantly superior or disdainful
Example: The haughty girl looked down on her classmates from her elevated position.

1162. abysmal
extremely bad or terrible
Example: The weather today is absolutely abysmal.

1163. avert
stop something from happening
Example: He tried to avert the accident by slowing down.

1164. placid
calm and peaceful
Example: The placid lake reflected the clear blue sky perfectly.

1165. melancholy
a deep, persistent sadness
Example: The melancholy music reflected her deep feelings of loss.

1166. expository
intended to explain or describe
Example: The expository essay provided clear insights into the topic.

1167. virtuous
having high moral standards
Example: The virtuous leader inspired many with her integrity and honesty.

1168. inexplicable
unable to be explained or understood
Example: The sudden disappearance of the artefact was inexplicable to the researchers.

1169. helix
a three-dimensional spiral shape
Example: The DNA structure is shaped like a helix, allowing for complex genetic functions.

1170. degrade
to lower in quality or value
Example: The constant pollution can degrade the natural environment over time.

1171. masquerade
pretending to be something you're not
Example: His kindness was just a masquerade to gain trust.

1172. adversary
a person or group opposing another
Example: In the final match, the champion faced a skilled adversary who pushed him to his limits.

1173. artisan
a skilled craftsperson
Example: The artisan carefully crafted a unique piece of jewellery.

1174. expanse
a wide area of land or water
Example: The expanse of the ocean seemed endless as the sun set on the horizon.

1175. credible
believable or reliable
Example: The scientist presented credible evidence to support her theory.

1176. diplomatic
good at handling people or situations
Example: She was very diplomatic when settling the argument.

1177. enlighten
to help someone understand something

Example: The teacher tried to enlighten the students about history.

1178. conspicuous

easily seen or noticed

Example: The bright red car was conspicuous in the parking lot.

1179. renegade

a person who betrays an organisation

Example: The renegade soldier refused to follow orders during the conflict.

1180. propaganda

information that unfairly changes opinions

Example: The poster was full of propaganda to sway voters.

1181. gluttonous

excessively greedy, especially for food

Example: His gluttonous behaviour at the buffet surprised everyone.

1182. scarcity

limited availability of resources

Example: The scarcity of water in the region led to strict conservation measures.

1183. discreet

careful in one's speech or actions

Example: In a discreet manner, she shared the confidential information.

1184. loathsome

causing hatred or disgust

Example: The loathsome behaviour of the bully shocked the entire class.

1185. disclose

to make something known or revealed

Example: The detective worked hard to disclose the truth behind the mystery.

1186. stalemate

a situation where no progress is possible

Example: The negotiations reached a stalemate, leaving both sides frustrated.

1187. hallowed

regarded as holy or sacred

Example: The hallowed grounds of the ancient church were dotted with memorials.

1188. impartial

not biased or prejudiced

Example: The judge remained impartial throughout the trial.

1189. esteem

to regard highly or favourably

Example: Many people hold their teachers in high esteem for their dedication.

1190. wistful

having a feeling of yearning or regret

Example: She gazed wistfully out the window, reminiscing about her childhood.

1191. forsake

to abandon someone or something

Example: In a moment of desperation, Jane decided to forsake her old friends.

1192. abide
put up with something unpleasant
Example: I can't abide the noise from the traffic.

1193. inconspicuous
not easily seen or noticed
Example: The inconspicuous rabbit blended seamlessly into the underbrush.

1194. resolute
determined and unwavering
Example: Despite the challenges ahead, Anna remained resolute in her decision to volunteer.

1195. amiable
friendly and pleasant in nature
Example: The amiable host made everyone feel welcome at the party.

1196. foreshadow
to indicate an event before it happens
Example: The dark clouds foreshadow a storm approaching the town.

1197. indignant
angry at unfair treatment
Example: She felt indignant when her hard work was ignored.

1198. dismissive
not caring or showing respect
Example: She gave a dismissive shrug and walked away.

1199. plight
a difficult or challenging situation
Example: The charity aims to assist those in plight after natural disasters.

1200. hereditary
passed down from parents to children
Example: Eye colour is often a hereditary trait.

1201. breach
an act of breaking a law or agreement
Example: The company faced severe consequences for the breach of contract.

1202. portrayal
the way someone or something is shown
Example: The portrayal of the character was both accurate and compelling.

1203. belittle
to make someone or something seem unimportant
Example: She felt hurt when her efforts were belittled by her peers.

1204. cantankerous
bad-tempered and uncooperative
Example: The cantankerous old man often scolded children for playing near his garden.

1205. voracious
having a great appetite for something
Example: The voracious reader finished three books in one weekend.

1206. interlude
a short pause or break in activity

Example: There was an interlude between the two acts of the play.

1207. derelict

abandoned and in poor condition

Example: The derelict building stood as a reminder of better times.

1208. obstinate

unreasonably determined to have one's way

Example: Despite his friends' advice, Tom remained obstinate about his decision.

1209. brooding

deeply thoughtful in a sad way

Example: In the quiet corner of the room, she sat brooding over her lost opportunity.

1210. surly

bad-tempered and unfriendly

Example: The surly waiter ignored our requests for service.

1211. custodian

a person who protects or maintains something

Example: The custodian ensured that the school's facilities were always clean and safe for students.

1212. pilfer

to steal something of little value

Example: She decided to pilfer a cookie from the jar while no one was watching.

1213. inkling

a slight idea or suspicion

Example: She had an inkling that something unusual was happening at school.

1214. apprehend

to catch or arrest someone

Example: The police apprehend the thief quickly.

1215. appease

to calm or satisfy someone

Example: To appease the angry crowd, the leader promised to address their concerns.

1216. conceive

to form a mental image or idea

Example: She could scarcely conceive of a world without music.

1217. abrasive

capable of polishing or scraping

Example: The abrasive surface of the sandpaper helped smooth the wood.

1218. fathom

to understand deeply or thoroughly

Example: Despite his efforts, John could not fathom why she left so abruptly.

1219. futile

having no useful result

Example: His attempts to convince her were futile and led to frustration.

1220. forlorn

sad and abandoned

Example: The forlorn puppy sat by the door, waiting for its owner.

1221. explicit
stated clearly and in detail
Example: The teacher provided explicit instructions for the assignment, ensuring everyone understood.

1222. paltry
trivial or insignificant in amount
Example: The donation was paltry compared to what was needed for the charity.

1223. writhe
to twist or squirm in pain
Example: The puppy began to writhe when it got tangled in the leash.

1224. pristine
in its original, unspoiled condition
Example: The pristine landscape was a breathtaking sight for the hikers.

1225. embargo
a government order to restrict trade
Example: The government imposed an embargo to protect local businesses.

1226. subterranean
existing or occurring below the earth's surface
Example: The subterranean caves were filled with fascinating rock formations.

1227. monetary
relating to money or currency
Example: The bank is in charge of monetary policy.

1228. pacifist
a person who opposes war
Example: As a committed pacifist, Clara always advocated for peaceful solutions.

Harder words

1229. impose
to force something to be accepted
Example: The teacher decided to impose new rules on the classroom behaviour.

1230. viscous
thick and sticky in consistency
Example: The viscous syrup slowly poured from the bottle.

1231. composure
a calm and controlled state of mind
Example: Despite the chaos around her, Anna maintained her composure during the presentation.

1232. unkempt
untidy or dishevelled in appearance
Example: The garden looked unkempt, with weeds overgrowing the flower beds.

1233. administration
running or organising a group or business
Example: The school administration plans all the events.

1234. rebuke
to express sharp disapproval
Example: The teacher had to rebuke the student for talking during the lesson.

1235. abstract
existing in thought, not material
Example: The abstract painting left viewers pondering its meaning.

1236. benevolent
well-meaning and kindly
Example: The benevolent woman donated generously to the local charity.

1237. fateful
having important and often negative consequences
Example: The fateful decision changed the course of history.

1238. jaunty
having a lively and cheerful manner
Example: Wearing a jaunty hat, she walked confidently into the room.

1239. candid
truthful and straightforward
Example: The teacher appreciated her candid feedback about the project.

1240. pulverise
to crush something into powder
Example: In the chemistry lab, students were asked to pulverise the solid samples for analysis.

1241. prospective
likely to happen or be chosen
Example: The prospective students were eager to learn about the school's programmes.

1242. incentive
something that motivates action
Example: The school's new programme provided an incentive for students to excel academically.

1243. correspond
to communicate in writing or messages
Example: Students correspond with their pen pals to practice writing.

1244. monotonous
dull and repetitive without variation
Example: The monotonous sound of the rain made it hard to concentrate on my work.

1245. adept
skilled or proficient at something
Example: Maria is adept at solving complex mathematical problems quickly.

1246. harrowing
extremely distressing or traumatic
Example: The harrowing tale of loss left the audience in tears.

1247. careering
moving swiftly and uncontrollably
Example: The car was careering down the icy road, making everyone nervous.

1248. aghast
filled with shock or horror
Example: She stood aghast at the sight of the devastation left behind.

1249. daunt
to make someone feel intimidated

Example: The difficult exam did not daunt her; she was well prepared.

1250. complement
something that completes or enhances
Example: The bright scarf serves as a perfect complement to her outfit.

1251. fabricate
to invent or make something false
Example: She could easily fabricate a story to explain her absence.

1252. attribute
a quality or feature of something
Example: The teacher praised her ability to attribute her success to hard work.

1253. ambiguous
having more than one meaning
Example: The teacher's instructions were ambiguous, leaving the students confused.

1254. mediate
to intervene in a dispute
Example: The teacher had to mediate between the two arguing students.

1255. unsurpassed
better than anything else
Example: Her unsurpassed talent in art captivated the entire audience.

1256. seethe
to feel very angry inside
Example: She began to seethe when she heard the unfair news.

1257. deplete
use up resources until gone
Example: We must not deplete all the water in the well.

1258. genealogy
the study of family ancestry
Example: Her fascination with genealogy led her to discover interesting family history.

1259. visionary
having imaginative ideas about the future
Example: The visionary leader inspired his team with innovative ideas.

1260. incision
a surgical cut made in skin
Example: The surgeon made an incision to remove the appendix safely.

1261. myriad
a countless or extremely great number
Example: The night sky was filled with a myriad of stars that sparkled brightly.

1262. apprehension
anxiety about future events
Example: She felt a sense of apprehension before the exam began.

1263. emission
sending out or giving off something
Example: The emission of smoke from the chimney was visible.

1264. methodical
done according to a system or plan
Example: Her methodical approach to studying helped her excel in exams.

1265. listless
lacking energy or enthusiasm
Example: During the long lecture, Sarah felt increasingly listless and struggled to concentrate.

1266. insufferable
impossible to tolerate or endure
Example: The insufferable noise from the construction site disrupted her concentration.

1267. chastised
to scold or reprimand severely
Example: The teacher chastised the student for not completing his homework.

1268. gratifying
causing pleasure or satisfaction
Example: Winning the art competition was a gratifying achievement for Sarah.

1269. suggestible
easily influenced or persuaded
Example: Children are often more suggestible than adults due to their developing minds.

1270. exempt
free from an obligation or duty
Example: Students with excellent grades may be exempt from certain tests.

1271. apt
appropriate or suitable in circumstances
Example: Her apt response in the debate impressed the judges.

1272. essence
the fundamental nature of something
Example: The essence of the story lies in its themes of friendship and loyalty.

1273. debunk
to expose falsehood or myth
Example: The scientist aimed to debunk the popular myth surrounding the experiment.

1274. dispel
to make a feeling or belief go away
Example: The teacher's explanation helped to dispel any doubts about the topic.

1275. callous
showing no sympathy or feeling
Example: Her callous remarks about his failure hurt him deeply.

1276. adversity
difficulties or misfortunes faced
Example: She showed remarkable strength in the face of adversity during her studies.

1277. covet
to desire something belonging to someone else
Example: She began to covet her friend's luxurious lifestyle, longing for the same comforts.

1278. relegate
to assign to a lower position

Example: The team was relegated to a lower division after the poor season.

1279. aptitude

natural ability to do something well

Example: Her aptitude for mathematics helped her excel in school.

1280. dubious

doubtful or uncertain

Example: The teacher had dubious feelings about the student's explanation of the homework.

1281. conundrum

a confusing or difficult problem

Example: The maths question presented a real conundrum for the students.

1282. underrate

to think something is less important

Example: Don't underrate your own talents.

1283. plateau

a time when nothing changes

Example: After studying hard, his grades reached a plateau.

1284. impoverished

made poor or deprived of resources

Example: The impoverished community struggled to meet basic needs.

1285. slothful

showing a lack of effort or activity

Example: Despite his slothful nature, he managed to finish the project on time.

1286. eminent

famous and respected in a particular field

Example: The eminent scientist delivered a captivating lecture on climate change.

1287. acclaim

to praise enthusiastically

Example: The author received great acclaim for her latest novel.

1288. vivacious

full of life and energy

Example: The vivacious girl lit up the room with her laughter.

1289. oppress

to keep someone in hardship or suffering

Example: Many people were oppressed by the harsh laws of the regime.

1290. indispensable

absolutely necessary or very important

Example: A map is indispensable for our hike.

1291. steadfast

firm and unwavering in purpose

Example: Despite the challenges, her steadfast determination inspired the team.

1292. comprehensive

including all or nearly all parts

Example: The book gives a comprehensive guide to dinosaurs.

1293. indigenous
originating or occurring naturally in a place
Example: The indigenous tribes of the region have rich cultural traditions.

1294. artful
skilled in achieving goals by clever means
Example: The artful negotiator secured a better deal for the company.

1295. elude
to avoid or escape from someone
Example: The clever fox was able to elude the pursuing hounds.

1296. aspiration
a hope or ambition to achieve something
Example: Her aspiration to become a doctor inspired her studies in science.

1297. infiltrate
to enter secretly to gather information
Example: The detective aimed to infiltrate the gang to gather evidence.

1298. disarray
a state of disorder or confusion
Example: The classroom was left in disarray after the science experiment.

1299. falter
to hesitate or waver in action
Example: Despite her nerves, Maria refused to falter during the presentation.

1300. hindrance
something that impedes progress
Example: The heavy rain became a hindrance to the outdoor event.

1301. malevolent
having a wish to do evil
Example: The malevolent villain plotted to take over the kingdom.

1302. imminent
about to happen very soon
Example: The storm's arrival was imminent, prompting everyone to head indoors.

1303. incessant
continuing without pause or interruption
Example: The incessant noise from the construction site made it hard to concentrate.

1304. frivolous
lacking seriousness or sense
Example: While planning the event, they dismissed the frivolous suggestions and focused on important details.

1305. redundant
no longer needed or useful
Example: The report was deemed redundant after the new findings were published.

1306. plausible
likely to be true or believable
Example: The detective suggested a plausible explanation for the mystery that intrigued everyone.

1307. purge
to remove unwanted things or people

Example: The king decided to purge the kingdom of all its traitors.

1308. implement
to put a plan into effect
Example: The school plans to implement new rules to improve behaviour.

1309. terse
brief and direct in style
Example: The teacher gave a terse explanation that left no room for misunderstanding.

1310. undermine
to weaken or damage something gradually
Example: The constant criticism began to undermine her confidence in her abilities.

1311. noxious
harmful or poisonous
Example: The factory emitted noxious fumes that made the air unsafe to breathe.

1312. plethora
an excessive amount of something
Example: The garden had a plethora of colourful flowers in bloom.

1313. affable
friendly and easy to talk to
Example: The affable host made everyone feel welcome at the party.

1314. detrimental
causing harm or damage
Example: The pollution in the river was detrimental to the fish population.

1315. lustrous
shiny and reflecting light
Example: The lustrous surface of the lake sparkled in the sunlight.

1316. femininity
the quality of being female
Example: Her sense of femininity was evident in her fashion choices.

1317. matriarch
female leader of a family or group
Example: Grandma is the matriarch of our family.

1318. receptacle
a container for holding something
Example: The gardener used a receptacle to gather fallen leaves.

1319. domain
a specific area of knowledge or activity
Example: Mathematics is her favourite domain of study.

1320. upheaval
a sudden or violent change
Example: The earthquake caused an upheaval in the city.

1321. susceptible
likely to be influenced or harmed
Example: The research showed that young children are particularly susceptible to infections.

1322. brazen
bold and without shame
Example: The brazen thief stole from the crowded market without fear.

1323. precarious
not securely held or in position
Example: The precarious ladder wobbled, making everyone nervous.

1324. meteoric
rising very quickly or brilliantly
Example: Her meteoric rise in music amazed everyone.

1325. docile
easily taught or led
Example: The docile dog followed its owner wherever he went.

1326. uncouth
lacking good manners or refinement
Example: His uncouth behaviour at the dinner party surprised everyone.

1327. allot
to distribute or assign something
Example: The teacher decided to allot extra time for the project.

1328. vice
a moral fault or weakness
Example: He struggled to overcome his vice, which affected his studies.

1329. affliction
a state of severe pain or distress
Example: The community rallied together to support those suffering from the affliction.

1330. credibility
the quality of being trusted
Example: Her dedication to research gave her credibility in the scientific community.

1331. conclusive
providing a definite result or decision
Example: The evidence presented in court was conclusive, proving his innocence.

1332. adverse
having a negative effect
Example: The adverse weather conditions delayed the outdoor event.

1333. fraudulent
intended to deceive or trick
Example: The fraudulent scheme led many investors to lose their money.

1334. incite
to encourage or stir up actions
Example: The teacher warned the students not to incite any disturbances during the assembly.

1335. superficial
existing or occurring at the surface
Example: Her understanding of the topic was superficial, lacking in depth and detail.

1336. feasible
possible to do easily or conveniently

Example: The plan seemed feasible, given the resources we had.

1337. deterrent

something that discourages an action

Example: The strict rules acted as a strong deterrent against misbehaviour.

1338. beseech

ask someone urgently for something

Example: She beseeched her parents to let her stay up late.

1339. constraint

a limitation or restriction

Example: The constraint of time made it difficult to finish the project.

1340. awry

away from the expected or proper direction

Example: The plan went awry when unforeseen challenges arose.

1341. tangible

perceptible by touch or clear

Example: The tangible benefits of studying hard were evident in her exam results.

1342. idyllic

charming and picturesque in nature

Example: The countryside was so idyllic that we decided to stay longer.

1343. destitute

lacking basic necessities of life

Example: The charity aims to help those who are destitute and in desperate need of support.

1344. enterprise

a project or venture, especially commercial

Example: The students launched a new enterprise to fund their trip.

1345. cacophony

a harsh, discordant mixture of sounds

Example: The cacophony of the city made it hard to concentrate on her studies.

1346. utopia

an imagined place where everything is perfect

Example: She dreamed of creating a utopia where everyone lived in harmony.

1347. alleviate

to make something less severe

Example: The new treatment aims to alleviate the patient's chronic pain.

1348. flagship

most important or main thing

Example: The new smartphone is the company's flagship product.

1349. grievance

a complaint or resentment

Example: The teacher listened carefully to the student's grievance about the unfair exam.

1350. orchestrate

to arrange or direct a plan

Example: The teacher aimed to orchestrate a successful group project for her students.

1351. tentative
not certain or fixed; hesitant
Example: Her tentative plan to travel abroad depends on her budget.

1352. altercation
a noisy argument or dispute
Example: The altercation between the two classmates drew the attention of the teacher.

1353. affix
to stick or attach something to something else
Example: I will affix the stamp to the envelope.

1354. deploy
to position forces strategically.
Example: The general decided to deploy additional troops to secure the area.

1355. euphoria
a feeling of intense happiness
Example: Winning the championship filled the team with euphoria.

1356. cavorting
to jump or dance around excitedly
Example: The children were cavorting in the park, filled with joy on a sunny day.

1357. tenacious
holding firmly to a goal or idea
Example: The tenacious student worked hard to achieve top marks in her exams.

1358. rectify
to correct a mistake or error
Example: The teacher asked the students to rectify their errors before submitting the assignment.

1359. enthralling
captivating and holding interest
Example: The enthralling story kept the students engaged until the end.

1360. revert
go back to a previous state
Example: After the update, the game will revert to its old version.

1361. emphatic
expressing something forcibly and clearly
Example: The teacher gave an emphatic reminder about the importance of studying.

1362. charismatic
having a compelling charm or appeal
Example: The charismatic leader effortlessly captivated the crowd with her speech.

1363. forthcoming
about to happen or appear
Example: The forthcoming event promised to be spectacular and exciting for all attendees.

1364. stimulant
substance that boosts energy or activity
Example: Caffeine is a common stimulant found in coffee.

1365. momentous
of great importance or significance

Example: The signing of the peace treaty was a momentous occasion in history.

1366. coy

shy but pretending to be innocent

Example: She gave a coy smile when asked about her secret plans.

1367. denounce

to publicly declare something as wrong

Example: The activist chose to denounce the unfair policies at the rally.

1368. diffuse

to spread over a wide area

Example: The scientist used a special solvent to diffuse the dye evenly in the solution.

1369. contemporary

belonging to the present day; modern

Example: The contemporary art exhibition showcased works from various talented artists.

1370. exhaustive

comprehensive and thorough in detail

Example: The report provided an exhaustive analysis of the issue.

1371. wilful

deliberately determined to behave

Example: Her wilful refusal to listen caused frustration among her teachers.

1372. arouse

to stimulate or awaken feelings

Example: The heartfelt speech helped to arouse the audience's passion for change.

1373. reiterate

to say or do something again

Example: The teacher needed to reiterate the instructions for the exam clearly.

1374. prestige

high reputation based on achievements

Example: The university gained prestige after its research breakthroughs.

1375. affluent

having a lot of money or wealth

Example: The affluent neighbourhood was filled with luxurious homes and upscale shops.

1376. improvisation

creating something spontaneously without preparation

Example: The actor's improvisation during the play made it truly memorable for the audience.

1377. impermeable

not allowing liquid or gas to pass through

Example: The impermeable material kept the basement dry during the rainstorm.

1378. accustom

to make oneself familiar with something

Example: It took some time for Jessica to accustom herself to the new school environment.

1379. contempt

disrespect or disdain for someone

Example: Her contempt for the rules was evident during the game.

1380. compliant
ready to obey rules or requests
Example: The compliant student always followed the teacher's instructions.

1381. insurmountable
impossible to overcome or conquer
Example: The challenges of climate change seem insurmountable to many scientists.

1382. subsequent
occurring after a specified time
Example: The subsequent events changed the course of history significantly.

1383. hone
to sharpen or refine something
Example: She worked hard to hone her skills before the competition.

1384. magnitude
the size or extent of something
Example: The magnitude of the earthquake was measured at 7.0 on the Richter scale.

1385. pretence
an attempt to make something false appear true
Example: Charlotte's pretence of being unbothered concealed her true feelings.

1386. dissent
disagreement with an opinion or decision
Example: The student's dissent from the majority view sparked a lively debate.

1387. quip
a witty remark or comment
Example: During the debate, she made a clever quip that left everyone laughing.

1388. incoherent
not able to be understood clearly
Example: The student's incoherent argument left the class confused.

1389. coherent
logically connected and orderly
Example: Her coherent argument persuaded the judges to vote for her.

1390. fortitude
courage in facing pain or adversity
Example: Her fortitude in the face of challenges inspired her classmates.

1391. prelude
an introduction to a larger work
Example: The symphony began with a beautiful prelude that set the mood.

1392. scrutinise
to examine closely and carefully
Example: The teacher asked the students to scrutinise the text for hidden meanings.

1393. fluctuate
to change or vary regularly
Example: The temperature is expected to fluctuate throughout the week.

1394. proximity
closeness in distance or relationship

Example: The proximity of the school to my house makes it easy to walk there.

1395. vocation

a person's job or profession

Example: Determined to follow her vocation, Emma pursued a career in teaching.

1396. resonate

to produce a deep, clear sound

Example: The music began to resonate through the hall, captivating everyone present.

1397. fraught

full of worry or stress

Example: The meeting was fraught with tension.

1398. pious

devoutly religious or virtuous

Example: The pious woman dedicated her life to helping others in need.

1399. quizzical

expressing puzzlement or curiosity

Example: She gave him a quizzical look when he asked the strange question.

1400. lax

not strict or careful about rules, behaviour, or standards

Example: The school became lax about uniform rules, allowing pupils to dress more casually.

1401. compel

to force someone to do something

Example: The teacher had to compel the students to complete their assignments on time.

1402. lieu

in place of something

Example: In lieu of a gift, she donated to charity.

1403. pivotal

of crucial importance

Example: The pivotal moment in the story changed everything for the protagonist.

1404. underlying

basic or fundamental nature of something

Example: The underlying cause of the conflict remained unresolved.

1405. advisory

giving advice or suggestions

Example: The advisory group helped plan the event.

1406. reimburse

to pay back money spent

Example: The company will reimburse you for travel expenses incurred during the trip.

1407. applicable

relevant or suitable for a situation

Example: The rules are applicable to all students.

1408. submissive

willing to obey and yield

Example: The submissive dog always followed its owner's commands without hesitation.

1409. alluring
charmingly attractive or tempting
Example: The alluring beauty of the sunset captivated everyone at the beach.

1410. conscientious
careful and dedicated in work
Example: The conscientious student completed every assignment on time and with great care.

1411. exemplify
to illustrate by example
Example: The teacher used a case study to exemplify the concept clearly.

1412. impromptu
done without prior preparation
Example: The speaker gave an impromptu speech that captivated the audience.

1413. relent
become less strict or harsh
Example: The storm finally relented, and the sun came out.

1414. archaic
outdated or no longer in use
Example: The use of archaic language can make texts harder to understand.

1415. audacity
boldness or daring, often disrespectful
Example: Her audacity in speaking out impressed the entire class.

1416. impair
to weaken or damage something
Example: The loud noise can impair your ability to concentrate.

1417. adamant
refusing to be persuaded
Example: Despite the objections, she remained adamant about her decision to travel alone.

1418. facade
the front of a building
Example: The facade of the historic building was beautifully restored.

1419. franchise
permission to sell a company's products
Example: She bought a franchise to open a pizza shop.

1420. enact
make something into a law
Example: The government decided to enact the new rule.

1421. zenith
the highest point or peak
Example: The explorer reached the zenith of the mountain after a challenging climb.

1422. exuberance
a state of lively excitement
Example: Her exuberance during the celebration was contagious, bringing smiles to everyone.

1423. irksome
annoying or bothersome

Example: The buzzing sound was quite irksome.

1424. transfix

to hold motionless with amazement

Example: The magician's incredible trick managed to transfix the entire audience.

1425. endorse

to approve or support formally

Example: The teacher decided to endorse the new reading programme for its benefits.

1426. deject

to make someone feel sad

Example: The disappointing news served to deject the entire team.

1427. allegation

a claim made without proof

Example: The allegation against the politician sparked widespread controversy.

1428. sentient

able to feel or sense things

Example: The dog is a sentient animal that feels pain.

1429. blasphemy

disrespecting sacred beliefs

Example: The teacher explained that blasphemy can lead to severe consequences in many cultures.

1430. bemuse

to confuse or puzzle someone

Example: The complicated instructions seemed to bemuse the students during the test.

1431. prudence

careful judgement in decision-making

Example: Her prudence in financial matters helped her save for the future.

1432. receptive

willing to consider new ideas

Example: The teacher found the students very receptive to new concepts during the lesson.

1433. akin

similar or related in nature

Example: The two paintings were so akin that they could have been created by the same artist.

1434. slander

making false spoken statements damaging to someone's reputation

Example: The politician accused his rival of slander during the debate.

1435. prolific

producing many works or results

Example: The prolific author released three novels in one year.

1436. egotistical

thinking only of oneself

Example: His egotistical attitude made it difficult for others to work with him.

1437. misapprehend

to misunderstand something

Example: Despite her clear explanation, he continued to misapprehend her main point.

1438. cordial
warm and friendly in manner
Example: The host gave a cordial welcome to all the guests.

1439. invariably
always happens without any change
Example: The sun invariably rises in the east.

1440. evoke
make someone remember something
Example: The old song evoked memories of summer holidays.

1441. pensive
engaged in deep or serious thought
Example: She sat by the window, pensive, contemplating her plans for the future.

1442. enigmatic
mysterious and difficult to understand
Example: The painting had an enigmatic quality that sparked many interpretations.

1443. granular
having a grainy texture or quality
Example: The artist preferred using a granular approach to capture the landscape's detail.

1444. intermittent
occurring at irregular intervals
Example: The intermittent rain made the picnic plans uncertain.

1445. disdain
to regard with contempt or scorn
Example: She looked at the unfair rules with disdain, believing they were unjust.

1446. rejuvenate
to restore to a youthful state
Example: The spa treatment aims to rejuvenate both body and mind.

1447. aloof
not friendly or forthcoming
Example: Despite being in a crowd, Sarah remained aloof and kept to herself.

1448. aversion
a strong dislike or repugnance
Example: Her aversion to loud noises made concerts quite uncomfortable for her.

1449. consensus
general agreement among a group
Example: The committee reached a consensus on the new policy after extensive discussions.

1450. euphemism
a mild expression for something harsh
Example: The term 'passed away' is a common euphemism for death.

1451. perpetual
lasting forever or for a very long time
Example: The perpetual motion of the ocean fascinated the students during their trip.

1452. suave
smooth and charming in manner

Example: His suave demeanour made him the centre of attention at the party.

1453. divulge
to reveal secret information
Example: The journalist decided to divulge the findings of the investigation.

1454. grievous
causing great pain or sadness
Example: The grievous news made everyone very sad.

1455. insolent
showing a rude lack of respect
Example: The insolent student talked back to the teacher during class.

1456. renounce
to give up a claim or right
Example: The leader decided to renounce his title in favour of democracy.

1457. ire
intense anger or wrath
Example: The teacher's ire was evident when the students misbehaved.

1458. regime
a system or planned way of doing things
Example: The new regime implemented strict rules to improve efficiency.

1459. sporadic
occurring occasionally or at irregular intervals
Example: The team's sporadic practice sessions made it hard to improve.

1460. gregarious
fond of company; sociable
Example: The gregarious child made friends easily at the new school.

1461. self-righteous
believing oneself morally superior
Example: Her self-righteous attitude alienated her friends during the debate.

1462. eulogy
a speech in praise of someone deceased
Example: During the funeral, the son delivered a heartfelt eulogy for his father.

1463. farce
a comic dramatic work using absurdity
Example: The play was a farce, filled with ridiculous misunderstandings and chaos.

1464. emulate
to match or imitate someone
Example: To excel in her studies, Mia aimed to emulate her older sister's dedication.

1465. incendiary
made to start fires
Example: The incendiary device was used to start a fire.

1466. benign
gentle and kindly in nature
Example: The teacher's benign demeanour made the students feel comfortable asking questions.

1467. diction
the choice and use of words
Example: The author's diction enhances the overall tone of the story.

1468. facilitate
to make a process easier
Example: The teacher aims to facilitate discussions that encourage critical thinking.

1469. unprecedented
never done or known before
Example: The team's unprecedented victory inspired students throughout the school.

1470. lethargy
a lack of energy or enthusiasm
Example: The long, hot summer induced a sense of lethargy that affected everyone's motivation.

1471. delegate
to assign tasks to others
Example: The manager decided to delegate the project to her team members.

1472. unwarranted
not justified or necessary
Example: The teacher considered her criticism to be unwarranted and unhelpful.

1473. bolster
to support or strengthen something
Example: The teacher aimed to bolster her students' confidence during the exam preparation.

1474. peruse
to read carefully and thoroughly
Example: Before making a decision, she decided to peruse the report carefully.

1475. antiquity
ancient times, especially before the Middle Ages
Example: The artefacts discovered in the ruins date back to antiquity.

1476. orator
a person who speaks well in public
Example: The orator captivated the audience with his speech.

1477. goaded
to provoke or annoy someone
Example: She felt goaded by her peers to take on the challenge.

1478. rigorous
thorough and accurate in detail
Example: The teacher’s rigorous approach ensured that all students understood the material deeply.

1479. negligible
so small it doesn't matter
Example: The difference in price was negligible.

1480. animosity
strong hostility or dislike
Example: The animosity between the rival teams intensified throughout the season.

1481. malleable
capable of being shaped or moulded

Example: Gold is a malleable metal that can be easily shaped into jewellery.

1482. instigate
to provoke or initiate something
Example: The teacher was careful not to instigate any arguments among the students.

1483. raucous
loud and harsh sounding
Example: The raucous laughter from the party could be heard all night.

1484. indomitable
impossible to defeat or subdue
Example: Her indomitable spirit inspired everyone around her to persevere.

1485. effigy
a sculpture or model of a person
Example: The protestors burned an effigy to express their anger.

1486. precocious
developing abilities at an early age
Example: Her precocious talent for music amazed everyone at the concert.

1487. defunct
no longer in use or operation
Example: The defunct factory stood as a relic of the past.

1488. confound
to confuse or surprise someone
Example: The magician's trick managed to confound the entire audience.

1489. denote
to show or mean something
Example: A red light denotes you must stop.

1490. delinquent
not following rules or laws
Example: His delinquent behaviour worried his teachers.

1491. genesis
the start or origin of something
Example: The genesis of the story was a simple idea.

1492. traverse
to travel across or through
Example: The hikers decided to traverse the rugged mountains despite the weather.

1493. oblige
to help someone by doing what they ask or need; to do someone a favour
Example: The teacher obliged the students by extending the deadline for their assignments.

1494. intuitive
understood without reasoning or explanation
Example: Despite the complex problem, Sarah found the solution intuitive and straightforward.

1495. spendthrift
one who spends money wastefully
Example: Despite his wealthy background, James was a spendthrift who often squandered his inheritance.

1496. mundane
lacking interest or excitement
Example: Despite its mundane appearance, the book held profound insights.

1497. implausible
not likely to be true or credible
Example: The detective found the suspect's alibi implausible and suspicious.

1498. imperceptible
not able to be perceived or noticed
Example: The changes in the painting were so imperceptible that only the artist noticed them.

1499. hypothetical
based on a suggested idea or theory
Example: In a hypothetical situation, Sarah would choose to travel around the world.

1500. feign
to pretend or fake something
Example: He decided to feign an illness to avoid the test.

1501. lucid
clear and easy to understand
Example: The teacher's lucid explanation helped all the students grasp the complex topic.

1502. succinct
expressed in few words
Example: The teacher appreciated the succinct report that covered all key points.

1503. predecessor
one who came before in rank
Example: The predecessor of the current leader implemented many changes.

1504. unwitting
not knowing or aware
Example: The unwitting participant had no idea about the surprise.

1505. derive
to get something from a source
Example: We can derive energy from the sun.

1506. cyclical
happening again and again in a pattern
Example: The seasons change in a cyclical pattern.

1507. volatile
likely to change rapidly and unpredictably
Example: The stock market can be quite volatile, often swinging dramatically in one day.

1508. morose
sullen and ill-tempered
Example: Despite the festive decorations, Sarah felt morose at the party.

1509. maverick
an independent-minded person
Example: As a maverick in her field, she often surprised others with her unconventional ideas.

1510. genial
friendly and cheerful in manner

Example: The genial host welcomed all the guests with a warm smile.

1511. besiege
to surround and attack a place
Example: The army decided to besiege the castle until the enemy surrendered.

1512. utility
how useful or practical something is
Example: The utility of a flashlight is clear during a power cut.

1513. prophetic
foretelling future events
Example: The author's prophetic vision of society proved eerily accurate over time.

1514. inaugural
related to a formal beginning
Example: The inaugural ceremony was attended by many dignitaries.

1515. embody
to represent or personify something
Example: The statue was designed to embody the spirit of the city.

1516. implicate
to show someone is involved in something
Example: The evidence was enough to implicate the suspect in the crime.

1517. serendipity
unexpected good fortune or discovery
Example: Finding the old photograph was pure serendipity during the clean-up.

1518. succumb
to yield to a superior force
Example: Despite his strong will, he could not help but succumb to the overwhelming pressure.

1519. relinquish
to give up or surrender something
Example: She had to relinquish her role in the committee due to personal commitments.

1520. abstain
choose not to do something
Example: She decided to abstain from eating sweets.

1521. retiring
shy or avoiding social interaction
Example: Despite her talent, Sarah remained retiring and preferred to stay in the background.

1522. vindictive
having a strong desire for revenge
Example: Her vindictive nature led her to seek revenge on those who wronged her.

1523. perchance
by chance or perhaps
Example: Perchance, she might find the answer hidden among the books.

1524. masculinity
the qualities of being a man or boy
Example: The poem explores what masculinity means to boys growing up today.

1525. reverence
deep respect for someone or something
Example: The students showed reverence towards their teacher during the ceremony.

1526. unorthodox
not conforming to accepted beliefs
Example: Her unorthodox approach to solving problems impressed the judges.

1527. aggrieved
feeling upset because something is unfair
Example: She felt aggrieved when her brother got a bigger slice of cake.

1528. cache
a hidden storage for data
Example: The computer's cache makes programs load much faster.

1529. heinous
shockingly evil or wicked
Example: The villain's heinous actions shocked the entire community.

1530. imprudent
not showing care for the consequences
Example: His imprudent decision to invest all his savings brought him trouble.

1531. demeanour
outward behaviour or conduct
Example: Her calm demeanour during the exam helped others feel at ease.

1532. philosophical
related to the study of fundamental questions
Example: Her philosophical approach to life helped her remain calm during challenges.

1533. abomination
something that is greatly disliked
Example: The pollution in the river was an abomination to the once pristine environment.

1534. liberal
open to new ideas and change
Example: The school's liberal approach encouraged students to express their opinions freely.

1535. discern
to perceive or recognise something
Example: It was difficult to discern the truth amidst all the confusion.

1536. provocative
causing strong reactions or thought
Example: The provocative article sparked a heated debate among students.

1537. deluge
a severe flood
Example: The unexpected deluge caused the river to overflow its banks.

1538. affirmation
a positive statement or declaration
Example: Her unwavering affirmation of his talent boosted his confidence greatly.

1539. spontaneity
the quality of being spontaneous

Example: Her spontaneity added excitement to the trip, making every moment memorable.

1540. contend
to compete or strive against
Example: In the debate, she had to contend with opposing viewpoints.

1541. constrain
to limit or restrict something
Example: The rules will constrain our options when making a decision.

1542. bane
a source of harm or ruin
Example: For many students, exam stress can be the bane of their year.

1543. accolade
an award or praise for achievements
Example: Receiving an accolade for her project motivated her to excel further.

1544. lucrative
producing a great deal of profit
Example: The internship provided a lucrative opportunity for students seeking experience.

1545. fervour
intense and passionate feeling
Example: The fervour of the crowd was palpable during the speech.

1546. belligerent
hostile and aggressive
Example: The belligerent crowd demanded answers from the officials.

1547. demure
reserved, modest, or shy in behaviour
Example: The demure girl quietly observed the lively conversation around her.

1548. cajole
to persuade through flattery
Example: She tried to cajole her parents into letting her stay out late.

1549. supremacy
being the most powerful or important
Example: The team's supremacy was clear after they won the championship.

1550. albeit
although; even if
Example: The movie was entertaining, albeit a bit predictable.

1551. ostracise
to leave someone out of a group
Example: They ostracised him from the club activities.

1552. convoluted
complex and difficult to follow
Example: The plot of the novel was so convoluted that many readers struggled to keep up.

1553. infrastructure
basic systems and structures needed for a place to function, like roads and bridges
Example: The city is investing in its infrastructure to improve public transportation.

1554. patriarch
male leader of a family or group
Example: The grandfather was the patriarch of the family.

1555. debrief
to question someone about a completed task
Example: The team gathered to debrief after the successful mission.

1556. intangible
not able to be touched or grasped
Example: The artist captured an intangible essence of beauty in her work.

1557. verbose
using too many words
Example: The professor's verbose explanation confused many students during the lecture.

1558. rendition
a performance or interpretation of something
Example: The musician's rendition of the classic song was truly captivating.

1559. conceit
excessive pride in oneself
Example: Her conceit prevented her from making true friends.

1560. predominantly
mainly or mostly occurring
Example: The region is predominantly rural, with few urban areas.

1561. slovenly
untidy or careless in appearance
Example: The slovenly state of the room made it hard to find anything.

1562. illicit
forbidden by law or rules
Example: The police cracked down on the illicit trade in endangered species.

1563. bequeath
to leave personal belongings to someone
Example: In her will, she chose to bequeath her jewellery to her daughter.

1564. mogul
a powerful and influential person
Example: The film mogul transformed the industry with his innovative ideas.

1565. subjective
based on personal feelings or opinions
Example: Her opinion about the movie was subjective.

1566. reminiscent
bringing memories to mind
Example: The painting was reminiscent of her childhood summers at the beach.

1567. despot
a ruler with absolute power
Example: The despot ruled the country with an iron fist.

1568. exacting
demanding perfection and precision

Example: The exacting teacher expected only the highest quality work from her students.

1569. concession

something given up to reach an agreement

Example: The teacher made a concession to end the argument.

1570. staunch

firm and steadfast in loyalty

Example: She was a staunch supporter of the local charity, often volunteering her time.

1571. exemplary

serving as a model or example

Example: Her exemplary performance in class earned her a scholarship.

1572. buttress

a support for a wall or structure

Example: The ancient cathedral had a massive buttress to ensure its stability.

1573. discrepancy

a difference between two things

Example: The investigation revealed a discrepancy in the financial records.

1574. desist

to stop doing something

Example: The teacher asked the students to desist from talking during the test.

1575. inundate

to flood or overwhelm with water

Example: The heavy rains can inundate the entire village within hours.

1576. repress

to hold back or suppress emotions

Example: She tried to repress her feelings of disappointment during the meeting.

1577. grandiose

impressive and extravagant in style

Example: The grandiose architecture of the palace took my breath away.

1578. prevalent

widespread or commonly occurring

Example: The prevalent use of technology has transformed education dramatically.

1579. tirade

a long and angry speech

Example: During the meeting, Sarah launched into a tirade about the new rules.

1580. pretentious

attempting to impress by showing off

Example: The pretentious art gallery displayed works only for show.

1581. instil

to gradually introduce an idea or habit

Example: Teachers often aim to instil a love of reading in their students.

1582. innate

existing from birth; natural

Example: Her innate talent for music was evident even as a child.

1583. profess
to declare a belief or opinion
Example: She decided to profess her love for literature during the class discussion.

1584. repercussions
unintended consequences of an action
Example: The decision to cut funding had serious repercussions for the entire community.

1585. undulate
to move in a smooth wave-like motion
Example: The flag began to undulate gently in the breeze.

1586. scathing
critically harsh or severe
Example: The teacher's scathing remarks left the student embarrassed.

1587. anarchist
a person who opposes all forms of government
Example: The anarchist believed that society could function without government.

1588. reciprocate
give back the same action or feeling
Example: When she smiled at him, he reciprocated with a smile.

1589. antiquated
old-fashioned and no longer useful
Example: The antiquated machinery struggled to keep up with production demands.

1590. reformation
a change to improve something
Example: The reformation of the school system aimed to provide better education for all students.

1591. petulant
easily irritated or annoyed
Example: The petulant child refused to share his toys during playtime.

1592. impede
to obstruct or hinder progress
Example: The heavy rain will impede our efforts to reach the summit.

1593. niche
a special place or job just right for someone
Example: She found her niche in the school band.

1594. quell
to suppress or calm something
Example: The teacher tried to quell the students' excitement before the assembly.

1595. provisional
temporary and subject to change
Example: The provisional arrangements were updated once more information became available.

1596. adjourn
to pause a meeting or session
Example: The committee decided to adjourn the meeting until next week.

1597. bemoan
to express sorrow or regret

Example: She began to bemoan the loss of her favourite book during the move.

1598. affinity

a natural liking or attraction

Example: Her affinity for animals led her to become a vet.

1599. admonish

to warn or reprimand someone firmly

Example: The teacher had to admonish Sarah for talking during the lesson.

1600. copious

in large amounts or quantities

Example: The student's notes were copious, filled with detailed explanations and examples.

1601. intimate

closely acquainted or personal

Example: The two friends shared an intimate conversation about their dreams.

1602. arduous

hard to accomplish or achieve

Example: Climbing the mountain proved to be an arduous task for the hikers.

1603. induce

to cause something to happen

Example: The scientist aimed to induce a chemical reaction in the lab.

1604. coerce

to persuade someone forcefully

Example: The teacher would never coerce students into unfair actions.

1605. liable

legally responsible for something

Example: If they are found liable, they must pay compensation.

1606. acrid

having a strong, unpleasant smell or taste

Example: The acrid smoke made everyone cough.

1607. tumult

a loud, confused noise

Example: The tumult of the crowd made it hard to concentrate on the speech.

1608. ensuing

happening right after something else

Example: The storm came, and the ensuing rain was heavy.

1609. covert

hidden or not openly shown

Example: The spy operated in a covert manner to avoid detection.

1610. solicit

to ask for something formally

Example: The charity aims to solicit donations to help those in need.

1611. cynic

a person who believes people are selfish

Example: Despite her cynic views, she often surprised others with her kindness.

1612. assent
to agree or express agreement
Example: The committee reached an assent after much discussion.

1613. clandestine
kept secret or hidden
Example: The group held clandestine meetings to discuss their plans.

1614. absolve
to officially say someone is not to blame for something
Example: The teacher absolved the student of any wrongdoing after finding the missing homework.

1615. stagnate
to stop developing or progressing
Example: Without new ideas, the project began to stagnate and lose interest.

1616. infernal
relating to hell or the underworld
Example: The infernal noises from the machine kept everyone awake.

1617. reinvigorate
to revive or refresh something
Example: The new strategy was designed to reinvigorate the company's sales.

1618. incidental
occurring as a minor consequence
Example: The incidental costs were overlooked in the budget.

1619. omniscient
knowing everything
Example: In the story, the wizard was omniscient.

1620. catalyst
something that makes things happen faster
Example: The new teacher was a catalyst for change in the school.

1621. unfathomable
impossible to understand fully
Example: The depths of the ocean remain unfathomable to scientists.

1622. hapless
unfortunate or unlucky person
Example: The hapless travellers found themselves stranded in a storm.

1623. insatiable
impossible to satisfy
Example: His insatiable curiosity drove him to explore every corner of the library.

1624. debacle
a sudden and complete failure
Example: The team's effort ended in a debacle, disappointing many fans.

1625. influx
arrival of many people or things
Example: The city saw an influx of tourists in summer.

1626. nuance
a subtle difference in meaning

Example: Understanding the nuance of her argument took time.

1627. drudgery
boring and hard work
Example: Cleaning the garage felt like drudgery.

1628. paradox
a statement that contradicts itself
Example: The idea that less can be more is a famous paradox.

1629. accentuate
make something stand out more
Example: The bright colours accentuate the painting's beauty.

1630. subtlety
the quality of being delicate or precise
Example: The painter's subtlety in using colours impressed the critics immensely.

1631. impassive
showing no emotion or reaction
Example: Despite the chaos around her, Jane remained impassive and composed.

1632. primal
from the earliest times
Example: Dinosaurs are from a primal age of Earth.

1633. candour
the quality of being open and honest
Example: Her candour about the project's challenges impressed the entire team.

1634. decadent
characterised by excessive indulgence
Example: The decadent feast was a display of rich and indulgent dishes.

1635. depraved
morally corrupt or wicked
Example: The novel portrayed a depraved character whose actions shocked the community.

1636. affront
an insult or offence to someone
Example: His rude remarks were seen as an affront to her dignity.

1637. dissuade
to convince someone not to do something
Example: The teacher tried to dissuade the students from skipping class.

1638. solemnity
the state of being serious or sincere
Example: The solemnity of the ceremony brought a sense of respect among the attendees.

1639. enumerate
to list one by one
Example: The teacher asked the students to enumerate their favourite books.

1640. cohesive
forming a united whole
Example: The cohesive team worked together to achieve their goals.

1641. perturb
to disturb or unsettle someone
Example: The unexpected news began to perturb the students during the exam.

1642. stoic
able to endure pain without showing feelings
Example: Despite the challenging weather, the stoic hikers continued their journey without complaint.

1643. infamy
fame for a bad quality or deed
Example: The criminal gained infamy for his audacious heists.

1644. zeal
great enthusiasm for a cause
Example: Her zeal for reading inspired others to join the book club.

1645. asunder
into separate parts or pieces
Example: The storm tore the old house asunder, leaving debris scattered everywhere.

1646. contemptuous
showing disdain or scorn
Example: Her contemptuous remarks about the project surprised everyone at the meeting.

1647. credentials
proof of skills or achievements
Example: She showed her credentials to get the job.

1648. introspective
examining one's own thoughts
Example: Maria wrote an introspective essay about her feelings during the trip.

1649. pertinent
important and related to the topic
Example: Her question was pertinent to the lesson.

1650. ardent
showing strong enthusiasm or passion
Example: She is an ardent fan of the band.

1651. coalition
a group working together for a goal
Example: The countries formed a coalition to protect the environment.

1652. complacent
self-satisfied and unaware of potential dangers
Example: Despite the warnings, Sarah remained complacent about her exam preparations.

1653. vex
to annoy or frustrate someone
Example: The loud noise from the construction site began to vex the residents nearby.

1654. repugnant
extremely distasteful or unacceptable
Example: The idea of cheating in the exam was repugnant to him.

1655. allege
say something is true without proof

Example: She alleged that the dog ate her homework.

1656. utterance
a spoken statement or remark
Example: During the debate, her utterance caught everyone's attention.

1657. alienate
to make someone feel isolated
Example: Her harsh words served to alienate her friends rather than bring them closer.

1658. dissipate
to scatter or disappear gradually
Example: The morning mist began to dissipate as the sun rose higher.

1659. furtive
secretive or stealthy in action
Example: The furtive movements of the cat made it hard to spot.

1660. tedium
the state of being bored or monotonous
Example: The tedium of the lecture made it hard to stay focused.

1661. perjury
the act of lying under oath
Example: The witness was charged with perjury after providing false testimony.

1662. orthodox
following traditional or accepted beliefs
Example: Her views on education are quite orthodox.

1663. impudent
showing disrespect or boldness
Example: The impudent child spoke back to his teacher without any fear.

1664. deride
to mock or scorn someone
Example: The bully would often deride his classmates, making them feel worthless.

1665. epoch
a significant period in history
Example: The Victorian epoch was marked by significant social changes.

1666. demean
to make someone feel less important
Example: Don't demean others by making fun of them.

1667. infatuate
to be inspired with an intense passion
Example: Despite their differences, she found herself infatuated with his charm.

1668. nefarious
wicked or criminal in nature
Example: The nefarious plot to steal the treasure was uncovered by the brave detectives.

1669. consolidate
make something stronger or more solid
Example: The team worked hard to consolidate their lead.

1670. curtail
to reduce or limit something
Example: The school decided to curtail the extracurricular activities due to budget cuts.

1671. poignant
emotionally moving or touching
Example: The film's poignant ending left the audience in tears.

1672. inconsequential
not important or significant
Example: Her comments during the meeting were inconsequential and did not influence the decision.

1673. putrefy
to rot or decay
Example: The apple began to putrefy after a week.

1674. charlatan
a fraud who pretends knowledge
Example: The charlatan deceived many with his false claims of miraculous cures.

1675. colloquial
used in ordinary speech, not formal
Example: In his colloquial style, the author engaged the readers with relatable language.

1676. contentious
likely to cause disagreement
Example: The contentious debate left the committee divided on the issue.

1677. satire
using humour to show something's flaws
Example: The cartoon used satire to mock silly laws.

1678. squalor
a state of extreme filth or misery
Example: The family lived in squalor, surrounded by dirt and despair.

1679. reproach
to express disapproval or disappointment
Example: The teacher reproached the student for missing the deadline.

1680. abhor
to strongly dislike or hate something or someone
Example: She abhors the taste of broccoli and refuses to eat it.

1681. infuse
to cause to be filled with something
Example: The teacher aimed to infuse a love of poetry in her students.

1682. rebuttal
a counterargument to a claim
Example: In the debate, Sarah prepared her rebuttal to challenge the opposing viewpoint.

1683. incandescent
shining brightly because of heat
Example: The incandescent light bulb glowed warmly.

1684. autonomous
self-governing or independent

Example: The autonomous drone flew on its own without human control.

1685. inadvertently
without intention or accidentally
Example: She inadvertently submitted the wrong assignment by mistake.

1686. altruistic
showing selfless concern for others
Example: Her altruistic nature led her to volunteer regularly at the local shelter.

1687. defame
to harm someone's reputation
Example: The journalist was sued for attempting to defame the politician.

1688. heedless
showing a lack of care or attention
Example: The heedless driver sped through the red light, oblivious to the danger.

1689. emanate
to come out or flow from
Example: The warmth of the sun seemed to emanate from the earth itself.

1690. auspicious
indicating a good chance of success
Example: The sunny weather made the day feel especially auspicious for their outdoor wedding.

1691. inquest
official investigation into a death
Example: The inquest was held to find out how he died.

1692. envisage
to imagine or visualise something
Example: She could easily envisage a future where everyone is happy.

1693. malignant
very harmful or evil
Example: The villain's plan was truly malignant.

1694. prodigious
remarkably great in extent or size
Example: The prodigious talent of the young musician amazed everyone at the concert.

1695. exalt
to raise in rank or praise highly
Example: The teacher sought to exalt the student's achievements during the ceremony.

1696. enamour
to inspire feelings of love
Example: Her grace and beauty seemed to enamour everyone at the gala.

1697. opulent
rich and luxurious in appearance
Example: The opulent mansion was filled with exquisite art and fine furniture.

1698. trepidation
a feeling of fear or anxiety
Example: As the thunderstorm approached, Emily felt a wave of trepidation wash over her.

1699. abhorrent
causing strong dislike or hatred
Example: The practices he described were truly abhorrent to the committee members.

1700. stipulate
set a condition or requirement
Example: The teacher stipulated that homework must be done.

1701. boon
a beneficial thing or blessing
Example: The new park has been a great boon to the community.

1702. apathy
lack of interest or enthusiasm
Example: Her apathy towards the project surprised her teachers.

1703. prodigal
wastefully extravagant or lavish
Example: The prodigal son returned home after many years of reckless spending.

1704. clement
mild and pleasant weather
Example: The clement weather allowed the picnic to continue without interruptions.

1705. peripheral
related to the outer limits or boundary
Example: The technician focused on the peripheral devices attached to the computer.

1706. aperture
an opening that allows light in
Example: The camera's aperture controls how much light enters the lens.

1707. delude
to deceive or mislead someone
Example: The con artist tried to delude the tourists into buying fake tickets.

1708. integral
essential or necessary part
Example: Mathematics provides integral tools for solving complex problems.

1709. cerebral
related to the brain or intellect
Example: The professor's cerebral approach to the problem impressed all the students.

1710. dour
serious and unfriendly in manner
Example: His dour expression made it clear he was not in the mood for laughter.

1711. connoisseur
a person who appreciates fine art or food
Example: The connoisseur savoured every note of the exquisite wine.

1712. disconcerting
making you feel worried or uneasy
Example: The strange noise was disconcerting.

1713. astute
having an ability to accurately assess situations

Example: Her astute observations during the meeting impressed everyone.

1714. condone

to accept or allow behaviour

Example: The teacher could not condone cheating during the exam.

1715. ingrate

a person who shows no gratitude

Example: Despite all her help, he remained an ingrate who never said thank you.

1716. flagrant

shockingly evident or obvious

Example: The athlete's flagrant disregard for the rules shocked everyone watching.

1717. curate

to select and organise items

Example: To create a captivating exhibition, the artist will curate the displayed works carefully.

1718. respite

a short period of rest

Example: After a long week of exams, she welcomed the respite of the weekend.

1719. contrived

deliberately created rather than naturally.

Example: The plot of the movie felt contrived and unrealistic.

1720. entreat

to earnestly request or beg

Example: She had to entreat her parents for permission to go to the party.

1721. polarity

the presence of opposite qualities

Example: The polarity between light and dark creates striking visuals in art.

1722. irresolute

unable to decide or make choices

Example: She was irresolute about which toy to buy.

1723. inherent

existing as a permanent attribute

Example: The inherent challenge of the puzzle intrigued everyone in the class.

1724. procure

to obtain something with effort

Example: In order to succeed, she had to procure the necessary resources for her project.

1725. waive

to give up a right or claim

Example: She decided to waive her right to a refund.

1726. flippant

lacking proper seriousness

Example: Her flippant remarks during the meeting annoyed the serious attendees.

1727. sundry

various or diverse items

Example: The shop sold sundry items, ranging from clothes to gadgets.

1728. mediocrity
the quality of being average or ordinary
Example: Despite his talents, he sometimes settled for mediocrity in his work.

1729. congenial
pleasant and suitable to one's tastes
Example: The congenial atmosphere at the party made everyone feel welcome.

1730. rhetoric
the art of effective speaking or writing
Example: The politician's rhetoric inspired many voters during the election.

1731. refute
to disprove or counter an argument
Example: The lawyer worked hard to refute the allegations against her client.

1732. forthright
direct and outspoken in manner
Example: Her forthright opinion on the matter surprised everyone in the meeting.

1733. inert
lacking the ability to move or act
Example: The inert object on the table showed no signs of movement.

1734. brevity
the quality of being brief
Example: The brevity of her speech impressed the audience significantly.

1735. inertia
the tendency to remain unchanged
Example: The inertia of the large vehicle made it difficult to stop quickly.

1736. imperative
extremely important; essential
Example: It is imperative that you complete your homework on time for the exam.

1737. ostentatious
designed to impress or attract notice
Example: Her ostentatious display of wealth drew both admiration and criticism.

1738. augment
to make something larger or greater
Example: The new policy aims to augment the resources available for students.

1739. prerequisite
something needed before something else
Example: Passing the test is a prerequisite for the class.

1740. arbitrary
based on random choice
Example: The rules seemed arbitrary and unfair to the students.

1741. antagonistic
showing active opposition or hostility
Example: The antagonistic remarks during the debate led to a heated argument.

1742. episodic
occurring in separate episodes

Example: The episodic nature of his storytelling kept the audience engaged.

1743. derisive
expressing contempt or ridicule
Example: The derisive comments from the crowd made her feel discouraged.

1744. negate
to make something ineffective or invalid
Example: The teacher decided to negate the incorrect answers on the test.

1745. provincial
related to a region outside the capital
Example: The provincial town was charming but lacked the excitement of the city.

1746. doctrine
a principle or belief held by a group
Example: The school's doctrine emphasised the importance of integrity and hard work.

1747. erroneous
containing errors or mistakes
Example: The teacher pointed out the erroneous answers in the student's test.

1748. guttural
a sound produced in the throat
Example: The guttural sounds of the animal echoed through the forest.

1749. deplore
to express strong disapproval of
Example: She began to deplore the lack of effort put into the project.

1750. dispassionate
not influenced by strong emotion
Example: The dispassionate judge made a fair ruling based on the evidence presented.

1751. insinuate
to suggest something indirectly
Example: During the discussion, she chose to insinuate her concerns rather than voice them outright.

1752. palpable
able to be touched or felt
Example: The tension in the room was so palpable that everyone fell silent.

1753. vindicate
to clear someone of blame
Example: The new evidence served to vindicate her claims of innocence.

1754. torrid
very hot or full of passion
Example: The desert was a torrid place at noon.

1755. inept
lacking skill or ability
Example: His inept handling of the situation made it worse.

1756. magnanimous
generous or forgiving, especially towards rivals
Example: The magnanimous leader forgave his opponents and promoted unity.

1757. estrange
make someone feel distant or apart
Example: The argument began to estrange the two friends.

1758. reprove
to express disapproval or criticism
Example: The teacher had to reprove the student for not paying attention in class.

1759. despondent
feeling hopeless or in low spirits
Example: After receiving the disappointing news, she felt despondent about her future.

1760. impetuous
acting quickly without thought or care
Example: Her impetuous decision to leave school surprised everyone.

1761. detractors
those who criticise or belittle others
Example: Despite facing numerous detractors, the artist continued to pursue her vision.

1762. obtuse
not sharp or quick to understand
Example: The obtuse questions on the exam baffled many students.

1763. insurgent
a person fighting against authority
Example: The insurgent group aimed to change the government through force.

1764. exponential
growing at an increasingly rapid rate
Example: The exponential growth of the plant surprised everyone.

1765. disparity
significant difference between two things
Example: The disparity in wealth between the two regions is striking.

1766. panache
flair or stylish elegance
Example: Her performance was filled with panache, captivating the entire audience.

1767. abate
to reduce in intensity or amount
Example: The storm began to abate, allowing the sun to shine through.

1768. subordinate
lower in rank or position
Example: In the meeting, she explained how the subordinate roles contribute to the team's success.

1769. finesse
skilful handling of a situation
Example: The artist showed great finesse in her brushwork, creating a masterpiece.

1770. degenerate
to decline in quality or state
Example: As the years passed, the once beautiful neighbourhood began to degenerate, with many houses falling into disrepair.

1771. reprieve

to delay or cancel a punishment
Example: The judge granted a reprieve to the convicted felon, allowing him more time to appeal.

1772. criterion
a standard for judging or deciding
Example: The criterion for success in this exam is clarity of thought.

1773. equity
fairness or treating everyone equally
Example: The teacher showed equity by giving everyone the same chance to speak.

1774. voluminous
large in size or quantity
Example: The library had voluminous shelves filled with books from all over the world.

1775. strident
loud and harsh sounding
Example: The strident voices of the children filled the playground with energy.

1776. placate
to calm someone down or appease
Example: The teacher tried to placate the students after the unexpected test announcement.

1777. entail
to involve or require something
Example: Building a treehouse will entail a lot of work.

1778. culminate
reach the highest or most important point
Example: The fireworks show will culminate the festival.

1779. rueful
feeling regret or sorrow
Example: Her rueful expression revealed the depth of her regret after the mistake.

1780. contrite
feeling remorse for a wrongdoing
Example: After realising her mistake, Maria was genuinely contrite and apologised.

1781. presumptuous
overly confident or bold
Example: Her presumptuous remarks during the meeting offended several colleagues.

1782. imperious
commanding or dominant in manner
Example: The imperious leader demanded unwavering loyalty from his followers.

1783. sanction
a penalty for disobeying a law
Example: The government imposed a sanction on the country for its actions.

1784. precedent
an example or rule for future cases
Example: The court's ruling set a crucial precedent for similar cases.

1785. zephyr
a gentle, mild breeze
Example: The zephyr swept through the trees, bringing a refreshing calmness.

1786. veritable
genuine or real; authentic
Example: The museum displayed a veritable collection of ancient artefacts.

1787. appraise
to judge the value or quality of something
Example: The teacher appraised the student's artwork.

1788. paragon
a model of excellence or perfection
Example: The athlete was regarded as a paragon of dedication and skill.

1789. sublime
of great beauty or excellence
Example: The view from the mountain was simply sublime, leaving everyone speechless.

1790. impervious
not allowing passage or movement through
Example: The raincoat is impervious to water, keeping me dry.

1791. epitome
a perfect example of something
Example: She is the epitome of kindness.

1792. rationale
the reasoning behind a decision
Example: The teacher explained the rationale for the new classroom rules to the students.

1793. scrupulous
showing great care and honesty
Example: The scrupulous student always checked her work for errors.

1794. incorrigible
unable to be corrected or reformed
Example: Despite numerous attempts to change his behaviour, James remained incorrigible.

1795. ineffectual
not producing desired effect
Example: Despite her efforts, the plan proved to be ineffectual in solving the issue.

1796. inopportune
occurring at an inconvenient time
Example: The fire alarm went off at an inopportune moment during the presentation.

1797. truncate
to shorten by cutting off
Example: The teacher had to truncate the lesson to fit the time available.

1798. derision
mockery or contemptuous laughter
Example: The students erupted in derision when the performer stumbled on stage.

1799. affiliate
to join or connect with a group
Example: She decided to affiliate with the science club.

1800. galvanise
to stimulate or excite action

Example: The teacher's speech served to galvanise the students into action.

1801. magnate
a wealthy and influential businessperson
Example: The magnate donated millions to support education initiatives across the country.

1802. exude
to give off or emit
Example: The flowers exude a sweet fragrance.

1803. brusque
abrupt or blunt in manner
Example: Her brusque response left everyone in the room surprised.

1804. allude
mention something without saying it directly
Example: She alluded to her birthday party plans.

1805. transient
lasting for a short time
Example: The transient nature of the clouds made the sky look ever-changing.

1806. irreverence
lack of respect for serious matters
Example: His irreverence during the ceremony shocked many attendees.

1807. oscillate
to move back and forth regularly
Example: The pendulum began to oscillate steadily, marking the passage of time.

1808. profane
showing disrespect for sacred things
Example: The profane remarks during the ceremony shocked everyone present.

1809. pedantic
excessively concerned with minor details
Example: Her pedantic approach to studying often confused her classmates.

1810. condescension
having a patronising attitude
Example: His condescension made it hard for others to feel valued.

1811. desecration
the act of disrespecting something sacred
Example: The desecration of the ancient temple angered the community deeply.

1812. ponderous
slow and clumsy due to weight
Example: The ponderous sculpture dominated the entire gallery space.

1813. oblique
not explicit or done in a direct way
Example: The teacher's oblique reference left the students confused.

1814. languish
to become weak or lose strength
Example: The plant began to languish without water.

1815. intercede
to intervene on behalf of someone
Example: She decided to intercede when the argument escalated.

1816. hiatus
a pause or break in activity
Example: The project faced a hiatus due to unforeseen circumstances.

1817. corroborate
to confirm or support evidence
Example: The witness was able to corroborate the suspect's alibi during the trial.

1818. guile
sly or cunning intelligence
Example: The detective admired her guile in solving the complex case.

1819. heresy
belief contrary to established doctrine
Example: The scholar's theories were considered heresy by the traditionalists.

1820. confer
to grant or bestow a title
Example: The committee decided to confer an award upon the student for excellence.

1821. mitigate
to make something less severe
Example: The doctor prescribed medication to mitigate the patient's pain.

1822. surmount
to overcome a difficulty or obstacle
Example: She was determined to surmount all challenges in her studies.

1823. insipid
lacking flavour or interest
Example: The insipid soup tasted like plain water with no seasonings.

1824. quagmire
a difficult or messy situation
Example: The project descended into a quagmire of conflicting opinions and delays.

1825. unpretentious
not attempting to impress others
Example: The artist's unpretentious style appealed to many viewers.

1826. philanthropy
helping others, especially by giving money
Example: Her philanthropy helped build a new school.

1827. correlation
a connection between two things
Example: There is a correlation between exercise and health.

1828. trite
not new or interesting
Example: The story was so trite, everyone got bored.

1829. autocrat
a leader with total control

Example: The autocrat made all the rules alone.

1830. epiphany
a sudden realisation or insight
Example: During the lecture, she experienced an epiphany about her future career.

1831. aesthetic
relating to beauty or art
Example: The gallery showcased an aesthetic blend of modern and classical art.

1832. manifest
clear or obvious to the mind
Example: The answer was manifest to everyone in the room.

1833. disparage
to speak of someone in a negative way
Example: It's unkind to disparage someone for their mistakes.

1834. unscrupulous
having no moral principles
Example: The unscrupulous businessman deceived his clients for profit.

1835. crass
insensitive or vulgar in behaviour
Example: The crass remarks during the meeting offended many attendees.

1836. profusion
a large quantity or abundance
Example: The garden was filled with a profusion of vibrant flowers, creating a stunning display.

1837. conferred
to grant or bestow a title or right
Example: The prize was conferred upon the student for her outstanding achievements.

1838. illusory
not real; based on illusion
Example: The illusory nature of the mirage tricked many travellers into thinking water was nearby.

1839. viable
capable of working successfully
Example: The team's proposal was innovative and viable for implementation.

1840. embroil
to involve someone in conflict
Example: The complicated situation began to embroil all the stakeholders involved.

1841. malign
to speak about someone in a harmful way
Example: She refused to malign her opponent, choosing instead to focus on her own strengths.

1842. superfluous
exceeding what is necessary
Example: The report contained superfluous details that made it confusing.

1843. impregnated
to make something soaked or filled
Example: The soil was impregnated with nutrients, promoting plant growth.

1844. punitive
intended to inflict punishment
Example: The school's punitive measures aimed to deter bad behaviour among students.

1845. inception
the beginning or start of something
Example: The inception of the project was marked by a big meeting.

1846. pervasive
spreading widely throughout an area
Example: The pervasive influence of technology is evident in every aspect of modern life.

1847. nominal
existing in name only
Example: The nominal value of the currency does not reflect its real worth.

1848. subjugate
bring people under control using force
Example: The invading army tried to subjugate the region by controlling its leaders.

1849. recant
to withdraw a statement or belief
Example: The scholar decided to recant his previous theory after new evidence emerged.

1850. ambivalence
having mixed feelings about something
Example: Her ambivalence towards the decision made it difficult to choose a side.

1851. divergent
tending to differ or separate
Example: The divergent paths in the forest led to different adventures for the explorers.

1852. winsome
charmingly attractive or pleasing
Example: The winsome smile of the child brought joy to everyone around.

1853. invoke
to use a law, right or power as support
Example: She invoked her right to remain silent.

1854. allusion
an indirect reference to something
Example: The author's allusion to classical mythology enhanced the story's depth.

1855. nuptial
related to marriage or weddings
Example: The couple exchanged nuptial vows during the ceremony.

1856. nonentity
a person or thing of little importance
Example: Despite her talent, she often felt like a nonentity in her crowded classroom.

1857. fastidious
very attentive to detail
Example: The fastidious artist spent hours perfecting his painting.

1858. thesis
an idea or theory to be proven

Example: Her thesis was about saving endangered animals.

1859. subservient

prepared to obey others unquestioningly

Example: The subservient assistant always put his boss's needs first.

1860. sanctity

the state of being sacred or holy

Example: The sanctity of the temple was respected by all visitors.

1861. agnostic

believing the existence of God is unknown

Example: She remained agnostic about the universe's mysteries, preferring to seek evidence.

1862. irreproachable

beyond criticism or blame

Example: Her work was so irreproachable that she earned the highest praise from her teacher.

1863. equitable

fair and treating everyone equally

Example: The teacher made an equitable decision for all students.

1864. debilitate

to weaken or impair strength

Example: The illness can debilitate even the strongest athletes.

1865. dexterous

skilful and agile in using hands

Example: The dexterous musician played the complex melody effortlessly.

1866. mettle

a person's ability to cope well

Example: Her mettle was tested during the challenging race.

1867. overt

open and observable; not concealed

Example: The team's overt discussions about strategy helped everyone understand their plans.

1868. burgeon

to grow or develop rapidly

Example: As spring approached, the garden began to burgeon with vibrant flowers.

1869. adulation

excessive admiration or praise

Example: The actor received loud adulation from the audience after the performance.

1870. angst

a feeling of deep anxiety or dread

Example: During the exam, she felt a deep angst about her performance.

1871. extol

to praise highly or celebrate

Example: The teacher would often extol her students' achievements during the school assembly.

1872. duplicity

deceitfulness in speech or conduct

Example: The politician's duplicity shocked many of his supporters.

1873. concerted
planned or done together
Example: The teams made a concerted effort to improve school performance.

1874. nullify
to make something invalid or ineffective
Example: The court's decision will nullify earlier agreements made between the parties.

1875. genteel
refined and respectable in manner
Example: The genteel atmosphere of the tea party made everyone feel at ease.

1876. perverse
stubbornly doing the opposite of what's expected
Example: He was being perverse by refusing to help.

1877. dissonance
lack of harmony or agreement
Example: The dissonance between their opinions created tension in the room.

1878. sanguine
optimistic or positive in outlook
Example: Despite the challenges ahead, Sarah remained sanguine about her future.

1879. implicitly
in a way that is understood without being stated
Example: The rules implicitly suggest that teamwork is essential for success.

1880. venerable
worthy of respect due to age
Example: The venerable professor was admired for his decades of knowledge and experience.

1881. erudite
having or showing great knowledge
Example: The erudite professor captivated his students with insightful lectures.

1882. juxtaposition
the act of placing things next to each other to compare or contrast
Example: The artist used juxtaposition to highlight the differences between light and dark.

1883. loquacious
talkative or chatty person
Example: The loquacious student kept the class engaged with her stories.

1884. semantics
the study of meaning in language
Example: Understanding semantics helps clarify complicated texts.

1885. cursory
hasty and therefore not detailed
Example: The teacher gave a cursory glance at the homework before class.

1886. ethereal
extremely delicate and light
Example: The ethereal beauty of the sunset left everyone in awe.

1887. tenuous
very weak or slight

Example: The argument he presented was tenuous and lacked solid evidence.

1888. extraneous

not essential or relevant

Example: The teacher warned us against including extraneous details in our essays.

1889. indiscriminate

not showing careful choice

Example: The indiscriminate use of pesticides harmed various wildlife.

1890. ubiquitous

present everywhere at the same time

Example: In today's world, smartphones are ubiquitous, found in almost every household.

1891. rescind

to cancel or revoke a decision

Example: The school decided to rescind the new policy after parent feedback.

1892. ratify

to formally approve or confirm

Example: The parliament will ratify the new treaty next week.

1893. advocacy

support or promotion of a cause

Example: Her advocacy helped raise money for the shelter.

1894. vilify

to speak ill of someone or something

Example: He tried to vilify her reputation with false accusations.

1895. apoplectic

extremely angry or furious

Example: She became apoplectic when she discovered the betrayal.

1896. censure

to express severe disapproval

Example: The committee decided to censure the member for their inappropriate remarks.

1897. extricate

to free someone from a difficult situation

Example: It took hours to extricate the car from the mud.

1898. ineptitude

lack of skill or ability

Example: Her ineptitude during the presentation led to several misunderstandings.

1899. expedite

to make a process happen faster

Example: The manager asked the team to expedite the project to meet the deadline.

1900. odious

extremely unpleasant or repulsive

Example: The odious behaviour of the bully made everyone uncomfortable.

1901. bereft

deprived of something lost or absent

Example: After the storm, the garden was left bereft of its flowers.

1902. discordant
in disagreement or conflict
Example: The discordant sounds of the arguments filled the room with tension.

1903. discriminating
able to make fine distinctions
Example: The discriminating viewer appreciated the subtle nuances in the artwork.

1904. accession
the act of reaching a high position or rank
Example: The prince's accession to the throne was celebrated by the whole kingdom.

1905. protract
to extend in time or duration
Example: The teacher decided to protract the exam to allow more time for students.

1906. innocuous
not harmful or offensive
Example: The innocuous comment he made was misunderstood by others.

1907. droll
unusual in a way that is amusing
Example: The droll comedian had everyone laughing during his performance.

1908. exonerate
to clear from blame or guilt
Example: The new evidence served to exonerate the wrongly accused man.

1909. vernacular
the language spoken by ordinary people
Example: The author's use of vernacular added authenticity to the characters' dialogue.

1910. clemency
mercy shown towards someone
Example: The judge granted clemency to the defendant due to extenuating circumstances.

1911. eclectic
derived from a variety of sources
Example: Her eclectic taste in music included everything from classical to hip-hop.

1912. scruple
a feeling of doubt or hesitation
Example: She had a scruple about telling the secret.

1913. stringent
strict and demanding rules
Example: The school has stringent policies to ensure student safety.

1914. dissertation
a long essay on a specific topic
Example: She wrote a dissertation about space travel.

1915. indict
to officially charge someone with a crime
Example: The judge decided to indict the suspect.

1916. precipitous
extremely steep or abrupt

Example: The climbers hesitated before tackling the precipitous ridge.

1917. inequity

lack of fairness or justice

Example: The community protested against the inequity in resource distribution.

1918. fanaticism

extreme enthusiasm for a cause

Example: Her fanaticism for the sport drove her to train daily.

1919. litigation

the process of taking legal action

Example: The company faced litigation due to unfair practices.

1920. juxtapose

to place side by side for comparison

Example: The artist chose to juxtapose vibrant colours with muted tones in her latest painting.

1921. recompense

to give money for loss or effort

Example: The company ensured to recompense the employee for their overtime work.

1922. garrulous

excessively talkative

Example: The garrulous parrot delighted everyone with its chatter.

1923. disinclination

a lack of willingness or desire

Example: Her disinclination to join the team surprised everyone.

1924. reprehensible

deserving of condemnation or criticism

Example: The teacher deemed his actions reprehensible and spoke to his parents.

1925. endowment

a gift of money or property

Example: The school received an endowment to build a new library.

1926. mercurial

subject to sudden changes in mood

Example: The mercurial nature of her personality often surprised her friends.

1927. miscreant

a person who behaves badly

Example: The miscreant was caught stealing candy.

1928. collude

to secretively work together for illegal purposes

Example: The two companies decided to collude to gain an unfair advantage over their competitors.

1929. usurp

to take power or control unlawfully

Example: The ambitious leader sought to usurp the throne from the rightful king.

1930. derivative

something based on another source

Example: The critic described the film as derivative because it copied ideas from older movies.

1931. subterfuge
deception used to achieve goals
Example: The spy relied on subterfuge to gather secret information.

1932. digression
a temporary departure from the main topic
Example: During the lecture, the professor's digression made the class realise the topic was broader than expected.

1933. flout
to openly disregard a rule
Example: She chose to flout the school rules by wearing casual clothes.

1934. hubris
excessive pride or self-confidence
Example: The hero's hubris ultimately led to his downfall.

1935. fracas
a noisy disturbance or quarrel
Example: The fracas between the two teams had everyone talking for days.

1936. disseminate
to spread or distribute information
Example: The teacher aimed to disseminate knowledge effectively during the lesson.

1937. elicit
to draw out a reaction or response
Example: The teacher asked a question to elicit answers from the class.

1938. rhapsody
a passionate expression of feelings
Example: Her performance was a rhapsody of joy that captivated the audience.

1939. resplendent
shining brilliantly; radiant
Example: The garden was resplendent with blooming flowers in every colour.

1940. jocular
characterised by joking and humour
Example: During the meeting, her jocular remarks lightened the atmosphere.

1941. rancour
bitterness or resentfulness
Example: Despite their past arguments, she felt no rancour towards him.

1942. semblance
the way something looks on the outside
Example: The cake had the semblance of a castle.

1943. contrition
sincere regret for wrongdoing
Example: His contrition was evident during the apology.

1944. decorum
proper behaviour or etiquette
Example: In formal settings, maintaining decorum is essential for respect.

1945. gentility
social superiority as a result of wealth

Example: Her gentility was evident in her poised demeanour at the gala.

1946. nebulous
not clear or distinct
Example: The plan was still nebulous, lacking specific details.

1947. proliferation
rapid increase in number or amount
Example: The proliferation of technology has changed our daily lives significantly.

1948. capricious
given to sudden changes in mood
Example: The capricious weather made planning the picnic difficult.

1949. sordid
involving bad or dishonest actions
Example: The newspaper exposed the sordid details of the scandal.

1950. reticent
not revealing one's thoughts easily
Example: Despite her wealth of knowledge, Maria remained reticent during the discussion.

1951. amorphous
having no clear shape or form
Example: The artist created an amorphous sculpture that intrigued the viewers.

1952. reactionary
opposing political or social change
Example: The reactionary views expressed during the debate surprised many attendees.

1953. tempestuous
characterised by strong and turbulent emotions
Example: The tempestuous relationship between the two characters added drama to the story.

1954. judicious
having good judgement or sense
Example: The judicious decision helped the team avoid major mistakes.

1955. officious
overly eager to help or interfere
Example: The officious manager insisted on overseeing every small task.

1956. idiosyncrasy
a peculiar or individual trait
Example: Her idiosyncrasy of talking to plants amused her friends.

1957. conciliatory
intended to appease or reconcile
Example: Her conciliatory tone helped to soothe the tense situation.

1958. exacerbate
to make a problem worse
Example: Running on a sprained ankle may exacerbate the injury.

1959. parity
being equal in amount or status
Example: The new law aims to ensure parity in pay for all workers.

1960. intractable
difficult to manage or control
Example: The intractable problem left the engineers searching for solutions.

1961. replete
completely filled or satisfied
Example: The banquet room was replete with delicious food, inviting all to indulge.

1962. diffident
lacking confidence in oneself
Example: Despite his intelligence, James remained diffident in class discussions.

1963. impel
to drive or force someone to act
Example: The teacher's enthusiasm was enough to impel her students to study harder.

1964. conducive
helpful in producing a result
Example: A quiet environment is conducive to studying effectively.

1965. contingent
depending on something else happening
Example: The picnic is contingent on sunny weather.

1966. dearth
a lack of something needed
Example: The dearth of food during the drought caused concern among the community.

1967. dogmatic
asserting opinions in an authoritative way
Example: The professor's dogmatic approach to teaching left no room for student debate.

1968. enmity
the state of being opposed or hostile
Example: The enmity between the rival schools was evident during the competition.

1969. belies
to contradict or show something false
Example: Her calm demeanour belies the anxiety she feels inside.

1970. onerous
involving a lot of effort and difficulty
Example: The onerous task of cleaning the entire school took all day.

1971. fortuitous
happening by chance or accident
Example: The fortuitous meeting led to an unexpected friendship.

1972. misnomer
an incorrect or unsuitable name
Example: Calling the large dog a 'toy breed' was a misnomer.

1973. misogynist
a person who dislikes women
Example: The author faced criticism for being a misogynist in his writings.

1974. homogeneous
of the same kind or nature

Example: The class was homogeneous, with every student sharing similar interests.

1975. levity

lightness of mood or demeanour

Example: Her levity during the serious discussion surprised everyone.

1976. culpable

deserving blame for a wrongdoing

Example: The judge declared the defendant culpable for the crime.

1977. mollify

to calm or soothe someone's anger

Example: The teacher tried to mollify the upset student with kind words.

1978. inane

lacking sense or meaning

Example: The inane comments from the audience led to a dull discussion.

1979. quintessential

representing the most perfect example

Example: The British countryside is the quintessential image of rural beauty.

1980. insidious

proceeding in a gradual harmful way

Example: The insidious plan slowly undermined their trust in each other.

1981. taciturn

reserved or uncommunicative in speech

Example: Despite his taciturn nature, he surprised everyone with his insights.

1982. hackneyed

lacking in originality or freshness

Example: The film was deemed hackneyed due to its predictable plot.

1983. disinterested

not influenced by personal interest

Example: The judge remained disinterested throughout the trial.

1984. antithesis

a direct contrast or opposition

Example: In the debate, Sarah argued that the antithesis of freedom is oppression.

1985. pragmatic

dealing with things sensibly and realistically

Example: The teacher took a pragmatic approach to solving classroom issues.

1986. substantiate

to provide evidence for a claim

Example: The scientist needed to substantiate her theory with solid data.

1987. indolent

disinclined to exertion or activity

Example: The indolent student rarely completed his homework on time.

1988. vociferous

making a loud, noisy outcry

Example: The vociferous crowd at the concert cheered for their favourite band.

1989. surreptitious
done secretly or stealthily
Example: The detective carried out a surreptitious investigation to uncover the truth.

1990. deference
respect and esteem for someone
Example: In a show of deference, she listened carefully to her elder's advice.

1991. credence
belief in or acceptance of something
Example: The scientist provided evidence to give credence to her theory.

1992. transcendent
going beyond ordinary limits
Example: The artist's transcendent vision captivated everyone in the gallery.

1993. ephemeral
lasting for a very short time
Example: The beauty of the sunset was ephemeral, fading quickly into night.

1994. spurious
not genuine or authentic
Example: The report contained spurious claims that misled the public.

1995. exhort
to strongly encourage or urge someone
Example: The teacher sought to exhort her students to strive for excellence in their studies.

1996. credulous
easily persuaded to believe
Example: The credulous audience believed every claim made by the speaker.

1997. duress
threats or pressure to force someone
Example: The suspect confessed under duress, fearing for his safety.

1998. revile
to criticise in an abusive manner
Example: The teacher did not hesitate to revile the student's careless mistakes.

1999. salient
most noticeable or important part
Example: The salient point of the story was clear.

2000. balk
to hesitate or unwillingly stop
Example: Despite knowing the answer, she chose to balk at speaking up in class.

2001. wanton
deliberate and unrestrained action
Example: The wanton destruction of the building left the town in shock.

2002. incisive
clear and direct in expression
Example: Her incisive comments in the debate left a lasting impact on the audience.

2003. antipathy
a strong feeling of dislike

Example: Her antipathy towards injustice motivated her to campaign for change.

2004. acrimonious

angry and bitter in tone

Example: The debate turned acrimonious, with both sides exchanging harsh words.

2005. vitriolic

harshly critical or sarcastic

Example: The vitriolic comments in the debate shocked everyone present.

2006. unrequited

not reciprocated or returned

Example: Her love for him remained unrequited, leaving her heartbroken.

2007. egalitarian

believing in equal rights for all

Example: The new policy aims to create an egalitarian society where everyone has the same opportunities.

2008. adherent

a person who supports a particular idea

Example: The adherent passionately explained the importance of the cause.

2009. misanthrope

a person who dislikes humanity

Example: Despite his wealth, the misanthrope chose to live in isolation, avoiding human contact.

2010. incontrovertible

not able to be denied or disputed

Example: The evidence presented was incontrovertible, leaving no room for doubt.

2011. vacuous

lacking intelligence or ideas

Example: Her vacuous remarks during the discussion proved she hadn’t listened.

2012. penchant

a strong liking for something

Example: Her penchant for classical music was evident in her extensive vinyl collection.

2013. obstreperous

noisy and difficult to control

Example: The obstreperous crowd made it hard for the speaker to be heard.

2014. ramification

a consequence or result of an action

Example: The team discussed the potential ramification of their decision on the budget.

2015. immutable

unchangeable or unalterable

Example: The laws of physics are considered immutable across the universe.

2016. incongruous

not in harmony or keeping with

Example: The bright pink sofa looked incongruous in the traditional living room.

2017. florid

extravagantly intricate or ornate

Example: The author's florid prose captivated the readers with its beauty.

2018. pomposity
exaggerated self-importance
Example: The director's pomposity made the cast feel uneasy during rehearsals.

2019. ardour
intense passion or enthusiasm
Example: Her ardour for reading inspired her classmates to explore literature.

2020. incumbent
currently holding a particular position
Example: The incumbent member of parliament faced a tough election challenge.

2021. redress
to set right or correct something
Example: To redress the balance, the teacher adjusted the grades fairly.

2022. baleful
harmful or threatening
Example: The baleful glare of the storm clouds warned us of impending danger.

2023. delineate
to describe or outline clearly
Example: The teacher asked us to delineate our project plans in detail.

2024. allay
to reduce fear or worry
Example: The teacher spoke softly to allay the students' concerns about the exam.

2025. apprise
to inform or make aware
Example: The teacher will apprise the students of the changes to the schedule.

2026. vicarious
experienced through another person
Example: She felt a vicarious thrill watching her friend win the race.

2027. diminution
a reduction in size or amount
Example: The diminution of the budget led to fewer resources for the project.

2028. pugnacious
eager to fight or argue
Example: The pugnacious debate quickly escalated into a shouting match.

2029. esoteric
intended for a small group only
Example: The professor's lecture on quantum mechanics was so esoteric that only a few students understood it.

2030. complicity
involvement in wrongdoing or crime
Example: The detective uncovered evidence of their complicity in the scandal.

2031. transgress
to violate a law or command
Example: If you transgress the rules, you may face consequences.

2032. ascetic
a person who practices severe self-discipline

Example: The ascetic lived alone in a simple hut, dedicating his life to contemplation.

2033. latent

existing but not yet developed

Example: The latent talent in Maria became evident during the school play.

2034. disparate

essentially different or distinct

Example: The disparate views on the topic led to a lively debate.

2035. diatribe

a forceful verbal attack

Example: The politician's diatribe against his opponent shocked the audience.

2036. bipartisan

supported by two political parties

Example: The bipartisan agreement helped to pass the new law effectively.

2037. austerity

severe restrictions on spending

Example: The government's austerity measures led to widespread protests among citizens.

2038. discretionary

based on individual judgement or choice

Example: The school allows discretionary funding for special projects.

2039. indefatigable

able to work without tiring

Example: The indefatigable student studied late into the night, determined to excel in her exams.

2040. moratorium

a temporary suspension of an activity

Example: The government declared a moratorium on new construction projects.

2041. tutelage

the act of teaching or guiding

Example: Under her tutelage, he learned quickly.

2042. echelon

a level or rank in an organisation

Example: The leaders of the company operated at a high echelon of responsibility.

2043. cathartic

providing emotional relief or purification

Example: Writing in her journal proved to be a cathartic experience for Mia.

2044. forestall

to prevent something by taking action first

Example: To forestall any problems, she prepared well in advance.

2045. remunerate

to pay someone for their work

Example: The company decided to remunerate employees for their hard work during the project.

2046. volition

the power to make choices

Example: She chose the book of her own volition.

2047. feckless
lacking determination or strength
Example: The feckless leader failed to inspire his team to succeed.

2048. untoward
unexpected and inappropriate
Example: The untoward incident caused a stir at the event.

2049. veracity
conformity to facts; accuracy
Example: The lawyer questioned the veracity of the witness's statement during the trial.

2050. expedient
suitable for achieving a particular end
Example: Using a calculator in the exam was seen as an expedient choice by many students.

2051. banal
lacking originality, dull
Example: The speaker's banal remarks failed to engage the audience.

2052. expunge
to erase or remove completely
Example: The school decided to expunge the students' records after the incident.

2053. vacillate
to waver between choices
Example: During the meeting, Sarah began to vacillate between two different plans.

2054. preclude
to prevent something from happening
Example: The heavy rain may preclude our outdoor plans for the day.

2055. indigent
lacking basic necessities of life
Example: The charity aims to assist the indigent families in the community.

2056. construe
to interpret or understand something
Example: Teachers encourage students to construe the text thoughtfully to grasp its deeper meaning.

2057. insular
uninterested in outside influences
Example: His insular views prevented him from embracing new ideas.

2058. sectarian
related to divisions among groups
Example: The sectarian conflict led to division within the community.

2059. bellicose
warlike or aggressive in nature
Example: The bellicose statements from the politician raised tensions internationally.

2060. tenet
a principle or belief held to be true
Example: The teacher explained that a key tenet of science is the importance of experimentation.

2061. propensity
a natural tendency to act a certain way

Example: She has a propensity to giggle when nervous.

2062. predilection

a preference or liking for something

Example: Her predilection for chocolate ice cream was evident in every dessert she chose.

2063. conflate

to combine two or more ideas, texts, or concepts into one

Example: She tended to conflate the two stories, making them seem like one.

2064. certitude

absolute certainty or conviction

Example: Her certitude in her decision impressed everyone around her.

2065. hedonist

one who seeks pleasure and happiness

Example: As a hedonist, Claire often prioritised her enjoyment above all else.

2066. aberrant

deviating from the norm

Example: The scientist noted the aberrant behaviour of the subjects in the experiment.

2067. panacea

a solution for all problems

Example: Many believe that technology is a panacea for societal issues.

2068. avowed

publicly declared or acknowledged

Example: Her avowed ambition to become a scientist inspired her classmates.

2069. contravene

to break a rule or law

Example: He contravened the school rules by cheating.

2070. facile

easy to achieve or understand

Example: Her facile explanations helped everyone grasp the concept quickly.

2071. assuage

to make an unpleasant feeling less intense

Example: To assuage her fears, the teacher spoke gently and reassuringly.

2072. intrinsic

belonging naturally; essential

Example: The intrinsic value of the artwork made it priceless to collectors.

2073. equanimity

calmness in difficult situations

Example: Despite the chaos around her, Sarah maintained her equanimity.

2074. ineffable

too great to be expressed in words

Example: The beauty of the sunset was ineffable, leaving the spectators in awe.

2075. precipitate

to cause something to happen suddenly

Example: The sudden change in weather can precipitate an unexpected storm.

2076. tractable
easily managed or controlled
Example: The teacher found the tractable student easy to guide in his studies.

2077. aphorism
a concise statement of a principle
Example: The aphorism 'Actions speak louder than words' is widely recognised.

2078. propriety
conformity to accepted standards
Example: The students were praised for their propriety during the formal event.

2079. onus
a responsibility or duty
Example: The onus of cleaning the room fell on Jake.

2080. efficacious
effective in producing a desired result
Example: The new medicine proved to be highly efficacious in treating the illness.

2081. effusion
the act of pouring out
Example: The artist's effusion of emotions was evident in her vibrant painting.

2082. callow
inexperienced and immature
Example: The callow young man struggled to navigate the complexities of adult life.

2083. efface
to erase or remove completely
Example: The artist wanted to efface any evidence of his earlier mistakes.

2084. disputatious
inclined to argue or debate
Example: Her disputatious nature often led to heated discussions in class.

2085. equivocal
ambiguous or uncertain in meaning
Example: The politician's equivocal statement left voters confused about his true intentions.

2086. euphonious
pleasing to the ear
Example: The euphonious melody filled the room with warmth and joy.

2087. impinge
to have an effect on something
Example: The new law may impinge on individual freedoms.

2088. laconic
using few words; brief in speech
Example: Her laconic response left everyone wanting more information.

2089. obfuscate
to make something unclear or confusing
Example: The politician tried to obfuscate the truth during the debate.

2090. querulous
complaining in a petulant manner

Example: The querulous student constantly asked for more work despite the challenges.

2091. pernicious

having a harmful effect that's subtle

Example: The pernicious influence of gossip can ruin friendships.

2092. askance

with suspicion or disapproval

Example: The teacher looked askance at the students' excuses for not completing their assignments.

2093. fallacious

based on a mistaken belief

Example: The fallacious argument did not convince the jury of his innocence.

2094. assiduous

showing great care and effort

Example: The assiduous student completed all his assignments on time.

2095. paradigm

a typical example or pattern

Example: The new project presented a paradigm that changed the industry.

2096. gratuitous

done without a good reason; uncalled for

Example: His gratuitous comments during the meeting were not appreciated by anyone.

2097. vapid

lacking flavour or interest

Example: The movie was so vapid that I regretted watching it.

2098. fatuous

silly and pointless

Example: The fatuous comments made during the meeting were met with silence.

2099. ascendancy

a position of power or influence

Example: The company's ascendancy in the market was impressive and well-earned.

2100. axiom

a statement accepted as true without proof

Example: In mathematics, an axiom serves as a starting point for further reasoning.

2101. sycophancy

excessive flattery for personal gain

Example: The politician's sycophancy towards the wealthy donors was evident.

2102. deprecate

to express disapproval of something

Example: Teachers often deprecate the use of mobile phones in class.

2103. tetchily

in an irritable or bad-tempered way

Example: "Leave me alone," he muttered tetchily when his sister kept interrupting his homework.

2104. quixotic

idealistic but impractical

Example: His quixotic plans for world peace often left his friends perplexed.

2105. irascible
easily angered or irritated
Example: The irascible teacher often reacted angrily to late assignments.

2106. acerbic
sharp and forthright in speech
Example: Her acerbic comments during the debate surprised everyone.

2107. recalcitrant
stubbornly resistant to authority
Example: The recalcitrant student refused to follow the teacher's instructions.

2108. engender
to cause or produce something
Example: The new policies aim to engender a spirit of cooperation among the teams.

2109. espouse
to support a cause or belief
Example: She decided to espouse environmental conservation as her life's mission.

2110. ebullient
energetically enthusiastic or lively
Example: The ebullient crowd cheered wildly as the team scored.

2111. sanctimonious
making a show of being morally superior
Example: Her sanctimonious remarks about others' failures were quite off-putting.

2112. supercilious
behaving or looking as if one is superior
Example: The supercilious student looked down on his classmates during the presentation.

2113. intransigent
unwilling to change one's mind
Example: The intransigent leader refused to consider any alternative proposals.

2114. truculent
eager to fight or argue
Example: The truculent debate quickly escalated into a heated argument.

2115. equivocate
to speak ambiguously to avoid commitment
Example: In debates, politicians often equivocate to protect their positions.

2116. doyen
the most respected person in a group
Example: As the doyen of the committee, she guided the discussions with expertise.

2117. tantamount
equivalent in value or meaning
Example: Her silence was tantamount to agreement on the proposal.

2118. obsequious
excessively eager to please others
Example: The obsequious servant catered to every whim of the demanding lord.

2119. alacrity
eager readiness or willingness

Example: The student approached the exam with alacrity, ready to tackle each question.

2120. stolid

calm and showing little emotion

Example: Despite the chaos around him, Jake remained stolid, unaffected by the turmoil.

2121. phlegmatic

calm and unemotional temperament

Example: Despite the chaos around him, John remained phlegmatic, calmly observing the situation.

2122. rapacious

having an insatiable appetite for something

Example: The rapacious businessman pursued every opportunity to increase his wealth.

2123. munificence

great generosity or lavishness

Example: The munificence of the donors ensured the charity could help many families in need.

2124. profligate

wasteful and reckless with resources

Example: The profligate spending of the government led to significant debt.

2125. evanescent

quickly fading or disappearing

Example: The evanescent beauty of the sunset captivated everyone on the beach.

2126. lassitude

a state of physical or mental exhaustion

Example: After studying late into the night, she felt overwhelming lassitude in the morning.

2127. impecunious

having little or no money

Example: Despite his impecunious background, he excelled in his studies.

2128. discursive

moving from topic to topic

Example: The teacher's discursive lecture made it hard to focus.

2129. obdurate

stubbornly refusing to change one's opinion

Example: Despite the evidence presented, the obdurate student remained unconvinced.

2130. chicanery

deception for financial gain

Example: The politician was accused of chicanery in his campaign finances.

2131. repudiate

to refuse to accept or support

Example: Despite the evidence, she chose to repudiate the allegations against her.

2132. sagacious

having keen mental discernment

Example: The sagacious detective solved the mystery with ease.

2133. felicitous

well chosen or suited

Example: Her felicitous choice of words impressed the audience greatly.

2134. perfidious
deceitful and untrustworthy
Example: The perfidious actions of the villain shocked everyone at the party.

2135. portentous
ominously significant or indicative
Example: The portentous clouds gathered ominously in the sky, warning us of the approaching storm.

2136. acquiescence
the acceptance of something without protest
Example: Her acquiescence to the plan surprised everyone in the room.

2137. parsimony
extreme reluctance to spend money
Example: His parsimony was evident when he refused to donate to charity.

2138. supplicate
to ask earnestly or humbly
Example: In her time of need, she chose to supplicate for help from the wise elder.

2139. complaisant
willing to please others
Example: The complaisant student always helped his classmates with their assignments.

2140. imbroglio
a confusing or complicated situation
Example: The committee's decision created an imbroglio that left everyone puzzled.

2141. proclivity
a natural inclination or tendency
Example: Her proclivity for reading made her a top student in literature.

2142. abstruse
difficult to understand
Example: The theories discussed were so abstruse that few could follow them.

2143. redolent
strongly reminiscent or suggestive of something
Example: The garden was redolent with the scent of blooming flowers.

2144. desultory
lacking a plan or purpose
Example: The teacher noted that the student's desultory approach to studying was affecting her grades.

2145. scurrilous
making scandalous accusations to harm reputation
Example: The scurrilous allegations in the article caused a public uproar.

2146. recondite
difficult to understand or obscure
Example: The professor's lecture was filled with recondite theories that puzzled the students.